AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Sylva, North Carolina List of Principal Officials June 30, 2024

Board of Commissioners

Mark Letson, Chairperson Todd Bryson Mark Jones John Smith Tom Stribling

County Manager

Finance Director

Kevin King Darlene Fox



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ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Jackson County Sylva, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Opioid Settlement Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, which represents 23%, 15% and 73%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Post-Employment Benefits' Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a

Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll, and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and County Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jackson County, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and the other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2024, on our consideration of Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina November 25, 2024



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

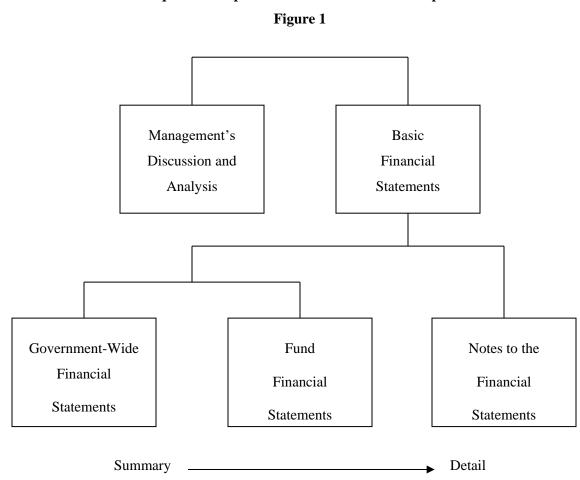
As management of Jackson County (the "County"), we offer readers of Jackson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Jackson County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County's governmental activities and business-type activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$101,930,398 and \$3,209,038, respectively.
- The government's total net position increased by \$13,517,051 of which \$13,392,213 was for an increase in governmental activities and \$124,838 was for an increase in business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Jackson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$76,280,871, a decrease of \$766,452 in comparison with the prior year. 51.03% (percent) of this total amount, or \$38,927,464, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance.)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$40,639,124, or 43.34% (percent), of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds for the fiscal year.
- Jackson County's governmental activities long-term debt (excluding compensated absences, lease liabilities, OPEB, and pension related liabilities) decreased by \$3,926,063 during the current fiscal year. This is due to the regularly scheduled debt service repayments in the fiscal year. Jackson County's business-type activities long-term debt (excluding compensated absences, lease liabilities, OPEB, and pension related liabilities) decreased by \$234,600 during the current year due to regularly scheduled debt service repayments in the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Jackson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Jackson County.



Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibit A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through M) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's nonmajor governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in that part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) businesstype activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. This includes the landfill services offered by Jackson County, the Green Energy Park, and the Economic Development Commission. The final category is the component units. The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority was created by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners on January 1, 2013, for the purpose of using occupancy tax funds collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all fifteen voting members of the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Authority and approves amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Airport Authority exists to operate, promote and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints two of the five voting members of the Jackson County Airport Authority, and also adopts the Airport Authority's budget and approves all budget amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board was created on May 1, 2014, for the purpose of operating two liquor stores in the County and for investigating violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's voting members.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Jackson County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Jackson County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Jackson County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budget ary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds. Jackson County has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Jackson County uses enterprise funds to account for its landfill operations, Green Energy Park, and the Economic Development Commission. These funds are the same as the separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Jackson County has two fiduciary funds, all of which are custodial funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start after Exhibit M of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Jackson County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found after the notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Jackson County's Net Position

Figure	2

		2024			2023	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:						
Current and						
other assets	\$ 90,056,577	\$ 2,236,148	\$ 92,292,725	\$ 89,745,286	\$ 2,316,744	\$ 92,062,030
Capital assets	119,581,679	4,085,236	123,666,915	107,469,900	4,263,332	111,733,232
Total assets	209,638,256	6,321,384	215,959,640	197,215,186	6,580,076	203,795,262
Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	19,131,097	518,602	19,649,699	19,424,527	533,478	19,958,005
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	13,899,965	157,862	14,057,827	12,500,369	378,778	12,879,147
Long-term liaibilities	97,986,953	3,023,224	101,010,177	99,540,791	3,169,573	102,710,364
Total liabilities	111,886,918	3,181,086	115,068,004	112,041,160	3,548,351	115,589,511
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	14,952,037	449,862	15,401,899	16,060,368	481,003	16,541,371
Net Position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	99,393,140	3,953,629	103,346,769	94,341,793	3,821,430	98,163,223
Restricted	12,606,654	-	12,606,654	11,052,214	-	11,052,214
Unrestricted	(10,069,396)	(744,591)	(10,813,987)	(16,855,822)	(737,230)	(17,593,052)
Total net position	\$ 101,930,398	\$ 3,209,038	\$ 105,139,436	\$ 88,538,185	\$ 3,084,200	\$ 91,622,385

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$105,139,436 as of June 30, 2024. The County's net position increased by \$13,517,051 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, of which \$13,392,213 was for an increase in governmental activities and \$124,838 was for an increase in business-type activities. One of the largest portions of net position reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Jackson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Jackson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Jackson County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$10,813,987 is unrestricted deficit, which is primarily due to unfunded OPEB obligations and net pension liabilities.

Particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position: continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 99.14 percent, constant with the statewide average of 99.20 percent for counties in the 25,000-49,999-population range; increased revenue in property taxes due to growth within the County.

Jackson County's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

		2024		2023			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 6,153,031	\$ 5,089,254	\$ 11,242,285	\$ 5,930,464	\$ 4,796,913	\$ 10,727,377	
Operating grants and							
contributions	10,187,392	3,397	10,190,789	21,212,679	8,587	21,221,266	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	49,400,647	-	49,400,647	47,638,839	-	47,638,839	
Local option sales tax	23,413,824	-	23,413,824	23,293,228	-	23,293,228	
Other taxes	509,824	110,998	620,822	243,963	116,256	360,219	
Other	-	-	-	-	303,018	303,018	
Investment earnings	3,474,395	63,442	3,537,837	1,808,812	42,577	1,851,389	
Total revenues	93,139,113	5,267,091	98,406,204	100,127,985	5,267,351	105,395,336	
Expenses:							
General government	15,349,341	-	15,349,341	12,362,578	-	12,362,578	
Public safety	24,257,349	-	24,257,349	24,595,620	-	24,595,620	
Transportation	1,003,514	-	1,003,514	919,525	-	919,525	
Enviornmental protection	525,732	-	525,732	286,404	-	286,404	
Economic and physical							
development	1,627,188	-	1,627,188	1,238,548	-	1,238,548	
Human services	16,282,714	-	16,282,714	15,260,816	-	15,260,816	
Culture and recreation	4,691,948	-	4,691,948	2,668,828	-	2,668,828	
Education	14,708,146	-	14,708,146	17,547,803	-	17,547,803	
Interest and other charges	1,004,568	-	1,004,568	1,085,396	-	1,085,396	
Landfill	-	5,171,613	5,171,613	-	4,593,480	4,593,480	
Green Energy Park	-	245,541	245,541	-	297,491	297,491	
Economic Development							
Commission		21,499	21,499		73,545	73,545	
Total expenses	79,450,500	5,438,653	84,889,153	75,965,518	4,964,516	80,930,034	
Change in net position							
before transfers	13,688,613	(171,562)	13,517,051	24,162,467	302,835	24,465,302	
Transfers	(296,400)	296,400		(275,000)	275,000		
Change in net position	13,392,213	124,838	13,517,051	23,887,467	577,835	24,465,302	
Net Position:							
Beginning of year, July 1	88,538,185	3,084,200	91,622,385	64,650,718	2,506,365	67,157,083	
End of year, June 30	\$ 101,930,398	\$ 3,209,038	\$ 105,139,436	\$ 88,538,185	\$ 3,084,200	\$ 91,622,385	

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$13,392,213. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Ad valorem tax increased by 3.25% due increased tax values for new construction. The tax rate remained at \$0.38.
- Other taxes (primarily sales tax) increased as the County's current economic conditions improve. Overall, the County realized a 4.52% (percent) increase for the year.
- Public safety increases include a 4% increase for fire departments and rescue squads.
- The increase in human service expenses is related increased foster care and Medicare Expansion expenses.
- The increase in the education expenses is related to increased salary expenses and various school construction projects.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities increased Jackson County's net position by \$124,838. The key element of this increase is as follows:

• The Landfill Fund ended the year with an addition to net position while the Green Energy Park Fund, and the Economic Development Fund ended the year also with an addition to net position. The Green Energy Park had subsidies from the General Fund.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Jackson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Jackson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Jackson County's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Jackson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$40,639,124, while total fund balance reached \$53,756,235. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to use all fund balance except for the amount restricted for stabilization by state statute, \$7,045,167. Fund balance available for appropriation of \$46,052,122 represents 49.11% (percent) of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 57.32% (percent) of that same amount.

At June 30, 2024, the governmental funds of Jackson County reported a combined fund balance of \$76,280,871 a decrease of \$766,452. The primary reason for this decrease in fund balance is the increased expenditures for capital projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain service. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$4,865,590, which is 6%.

Proprietary Funds. Jackson County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Net position of the Landfill, Green Energy Park, and Economic Development Commission funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,209,038. The total increase in net position for the funds was \$124,838. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Jackson County's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Jackson County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, totals \$123,666,915 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). These assets include buildings and improvements, land, machinery and equipment, vehicles, plant and distribution systems, right to use assets and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Purchased three Ford Escapes for Tax Administration and Real Property Revaluation.
- Purchased an AC Recovery Machine for the Garage.
- Purchased a Komatsu Excavator and a Trash Compaction Knuckle boom for Maintenance.
- Purchased two 2024 Ford F150 Trucks for Housekeeping.
- Purchased a Kawasaki 61" V Ride Mower, an electric spreader, a Power Turbine Blower, a 48" Snow Blower, a 52" Ferris Walk Behind Mower and a John Deere Gator for Grounds.
- Purchased eight Dodge Durango's, a Camera System, an Idemia Fingerprint Scanner, a Speed Alert Trailer, and a portable Drug Incinerator for the Sherriff's Office.
- Purchased seven Plum Patfinder Modems and four Kenwood Portable Radios for Emergency Management.
- Purchased a 2023 Ford Escape for Code Enforcement.
- Purchased a 2024 Ford Mobility Van for Transportation.
- Purchased a 2023 Ford Explorer for Planning.
- Purchased a 2023 Ford F150 for Cooperative Extension.
- Purchased an Inflatable Shelter Bundle for the Health Department.
- Purchased a 2024 Ford Escape, a PowerEdge server, a Children's Services Building and a Door Access System bundle for the Department of Social Services.
- Purchased a 2023 Ford F150 truck for Aging.
- Purchased three Ford F150 trucks, a Playground at Charley's Creek, an all-inclusive Playground at Webster Park, a pool lift and a Group Fitness Stereo System the Recreation Department.
- Purchased a 2024 Ford Explorer for the Economic Development Department.
- Addition of construction in progress on the Dillsboro Complex, Domestic Violence, Greenway, Indoor Pool Facility and School Improvement projects.

Jackson County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				2024			2023					
Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-Type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>		Total		
Land	\$	16,083,121	\$	146,368	\$	16,229,489	\$	16,083,121	\$	146,368	\$	16,229,489
Buildings and improvements		44,472,571		1,230,986		45,703,557		45,424,619		1,307,691		46,732,310
Machinery and equipment		2,893,154		2,592,880		5,486,034		2,250,797		2,627,371		4,878,168
Vehicles		2,566,761		102,958		2,669,719		2,162,434		94,837		2,257,271
Righ-to-use assets		342,470		12,044		354,514		527,446		87,065		614,511
Construction in progress	_	53,223,602				53,223,602		41,021,483				41,021,483
Capital assets, net	\$	119,581,679	\$	4,085,236	\$	123,666,915	\$	107,469,900	\$	4,263,332	\$	111,733,232

Figure 4

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2024, Jackson County had total debt outstanding of \$32,425,813, most of which is collateralized by capital assets. However, approximately \$7,133,331 of the debt is collateralized by capital assets held by the Jackson County Board of Education under capital lease agreements. Those assets are not included in the County's capital assets.

Jackson County's Outstanding Debt Installment Purchase Obligations

Figure 5

	2024					2023				
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
General obligation bonds Total installment purchases	\$	17,332,000	\$	-	\$ 17,332,000	\$	18,666,000	\$	-	\$ 18,666,000
from direct placements		14,976,513		117,300	15,093,813		17,568,576		351,900	17,920,476
Total outstanding debt	\$	32,308,513	\$	117,300	\$ 32,425,813	\$	36,234,576	\$	351,900	\$ 36,586,476

Jackson County's debt, shown above, decreased \$4,160,663 (23.22 percent) during the past fiscal year. The decrease is primarily due regularly scheduled debt service payments during the fiscal year.

The state of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries.

The legal debt margin for Jackson County is approximately \$958,323,000.

Additional information regarding Jackson County's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County:

- The County's unemployment rate is 4.1 percent, slightly higher than the state and national average of 3.7 percent.
- Retail vacancy rates increased by 5.40%. The average vacancy rate for the year was in the 61 percent range. The prior year rate was 55.6%. The County experienced an increase overall in room occupancy tax fees.
- Construction for new homes and businesses is increasing.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025

Governmental Activities. Property taxes and revenues for permits and fees are projected to increase. Adjustments have been made to programs that are currently in place. The Ad valorem tax rate will remain at \$0.38 per \$100. Sales tax revenues continue to increase.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase 8.45 percent to \$93,803,495. The largest increments are in the salary costs and increased operational expenses. The public schools, community college, and library expenses were increased.

Business-Type Activities. General operating expenses of the Solid Waste Fund will increase by 2.78 percent. Revenues from the sales of materials and volumes for tipping fees have increased slightly. An increase in sales of recycled materials is projected. Rates for landfill services remained the same. The Green Energy Park Fund operational budget will increase by 1.94 percent. The Economic Development Fund operational budget will increase by 4.88 percent due additional contracted services for property development.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Jackson County, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Pr	imary Governmen	Component Units			
A	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County ABC Board
Assets: Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 69,563,037	\$ 1,770,941	\$ 71,333,978	\$ 3,729,055	\$ 285,108	\$ 1,412,219
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	8,733,791	-	8,733,791	-	-	-
Taxes receivable, net	190,306	-	190,306	-	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	561,906	429,398	991,304	-	484	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-	292,892	-	-
Due from other governments	7,043,832	35,809	7,079,641	3,140	51,592	-
Notes receivable, net	658,946	-	658,946	-	-	-
Inventory and prepaids					25,877	773,872
Total current assets	86,751,818	2,236,148	88,987,966	4,025,087	363,061	2,186,091
Non-current assets:						
Accounts receivable, non-current	3,246,998	-	3,246,998	-	-	-
Net pension asset (RODSPF)	57,761		57,761			
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress	69,306,723	146,368	69,453,091	-	4,818,067	12,301
Depreciable capital assets,						
net of depreciation	49,932,486	3,926,824	53,859,310	8,133	425,436	695,720
Right-to-use assets,						
net of amortization	342,470	12,044	354,514			
Total capital assets	119,581,679	4,085,236	123,666,915	8,133	5,243,503	708,021
Total non-current assets	122,886,438	4,085,236	126,971,674	8,133	5,243,503	708,021
Total assets	209,638,256	6,321,384	215,959,640	4,033,220	5,606,564	2,894,112
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension deferrals	11,320,147	277,026	11,597,173	95,613	-	197,353
OPEB deferrals	7,810,950	241,576	8,052,526			
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,131,097	518,602	19,649,699	95,613		197,353
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	7,442,670	18,173	7,460,843	95,491	-	678,458
Advance from grantors	2,034,349	-	2,034,349	-	-	-
Accrued interest payable	-	579	579	-	-	-
Due to component unit	292,892	-	292,892	-	-	-
Compensated absences, current	513,032	7,503	520,535	-	-	-
General obligation bond, current	1,334,000	-	1,334,000	-	-	-
Lease liabilities, current	51,846	14,307	66,153	-	-	-
IT subscriptions, current	121,328	-	121,328	-	-	-
Installment purchases, current	2,109,848	117,300	2,227,148	-		36,578
Total current liabilities	13,899,965	157,862	14,057,827	95,491		715,036

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Pri	mary Governmen	t	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County ABC Board	
Non-current liabilities:							
Accrued landfill closure and		1 502 274	1 502 274				
post-closure care costs Net pension liability - LGERS	15,711,173	1,503,374 437,170	1,503,374 16,148,343	179,353	-	- 247,240	
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	3,271,693	437,170	3,271,693	1/9,555	-	247,240	
Total OPEB liability	48,434,683	1,060,170	49,494,853	-	-	-	
Compensated absences, non-current	1,539,094	22,510	1,561,604	-	-		
General Obligation bond, non-current	15,998,000		15,998,000	_	-	-	
Lease liabilities, non-current	46,343	-	46,343	-	-	-	
IT subscriptions, non-current	119,302	-	119,302	-	-	-	
Installment purchases, non-current	12,866,665	-	12,866,665	-	-	398,569	
Total non-current liabilities	97,986,953	3,023,224	101,010,177	179,353	-	645,809	
Total liabilities	111,886,918	3,181,086	115,068,004	274,844		1,360,845	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Prepaid taxes	84,333	-	84,333	-	-	-	
Pension deferrals	342,885	641	343,526	2,919	-	29,151	
OPEB deferrals	14,524,819	449,221	14,974,040				
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,952,037	449,862	15,401,899	2,919		29,151	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	99,393,140	3,953,629	103,346,769	8,133	5,243,503	272,874	
Restricted:							
Stabilization by state statute	9,112,911	-	9,112,911	296,032	-	-	
Tourism promotion	-	-	-	3,546,905	-	-	
Register of Deeds' pension plan	57,761	-	57,761	-	-	-	
Register of Deeds	29,602	-	29,602	-	-	-	
Education	141,856	-	141,856	-	-	-	
Public safety	2,441,320	-	2,441,320	-	-	-	
Economic and physical development	823,204	-	823,204	-	-	-	
Working capital	-	-	-	-	-	218,497	
Unrestricted	(10,069,396)	(744,591)	(10,813,987)	-	363,061	1,210,098	
Total net position	<u>\$ 101,930,398</u>	\$ 3,209,038	\$ 105,139,436	\$ 3,851,070	\$ 5,606,564	\$ 1,701,469	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Functions/ProgramsExpensesServicesContributionsContributioPrimary Government: Governmental activities: $$$ 15,349,341\$2,677,390\$35,110\$General government\$15,349,341\$2,677,390\$35,110\$Public safety24,257,3491,790,7622,032,616Transportation1,003,51445,249529,081Environmental protection525,732263,776120,400Economic and physical development1,627,18839,084686,239Human services16,282,714485,4386,693,946Cultural and recreation4,691,948851,33290,000Education14,708,146Interest on long-term debtTotal governmental activities79,450,5006,153,03110,187,392Business-type activities:Landfill5,171,6135,064,4242,377Green Energy Park245,54124,8301,020			Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:General government\$ $15,349,341$ \$ $2,677,390$ \$ $35,110$ Public safety $24,257,349$ $1,790,762$ $2,032,616$ Transportation $1,003,514$ $45,249$ $529,081$ Environmental protection $525,732$ $263,776$ $120,400$ Economic and physical development $1,627,188$ $39,084$ $686,239$ Human services $16,282,714$ $485,438$ $6,693,946$ Cultural and recreation $4,691,948$ $851,332$ $90,000$ Education $14,708,146$ Interest on long-term debt $1,004,568$ Total governmental activities: $79,450,500$ $6,153,031$ $10,187,392$ Business-type activities: $5,171,613$ $5,064,424$ $2,377$ Green Energy Park $245,541$ $24,830$ $1,020$	Functions/Programs	Expenses	0	Grants and	Capital Grants and Contributions			
General government \$ 15,349,341 \$ 2,677,390 \$ 35,110 \$ Public safety 24,257,349 1,790,762 2,032,616 Transportation 1,003,514 45,249 529,081 Environmental protection 525,732 263,776 120,400 Economic and physical development 1,627,188 39,084 686,239 Human services 16,282,714 485,438 6,693,946 Cultural and recreation 4,691,948 851,332 90,000 Education 14,708,146 - - Interest on long-term debt - - - Total governmental activities: - - - Landfill 5,171,613 5,064,424 2,377 Green Energy Park 245,541 24,830 1,020	Primary Government:							
Public safety $24,257,349$ $1,790,762$ $2,032,616$ Transportation $1,003,514$ $45,249$ $529,081$ Environmental protection $525,732$ $263,776$ $120,400$ Economic and physical development $1,627,188$ $39,084$ $686,239$ Human services $16,282,714$ $485,438$ $6,693,946$ Cultural and recreation $4,691,948$ $851,332$ $90,000$ Education $14,708,146$ Interest on long-term debt $1,004,568$ Total governmental activities: $79,450,500$ $6,153,031$ $10,187,392$ Business-type activities: $245,541$ $24,830$ $1,020$	Governmental activities:							
Transportation $1,003,514$ $45,249$ $529,081$ Environmental protection $525,732$ $263,776$ $120,400$ Economic and physical development $1,627,188$ $39,084$ $686,239$ Human services $16,282,714$ $485,438$ $6,693,946$ Cultural and recreation $4,691,948$ $851,332$ $90,000$ Education $14,708,146$ Interest on long-term debt $1,004,568$ Total governmental activities $79,450,500$ $6,153,031$ $10,187,392$ Business-type activities:Landfill $5,171,613$ $5,064,424$ $2,377$ Green Energy Park $245,541$ $24,830$ $1,020$	General government	\$ 15,349,341	\$ 2,677,390	\$ 35,110	\$ -			
Environmental protection 525,732 263,776 120,400 Economic and physical development 1,627,188 39,084 686,239 Human services 16,282,714 485,438 6,693,946 Cultural and recreation 4,691,948 851,332 90,000 Education 14,708,146 - - Interest on long-term debt 1,004,568 - - Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities: - - - Landfill 5,171,613 5,064,424 2,377 Green Energy Park 245,541 24,830 1,020	Public safety	24,257,349	1,790,762	2,032,616	-			
Economic and physical development 1,627,188 39,084 686,239 Human services 16,282,714 485,438 6,693,946 Cultural and recreation 4,691,948 851,332 90,000 Education 14,708,146 - - Interest on long-term debt 1,004,568 - - Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities:	Transportation	1,003,514	45,249	529,081	-			
Human services 16,282,714 485,438 6,693,946 Cultural and recreation 4,691,948 851,332 90,000 Education 14,708,146 - - Interest on long-term debt 1,004,568 - - Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities:	Environmental protection	525,732	263,776	120,400	-			
Cultural and recreation 4,691,948 851,332 90,000 Education 14,708,146 - - Interest on long-term debt 1,004,568 - - Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities: - - - Landfill 5,171,613 5,064,424 2,377 Green Energy Park 245,541 24,830 1,020	Economic and physical development	1,627,188	39,084	686,239	-			
Education 14,708,146 - - Interest on long-term debt 1,004,568 - - Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities: - - - Landfill 5,171,613 5,064,424 2,377 Green Energy Park 245,541 24,830 1,020	Human services	16,282,714	485,438	6,693,946	-			
Interest on long-term debt 1,004,568 - - Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities: 10,110,110,110,110,110,110,110,110,110,	Cultural and recreation	4,691,948	851,332	90,000	-			
Total governmental activities 79,450,500 6,153,031 10,187,392 Business-type activities: 10,187,392 10,187,392 Landfill 5,171,613 5,064,424 2,377 Green Energy Park 245,541 24,830 1,020	Education	14,708,146	-	-	-			
Business-type activities: Landfill Green Energy Park 245,541 248,30	Interest on long-term debt	1,004,568						
Landfill5,171,6135,064,4242,377Green Energy Park245,54124,8301,020	Total governmental activities	79,450,500	6,153,031	10,187,392				
Green Energy Park 245,541 24,830 1,020	Business-type activities:							
	Landfill	5,171,613	5,064,424	2,377	-			
21 400	Green Energy Park	245,541	24,830	1,020	-			
Economic Development Commission 21,499 -	Economic Development Commission	21,499						
Total business-type activities 5,438,653 5,089,254 3,397	Total business-type activities	5,438,653	5,089,254	3,397				
Total primary government § 84,889,153 § 11,242,285 § 10,190,789 §	Total primary government	\$ 84,889,153	\$ 11,242,285	\$ 10,190,789	<u>\$</u> -			
Component Units:	Component Units:							
Jackson County Tourism	Jackson County Tourism							
Development Authority \$ 2,439,040 \$ 1,053 \$ - \$	Development Authority	\$ 2,439,040	\$ 1,053	\$ -	\$ -			
Jackson County Airport Authority 183,536 94,841 89,712	Jackson County Airport Authority	183,536	94,841	89,712	-			
Jackson County ABC Board 7,633,958 7,585,251 -	Jackson County ABC Board	7,633,958	7,585,251					
\$ 10,256,534 \$ 7,681,145 \$ 89,712 \$	Total component units	\$ 10,256,534	\$ 7,681,145	\$ 89,712	\$ -			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position													
Primary Government													
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County ABC Board								
\$ (12,636,841)	\$ - \$	(12,636,841)											
(20,433,971)	-	(20,433,971)											
(429,184)	-	(429,184)											
(141,556)	-	(141,556)											
(901,865)	-	(901,865)											
(9,103,330)	-	(9,103,330)											
(3,750,616)	-	(3,750,616)											
(14,708,146)	-	(14,708,146)											
(1,004,568)	-	(1,004,568)											
(63,110,077)		(63,110,077)											
-	(104,812)	(104,812)											
-	(219,691)	(219,691)											
	(21,499)	(21,499)											
	(346,002)	(346,002)											
(63,110,077)	(346,002)	(63,456,079)											
			\$ (2,437,987)	\$ -	\$ -								
			-	1,017	-								
					(48,707)								
			(2,437,987)	1,017	(48,707)								
49,400,647	-	49,400,647	-	-	-								
23,413,824	-	23,413,824	-	-	-								
193,754	-	193,754	-	-	-								
-	-	-	2,486,088	-	-								
316,070	110,998	427,068	-	-	-								
3,474,395	63,442	3,537,837	186,227										
76,798,690	174,440	76,973,130	2,672,315	-	-								
(296,400)	296,400	-											
76,502,290	470,840	76,973,130	2,672,315										
13,392,213	124,838	13,517,051	234,328	1,017	(48,707)								
88,538,185	3,084,200	91,622,385	3,616,742	5,605,547	1,750,176								
	Governmental Activities \$ (12,636,841) (20,433,971) (429,184) (141,556) (901,865) (9,103,330) (3,750,616) (14,708,146) (1,004,568) (63,110,077) 	Primary GovernmentGovernmental ActivitiesBusiness-Type Activities\$ (12,636,841)\$ - \$ (20,433,971) $(20,433,971)$ $(429,184)$ $(141,556)$ $(901,865)$ $(901,865)$ $(9,103,330)$ $(3,750,616)$ $(1,004,568)$ $(1,004,568)$ $(63,110,077)$ $(21,499)$ $(63,110,077)$ $(346,002)$ $(63,110,077)$ $(346,002)$ $(63,110,077)$ $(346,002)$ $(63,110,077)$ $(346,002)$ $(7,798,690)$ $(7,798,690)$ $(76,502,290)$ $470,840$	Primary GovernmentGovernmental ActivitiesBusiness-Type ActivitiesTotal\$ (12,636,841)\$ - \$ (12,636,841) (20,433,971)- (20,433,971) (20,433,971) $(20,433,971)$ - (20,433,971) (429,184) $(429,184)$ - (429,184) (141,556) $(141,556)$ - (141,556) (901,865) $(901,865)$ - (901,865) (9,103,330) $(9,103,330)$ - (9,103,330) (3,750,616) $(14,708,146)$ - (14,708,146) (1,004,568) $(1,004,568)$ - (1,004,568) (63,110,077)-(104,812)(104,812)(104,812) (21,9691)-(21,9691) (219,691)-(21,499) (21,499)-(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(63,110,077)(346,002)(70,798,690)(70,78,130)(296,400)296,400(296,400)(296,400)(296,400) <t< td=""><td>$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td><td>$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td></t<>	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Major								
	(General Fund		Opioid Settlement Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund		Recreation Center Fund		County Capital Projects Fund
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,950,053	\$	-	\$ -	\$	277,397	\$	2,844,369
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		43,858		1,330,122	-		5,325,462		2,034,349
Taxes receivable, net		164,945		-	-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		8,344		3,673,395	-		- 7.000		1,255
Due from other governments Due from other funds		7,036,823		-	-		7,009		-
Notes receivable		- 658,946		-	-		-		-
Total assets	\$	60,862,969	\$	5,003,517	\$ -	\$	5,609,868	\$	4,879,973
10tal assets	<u>Ψ</u>			0,000,017	ф	<u> </u>	2,003,000		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,631,290	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,989,057	\$	464,981
Due to component unit		292,892		-	-		-		-
Due to other funds		1,933,570		-	-		-		-
Advance from grantors		-		-	-		-		2,034,349
Total liabilities		6,857,752		-			1,989,057		2,499,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Prepaid taxes		84,037							
Unavailable revenue				3,673,395	_				
Property taxes receivable		164,945			_		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		248,982		3,673,395			-		-
Fund Balances:		659.046							
Non-spendable - note receivable		658,946		-	-		-		-
Restricted:		7,045,167					7,009		1,255
Stabilization by state statute Register of Deeds		29,602		-	-		7,009		1,233
Education		29,002		_			_		
Public safety		_		1,330,122	_				
Economic and physical development		_		1,550,122	_		_		_
Recreation		-		-	-		5,325,462		-
Committed:							-,,		
Revaluation		45,178		-	-		-		-
Capital reserve		2,936,995		-	-		-		-
Conservation/preservation		2,195,516		-	-		-		-
Recreation		-		-	-		-		-
Education		-		-	-		-		-
General government		-		-	-		-		2,379,388
Assigned:									
Other post-employment benefits		205,707		-	-		-		-
Unassigned		40,639,124		-	-		(1,711,660)		-
Total fund balances		53,756,235		1,330,122			3,620,811		2,380,643
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	60,862,969	\$	5,003,517	\$ -	\$	5,609,868	\$	4,879,973

Exhibit C Page 2 of 3

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

, ,		Major								
	School		SCC Health Science			Parks	Other			
	Im	Improvements Fund		Building Fund		Project Fund	G	overnmental Funds		Total
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,479,326	\$	141,856	\$	1,721,840	\$	4,148,196	\$	69,563,037
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		-		-		-		8,733,791
Taxes receivable, net Accounts receivable, net		-		-		93,547		25,361		190,306 3,808,904
Due from other governments		-		-		95,547		32,363		7,043,832
Due from other funds		1,933,570		-		_		_		1,933,570
Notes receivable, net		-		-		-		-		658,946
Total assets	\$	9,412,896	\$	141,856	\$	1,815,387	\$	4,205,920	\$	91,932,386
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	325,517	\$	-	\$	868	\$	30,957	\$	7,442,670
Due to component unit		-		-		-		-		292,892
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		1,933,570
Advance from grantors		-		-		-		-		2,034,349
Total liabilities		325,517		-		868		30,957		11,703,481
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Prepaid taxes		-		-		-		296		84,333
Unavaiable receivable		-		-		-		-		3,673,395
Property taxes receivable		-		-		-		25,361		190,306
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		25,657		3,948,034
Fund Balances:										(50.04(
Non-spendable - note receivable Restricted:		-		-		-		-		658,946
Stabilization by state statute		1,933,570		-		93,547		32,363		9,112,911
Register of Deeds		-		-		-		-		29,602
Education		-		141,856		-		-		141,856
Public safety		-		-		-		1,111,198		2,441,320
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		823,204		823,204
Recreation		-		-		-		-		5,325,462
Committed:										
Revaluation		-		-		-		-		45,178
Capital reserve		-		-		-		-		2,936,995
Conservation/preservation		-		-		-		-		2,195,516
Recreation		-		-		1,720,972		2,182,541		3,903,513
Education		7,153,809		-		-		-		7,153,809
General government		-		-		-		-		2,379,388
Assigned: Other post-employment benefits										205,707
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		
Total fund balances		9,087,379		141,856		1,814,519		4,149,306		38,927,464
		7,007,579		141,030		1,014,319		4,149,300		76,280,871
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	\$	9,412,896	\$	141,856	\$	1,815,387	\$	4,205,920	\$	91,932,386
resources, and fund balances	Ψ	7,112,070	φ	1 11,050	Ψ	1,010,007	Ψ	1,203,720	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:		
Total fund balance for governmental funds	\$ 76,	,280,871
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	119,	,239,209
Right-to-use assets, net of accumulated amortization, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		342,470
Long-term liabilities, interest payable, and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(34,	,699,458)
Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds are used to offset accounts receivable not expected to be received within 90-days of year-end. These receivables are a component of net position in the Statement of Net Position.	3,	,863,701
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	11,	,320,147
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	7,	,810,950
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	(3,	,271,693)
Net pension liability - LGERS	(15,	,711,173)
Total OPEB liability	(48,	,434,683)
Net pension asset		57,761
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.	((342,885)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds.	(14,	,524,819)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	<u>\$ 101,</u>	,930,398



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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

						Major				
	_	General Fund	5	Opioid Settlement Fund		merican scue Plan Fund		Recreation Center Fund		County Capital Projects Fund
Revenues:	÷		.		<u>_</u>				<i>•</i>	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	47,328,037	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other taxes		23,923,648		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted intergovernmental		902,417		-		-		-		-
Restricted intergovernmental		8,751,934		897,651		600,000		-		174,500
Other restricted revenues		8,336,734		-		-		-		-
Permits and fees		2,822,538		-		-		-		-
Sales and services		1,189,838		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		2,366,204		8,528		-		549,129		233,616
Miscellaneous		424,214		-		-		-		- 400.116
Total revenues		96,045,564		906,179		600,000		549,129		408,116
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		17,198,217		-		-		-		700,985
Public safety		23,240,925		-		-		-		-
Transportation		1,164,899		-		-		-		-
Environmental protection		341,675		-		-		-		-
Economic and physical development		1,331,327		-		-		-		-
Human services		18,824,072		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation Intergovernmental:		4,953,438		-		-		10,824,715		-
Education		13,878,796		-		-		-		-
Debt service:		-))								
Principal retirement		4,107,107		-		-		-		-
Interest and other charges		1,004,568		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		86,045,024		-		-		10,824,715		700,985
Revenues over (under) expenditures		10,000,540		906,179		600,000		(10,275,586)		(292,869)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers from other funds		1,400,038		-		-		-		400,000
Transfers to other funds		(7,732,315)		-		(600,000)		-		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		93,830				-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,238,447)				(600,000)	_		_	400,000
Net change in fund balances		3,762,093		906,179		-		(10,275,586)		107,131
Fund Balances:										
Beginning of year, July 1		49,994,142		423,943		-		13,896,397		2,273,512
End of year, June 30	\$	53,756,235	\$	1,330,122	\$	-	\$	3,620,811	\$	2,380,643

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Major					Nonmajor					
D	Im	School provements Fund		SCC Health Science Building Fund		Parks Project Fund	Go	Other wernmental Funds		Total		
Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,112,433	\$	49,440,470		
Other taxes	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,112,133	Ψ	23,923,648		
Unrestricted intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		902,417		
Restricted intergovernmental		-		-		90,000		363,903		10,877,988		
Other restricted revenues		-		-		-		-		8,336,734		
Permits and fees		-		-		-		-		2,822,538		
Sales and services		-		-		-		834		1,190,672		
Investment earnings		177,881		-		92,038		46,999		3,474,395		
Miscellaneous		-				_		-		424,214		
Total revenues		177,881				182,038		2,524,169		101,393,076		
Expenditures:												
Current:										17 800 202		
General government Public safety		-		-		-		- 2,774,579		17,899,202 26,015,504		
Transportation		-		-		-		2,774,379		1,164,899		
Environmental protection		_		_		_		_		341,675		
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		329,130		1,660,457		
Human services		-		-		-		-		18,824,072		
Culture and recreation		-		-		149,898		303,277		16,231,328		
Intergovernmental:						-)		,		-) -)		
Education		829,350		-		-		-		14,708,146		
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		4,107,107		
Interest and other charges				_				-		1,004,568		
Total expenditures		829,350		-		149,898		3,406,986		101,956,958		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(651,469)		-		32,140		(882,817)		(563,882)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers from other funds		4,501,207		-		-		2,534,708		8,835,953		
Transfers to other funds		(800,038)		-		-		-		(9,132,353)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		_						-		93,830		
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,701,169		-				2,534,708		(202,570)		
Net change in fund balances		3,049,700		-		32,140		1,651,891		(766,452)		
Fund Balances:												
Beginning of year, July 1		6,037,679		141,856		1,782,379		2,497,415		77,047,323		
End of year, June 30	\$	9,087,379	\$	141,856	\$	1,814,519	\$	4,149,306	\$	76,280,871		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ (766,452)
Exhibit D reports revenues using a current financial resources basis, which generally means revenue is recognized when collected, or is expected to be collected, within 90-days of year-end. Exhibit B reports revenues when the earning process is	
complete, regardless of when it is collected. This measurement difference causes timing of revenue recognition differences for the following revenue types:	
Property taxes, grant receivables and business licenses	(754,467)
Pension expense	(1,967,235)
Amortization expense for right to use assets	(184,976)
Expenses related to compensated absences, OPEB, and Law Enforcement Officers' Separation Allowance that do not require current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.	661,481
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds statement.	
However, in the Statement of Activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.	15,255,158
Loss on capital asset disposed of during the year, not recognized on modified accrual basis	(105,917)
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds statement.	(2,852,486)
Principal repayments are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	
statement. However, in the Statement of Activities, these transactions are not an expense, rather they are a decrease in liabilities.	4,107,107
Changes in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	<u>\$ 13,392,213</u>



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GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Over/Under
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	46,719,538	\$ 47,524,536	\$ 47,328,037	\$	(196,499)
Other taxes		25,734,868	25,672,193	23,923,648		(1,748,545)
Unrestricted intergovernmental		748,072	893,138	902,417		9,279
Restricted intergovernmental		9,108,605	9,930,557	8,751,934		(1,178,623)
Other restricted revenues		52,850	991,859	265,310		(726,549)
Permits and fees		3,041,310	3,616,720	2,822,538		(794,182)
Sales and services		1,302,800	1,411,141	1,189,838		(221,303)
Investment earnings		750,000	2,126,007	2,155,361		29,354
Miscellaneous	_	548,385	 705,867	 424,214		(281,653)
Total revenues		88,006,428	 92,872,018	 87,763,297		(5,108,721)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		14,425,759	15,865,854	14,778,183		1,087,671
Public safety		22,166,775	23,694,444	21,135,222		2,559,222
Transportation		1,138,990	1,144,704	1,013,082		131,622
Environmental protection		99,656	99,656	96,070		3,586
Economic and physical development		1,112,815	1,328,284	1,166,256		162,028
Human services		17,726,175	19,077,195	16,342,773		2,734,422
Culture and recreation		4,425,462	5,041,222	4,645,602		395,620
Intergovernmental:						
Education		13,843,920	13,879,196	13,878,796		400
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		3,926,063	4,107,107	4,107,107		-
Interest and other charges		1,004,567	1,004,568	1,004,568		-
Contingency		1,515,658	 2,132,615	 -		2,132,615
Total expenditures		81,385,840	 87,374,845	 78,167,659		9,207,186
Revenues over (under) expenditures		6,620,588	 5,497,173	 9,595,638		4,098,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers to other funds		(10,630,747)	(10,257,333)	(9,582,815)		674,518
Transfers from other funds		800,037	1,400,038	1,400,038		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		100,000	100,000	93,830		(6,170)
Appropriated fund balance		3,110,122	3,260,122	-		(3,260,122)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(6,620,588)	 (5,497,173)	 (8,088,947)		(2,591,774)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 	1,506,691	\$	1,506,691
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1				 41,824,427		
End of year, June 30				\$ 43,331,118		

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/Under
A legally budgeted Revaluation Fund is				
consolidated into the General Fund for				
reporting purposes:				
Expenditures			\$ (591,639)	
Transfers from the General Fund			350,500	
Net change in fund balance			(241,139)	
Beginning fund balance			286,317	
Ending fund balance			45,178	
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund				
is consolidated into the General Fund for				
reporting purposes:				
Revenues			121,832	
Transfers from the General Fund			1,000,000	
Net change in fund balance			1,121,832	
Beginning fund balance			1,815,163	
Ending fund balance			2,936,995	
A legally budgeted Conservation/Preservation				
Fund is consolidated into the General Fund				
for reporting purposes:				
Revenue			89,011	
Expenditures			(245,605)	
Transfers from the General Fund			500,000	
Net change in fund balance			343,406	
Beginning fund balance			1,852,110	
Ending fund balance			2,195,516	
A legally budgeted Health Insurance Fund				
is consolidated into the General Fund for				
for reporting purposes:				
Revenues			8,071,424	
Expenditures			(7,040,121)	
Net change in fund balance			1,031,303	
Beginning fund balance			4,216,125	
Ending fund balance			5,247,428	
Ending fund balance - Combined General Fund			\$ 53,756,235	

ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	riginal udget	Final Budget	Actual	ariance er/Under
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,528	\$ 8,528
Restricted intergovernmental	 _	 -	 897,651	 897,651
Total revenues	 -	 _	 906,179	 906,179
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$ _	906,179	\$ 906,179
Fund Balance:				
Beginning balance, July 1			 423,943	
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 1,330,122	

ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND -AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/Under
Revenues:				
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ -
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers to General Fund	 (600,000)	 (600,000)	 (600,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$ 	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund Balance:				
Beginning balance, July 1			 	
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Major	Nonmajor		
	Other Landfill Enterprise Fund Funds		Total	
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 195,815	\$ 1,575,126	\$ 1,770,941	
Accounts receivable, net	424,915	4,483	429,398	
Due from other governments	35,809		35,809	
Total current assets	656,539	1,579,609	2,236,148	
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	146,368	-	146,368	
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	3,332,003	594,821	3,926,824	
Right-to-use leased assets, net of amortization	12,044		12,044	
Total capital assets	3,490,415	594,821	4,085,236	
Total assets	4,146,954	2,174,430	6,321,384	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Pension deferrals	190,379	86,647	277,026	
OPEB deferrals	161,050	80,526	241,576	
Total deferred outflows of resources	351,429	167,173	518,602	
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	4,570	13,603	18,173	
Accrued interest payable	579	-	579	
Compensated absences, current	4,456	3,047	7,503	
Lease liabilities, current	14,307	-	14,307	
Installment purchases, current	117,300		117,300	
Total current liabilities	141,212	16,650	157,862	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Major	Nonmajor	
	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Liabilities (continued):			
Non-current liabilities:			
Compensated absences, non-current	13,368	9,142	22,510
Net pension liability - LGERS	298,335	138,835	437,170
Total OPEB liability	768,652	291,518	1,060,170
Accrued landfill closure and			
post-closure care costs	1,503,374	-	1,503,374
Total non-current liabilities	2,583,729	439,495	3,023,224
Total liabilities	2,724,941	456,145	3,181,086
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension deferrals	425	216	641
OPEB deferrals	299,481	149,740	449,221
Total deferred inflows of resources	299,906	149,956	449,862
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	3,358,808	594,821	3,953,629
Unrestricted	(1,885,272)	1,140,681	(744,591)
Total net position	\$ 1,473,536	\$ 1,735,502	\$ 3,209,038

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	<u>Major</u> Landfill Fund		<u>Nonmajor</u> Other Enterprise Funds		Total	
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	5,064,424	\$	24,830	\$	5,089,254
Operating Expenses:						
Landfill operations, closure and post-closure						
post-closure care costs		4,915,014		-		4,915,014
Park operations		-		243,598		243,598
Economic development operations		-		4,207		4,207
Depreciation and amortization		250,806		19,235		270,041
Total operating expenses	<u> </u>	5,165,820		267,040		5,432,860
Operating income (loss)		(101,396)		(242,210)		(343,606)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Interest and investment revenues		22,383		41,059		63,442
Donations		-		1,020		1,020
Scrap tire tax		82,900		-		82,900
White goods tax		25,165		-		25,165
Electronics tax		1,613		-		1,613
Scrap tire grant		1,320		-		1,320
Miscellaneous revenue		2,377		-		2,377
Interest expense		(5,793)		-		(5,793)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		129,965		42,079		172,044
Income (loss) before transfers		28,569		(200,131)		(171,562)
Transfers:						
Transfers from other funds				296,400		296,400
Change in net position		28,569		96,269		124,838
Net Position:						
Beginning of year, July 1		1,444,967		1,639,233		3,084,200
End of year, June 30	\$	1,473,536	\$	1,735,502	\$	3,209,038

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 Major	Ι	Nonmajor	
	 Landfill Fund	F	Other Enterprise Funds	 Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,147,034	\$	23,573	\$ 5,170,607
Cash paid for goods and services	(4,447,059)		(94,877)	(4,541,936)
Cash paid to employees for services	 (549,677)		(144,441)	 (694,118)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 150,298		(215,745)	 (65,447)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Grants and donations	-		9,155	9,155
Transfers from other funds	 		296,400	 296,400
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	 		305,555	 305,555
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets	(52,875)		(39,070)	(91,945)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(310,295)		-	(310,295)
Interest paid on long-term debt	 (5,793)		-	 (5,793)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and				
related financing activities	 (368,963)		(39,070)	 (408,033)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Interest earned on investments	 22,383		32,924	 55,307
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(196,282)		83,664	(112,618)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Beginning of year, July 1	 392,097		1,491,462	 1,883,559
End of year, June 30	\$ 195,815	\$	1,575,126	\$ 1,770,941

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Major	Nonmajor		
		Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net					
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(101,396) \$	5 (242,210) \$	(343,606)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		250,806	19,235	270,041	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Change in deferred outflow - OPEB		45,290	22,645	67,935	
Change in deferred inflow - OPEB		(20,491)	(10,246)	(30,737)	
Change in other post-employment benefits		(47,605)	(23,802)	(71,407)	
Change in deferred outflow - pensions		(35,373)	(17,686)	(53,059)	
Change in deferred inflow - pensions		(269)	(135)	(404)	
Change in pensions		75,872	37,936	113,808	
Change in accounts receivable		(37,629)	(1,257)	(38,886)	
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		51,765	(942)	50,823	
Change in compensated absences		(2,226)	717	(1,509)	
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs		(28,446)	<u> </u>	(28,446)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u></u>	150,298 \$	<u>6 (215,745)</u> <u>\$</u>	(65,447)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivables for other governments, net Total assets	\$ 273,101 <u>13,316</u> <u>286,417</u>
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	17,287
Net Position: Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 269,130</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Additions:	
Ad valorem taxes for other governments	\$ 509,072
Collections on behalf of inmates	210,210
Total additions	719,282
Deductions: Tax distributions to other governments Payments on behalf of inmates Total deductions	509,072 <u>163,643</u> 672,715
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	46,567
Net position, beginning	222,563
Net position, ending	\$ 269,130

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Jackson County (the "County") and its component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina (the "state") under North Carolina General Statute ("state law") 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the County's combined financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a four-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Jackson County Tourism Development Authority

The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority (the "JCTDA") was established by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners, with the authorization of the North Carolina General Legislature under Session Law 2011-170 (most recently amended by North Carolina Session Law 2012-100), for the purpose of using occupancy taxes collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The JCTDA is composed of nine voting members and four ex-officio members, all who serve without compensation and are appointed by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners. Members are appointed to complete three-year terms. The JCTDA may contract with any person, firm or organization to advise and assist in carrying out its duty to promote travel and tourism within the County. Complete financial statements for the JCTDA may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority Finance Officer, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Jackson County Airport Authority

The Jackson County Airport Authority (the "Airport") exists to operate, promote, and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Airport created its own Board. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

two of the five voting members of the Airport and appoints members to complete unexpired terms. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Airport and approves amendments to the approved budget. Complete financial statements for the Jackson County Airport Authority may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Airport Authority Finance Officer, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") was established to operate two liquor stores and to investigate violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws in the County. The first retail sales were made on May 1, 2014. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints three of the five members of the ABC Board. The ABC Board is required by state law to distribute 60% of its net profits to the General Fund of the County, which represents a financial benefit to the County. The remaining 40% of the ABC Board's net profits is required by state law to be distributed to the General Fund of the Town of Sylva. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board General Manager, 30 E. Sylva Shopping Center, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the Revaluation Fund, Capital Reserve Fund, Conservation/Preservation Fund, and Health Insurance Fund. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54 guidance, these funds are consolidated in the General Fund.

Recreation Center Fund. This fund is used for the capital related needs for the recreation department. These funds are restricted for recreational expenditures.

County Capital Projects Fund. This fund is used for the capital related needs for the general government departments. These funds are restricted for general government expenditures.

Opioid Settlement Fund. This fund is used to account for settlement proceeds that are restricted for use for a particular purpose. This fund tracks the activities of that funding which will occur at least over 18 years.

American Rescue Plan Fund. This fund is used for the restricted funds related to federal funding provided through the ARP. These funds are restricted for public safety expenditures.

School Improvements Fund. This fund is used for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of state grants, installment grants, and local matching funds. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the School Capital Reserve Fund. In accordance with GASB No. 54 guidance, this fund has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.

SCC Health Science Building Fund. This fund is used for the construction of health science building at Southwestern Community College ("SCC"). The project is funds from proceeds from state grants, loan, and bond proceeds. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the SCC Health Science Building Fund.

Parks Project Fund. This fund is used for the construction of new recreational park facilities and park equipment. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the Parks Project Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Landfill Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds: the Municipal Tax Fund, which accounts for ad valorem and vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County but that are not revenues to the County, and the Jail Inmate Pay Fund, which holds cash deposits made to inmates as payment for work performed while incarcerated as well as cash collections for the benefit of inmates from their friends and families.

Nonmajor Funds. The County maintains 11 legally budgeted nonmajor funds. The Emergency Telephone System Fund, Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund, Fire Service Districts Fund, Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund, Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund, Economic Development Fund, and the Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as nonmajor special revenue funds. The Dillsboro Complex Project Fund, and the Greenways Project Fund are reported as nonmajor capital projects funds. The Green Energy Park Fund and the Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as nonmajor capital projects funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The governmentwide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues and expenses of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases and IT subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property taxes other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicle taxes in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General Fund, special revenue funds (excluding funds with multi-year budgets), and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the capital project funds and for certain special revenue fund types.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for the General Fund, at the departmental level for the special revenue and enterprise funds, and at the object level for the capital project funds. The County Manager and/or Finance Director are authorized to transfer appropriations within the following: the Finance Director may transfer amounts between line item expenditures within departmental limitation and without a report being required; the County Manager may transfer amounts between departments including contingency appropriations, within the same fund, but he

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

must make an official report on such transfers at the following regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners; the funding for approved reclassifications may be transferred from the budgeted reserve with the approval of the County Manager. No revenues may be increased, or no funds may be transferred between funds unless formal action is taken by the Board of Commissioners. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and the component units are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the component units may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the component units may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30] authorizes the County and the component units to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT").

All investments of the County and the component units are reported at fair value.

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) is authorized by G.S. 159-30. The Government Portfolio is a 2a7 money market mutual fund, which invests in treasuries, government agencies and repurchase agreements collateralized by treasuries. It is rated AAAm by S&P and AAA-mf by Moody Investor Service. The Government Portfolio is reported at fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. The component units consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity three months or less, that are not limited to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Restricted Assets

Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. The unexpended debt proceeds of the Recreation Center Fund is classified as restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. Money in the Opioid Fund is restricted for specific related eligible expenditures. The unexpended grant proceeds of the County Capital Project Fund is classified as restricted to the purpose for which the grants were originally issued.

	 estricted sh Amount	Purpose
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	\$ 43,858	Revaluation Fund
Recreation Center Fund	5,325,462	Unexpended debt proceeds
County Capital Project Fund	2,034,349	Unexpended grant proceeds
Opioid Fund	 1,330,122	Unexpended settlement proceeds
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,733,791	

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The County holds title to certain Jackson County Board of Education ("Board of Education") properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Plant & distribution systems	50 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computer equipment	3 years

Right-to-Use Assets

The County's capital assets also include certain right to use assets. These right to use assets arise in association with agreements where the County reports a lease (only applies when the County is the lessee) or agreements where the County reports an Information Technology (IT) Subscription in accordance with the requirements of GASB 87 and GASB 96, respectively.

The right to use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made at or prior to the start of the lease term, less lease incentives received from the lessor at or prior to the start of the lease term, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

The right to use IT subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the subscription liability plus any subscription payments made at the start of the subscription term, if applicable, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs at the start of the subscription term. Subscription payments, as well as payments for capitalizable implementation costs made before the start of the subscription term should be reported as a prepayment (asset). Such prepayments should be reduced by any incentives received from the same vendor before the start of the subscription term if a right of offset exists. The net amount of the prepayments and incentives should be reported as an asset or liability, as appropriate, before the start of the subscription term at

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

which time the amount should be included in the initial measurement of the subscription asset. The right to use subscription assets should be amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The County has several items that meet the criteria for this category – OPEB and pension related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criteria for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, unavailable revenues, (reported only on the balance sheet of the Governmental Funds) and other OPEB and pension related deferrals.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the County provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general and proprietary funds and are accounted for on an FIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either: a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Note receivable - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the amount not expected to be converted to cash during the subsequent fiscal year.

Restricted Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law:

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "Restricted by State Statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories 35-J-56 and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology, for the Register of Deeds' office.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain emergency telephone system and fire safety expenditures, opioid settlement funds and allocated ARPA funds.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for economic development.

Restricted for Education – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue sources to be used for education activities, such as health science building or related capital projects.

Restricted for Recreation – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue sources to be used for recreation activities or related capital projects.

Restricted fund balance on Exhibit C differs from restricted net position on Exhibit A by the amount of Register of Deeds Pension Plan of \$57,761 and unexpended debt proceeds of \$5,325,462 as of June 30, 2024, for a net difference of \$5,267,701.

Committed Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Jackson County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for tax revaluation activities. This includes the legally budgeted separately Revaluation Fund that is collapsed into the General Fund.

Committed for Capital Reserve – portion of fund balance that can only be reserved until there are future capital needs. This includes the legally budgeted separately Capital Reserve Fund that is collapsed into the General Fund.

Committed for Conservation/Preservation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for environmental conservation and preservation. This includes the legally budgeted separately Conservation/Preservation Fund that is collapsed into the General Fund.

Committed for Recreation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for projects related to recreation. This includes the Dillsboro Complex Project Fund and a portion of the fund balance from the Greenways Project Fund and a portion from the Recreation Center Fund.

Committed for General Government – portion of fund balance that can only be used for projects related to general government needs. This includes the County Capital Project Fund.

Committed for Education – portion of fund balance that has been committed by the board to only be used for school related projects and needs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Assigned Fund Balance

This classification includes the portion of fund balance that Jackson County governing board has budgeted:

Assigned for Other Post-Employment Benefits – portion of fund balance that has been assigned for future expenditures related to other post-employment benefits.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The County does not have a formal fund balance policy. In addition, all encumbrances lapse at the end of the year. Therefore, the entire amount of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is available for appropriation.

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

Jackson County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the state: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS); and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit plans and additions to/deductions from the stateadministered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit plans. Jackson County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments for both plans are reported at fair value.

2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

Deposits

All of the County's and the component units' deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the component units' agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the component units, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interestbearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the component units or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the component units under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The County and the component units have no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2024, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$9,169,316 and a bank balance of \$11,832,521. Of the bank balance, \$427,091 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$11,405,430 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The County had \$2,830 cash on hand at June 30, 2024.

At June 30, 2024, the TDA's deposits had a carrying amount of \$279,055 and bank balance of \$341,188, Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$91,188 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of deposits and bank balance for the Airport was \$285,108, of which \$285,108 was covered by the Pooling Method. The Airport had \$0 in cash on hand at June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the ABC Board's deposits was \$1,412,219, and the bank balance was \$1,906,499. \$1,406,499 of the bank balance was not covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

At June 30, 2024, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation								
	Measurement]	Less than	6	-12		1-3
Investment Type	Method		Fair Value		6 Months	Months		Years	
US Tresury Bills	Fair Value - Level 1	\$	10,426,806	\$	10,426,806	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Paper	Fair Value - Level 2		32,970,383		32,970,383		-		-
Federal Home Loan Bank	Fair Value - Level 1		645,368		645,368		-		-
NCCMT - Government Portfolio	Fair Value - Level 1		27,126,167		27,126,167				_
	Total invesments	\$	71,168,724	\$	71,168,724	\$	-	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. The NCCMT Government Portfolio has an AAAm rating from S&P and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service.

All investments of the County are measured using the market approach; using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

At June 30, 2024, the TDA's investments consisted of \$3,450,000 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service. The Cash Portfolio has no maturity value and is measured at fair value. The TDA has no formal policy on credit risk. These amounts are included within cash on the statement of net position.

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 2: Debt securities valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. The County has not adopted a formal investment policy addressing interest rate risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's internal investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the County's internal management policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years.

Credit Risk. The County has no formal policy regarding credit risk but limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The County's investments in the N.C. Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Services as of June 30, 2024. The County's investments in US Treasury Bills, Commercial Paper and Federal Home Loans are rated AA- by Standard and Poor's and Aa3 by Moody's Investor Services.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County's Board places no limit on the amount that the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the County's investments are in First Abu Dhabi commercial paper, MUFG Bank commercial paper, Agricultural BK China commercial paper, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust commercial paper, IND & COMM commercial paper and U.S. Treasuries Bills. These investments are 9.1%, 9.1%, 20.2%, 12.1%, 8.4% and 14.7% respectively of the County's total investments.

Property Tax – Use – Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year						
 Levied	 Tax		nterest	Total		
2024	\$ 62,648	\$	942	\$	63,590	
2023	59,905		6,510		66,415	
2022	56,090		11,163		67,253	
2021	 31,612		8,651		40,263	
Total	\$ 210,255	\$	27,266	\$	237,521	

Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

				axes and	-			
	A			Related	Due From			
	Accounts		-	Accrued		Other		T (1
	K	eceivable	Interest		Governments			Total
Governmental Activities:								
General	\$	8,344	\$	949,945	\$	7,036,823	\$	7,995,112
Recreation Center Fund		-		-		7,009		7,009
Opioid Fund		3,673,395		-		-		3,673,395
County Capital Project Fund		1,255		-		-		1,255
Parks Capital Project Fund		93,547		-		-		93,547
Other governmental		32,363		25,361		-		57,724
Allowance for								
doubtful accounts		-		(785,000)		-		(785,000)
Total governmental activities	\$	3,808,904	\$	190,306	\$	7,043,832	\$	11,043,042
Business-Type Activities:								
Landfill	\$	503,614	\$	-	\$	35,809	\$	539,423
Green Energy Park		4,483		-		-		4,483
Allowance for								
doubtful accounts		(78,699)		-		-		(78,699)
Total business-type activities	\$	429,398	\$	_	\$	35,809	\$	465,207

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Due from other governments that is owed to the County at year-end consists of the following:

	5	Sales Tax]	State/ Federal Entities	Total		
Governmental Activities:							
General	\$	6,649,368	\$	387,455	\$	7,036,823	
Recreation Center Fund		7,009		-		7,009	
Total governmental activities	\$	6,656,377	\$	387,455	\$	7,043,832	
Business-Type Activities:							
Landfill	\$	35,809	\$	-	\$	35,809	

Note Receivable

The County has made loans to one company from General Fund revenues. The major criterion for receiving such a loan is that the money is spent for economic development projects. The note receivable is at interest rates that vary from 0 to 2 percent and are repaid monthly and yearly over a period of one to 15 years. Notes receivable are collateralized by a deed of trust on the company' property or by a security interest in machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures acquired for use in businesses. Note receivable balances and corresponding fund is as follows:

	E	Balance
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	\$	658,946

Due To/From Other Funds

The following due to/from amounts for the County are for:

Due from General Fund to School Improvements

Capital Reserve Fund for timing of funding \$ 1,933,570

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases Decrease		Transfers	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:					
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 16,083,121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,083,121
Construction in progress	41,021,483	12,202,119			53,223,602
Total non-depreciable capital assets	57,104,604	12,202,119			69,306,723
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings	73,478,114	610,000	-	-	74,088,114
Equipment	9,046,144	1,249,988	1,402,389	(22,905)	8,870,838
Vehicles	7,149,382	1,193,051	516,372		7,826,061
Total depreciable capital assets	89,673,640	3,053,039	1,918,761	(22,905)	90,785,013
Right-to-UseAssets:					
Leased equipment	282,175	-	-	-	282,175
IT subscriptions	477,723				477,723
Total capital assets being amoritzed	759,898				759,898
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	28,053,495	1,562,048	-	-	29,615,543
Equipment	6,795,347	511,760	1,306,518	(22,905)	5,977,684
Vehicles	4,986,948	778,678	506,326		5,259,300
Total accumulated depreciation	39,835,790	2,852,486	1,812,844	(22,905)	40,852,527
Less Accumulated Amortization:					
Leased equipment	120,994	65,327	-	-	186,321
IT subscriptions	111,458	119,649			231,107
Total accumulated amortization	232,452	184,976			417,428
Total capital assets being					
amoritzed, net	527,446				342,470
Total depreciable capital assets, net	49,837,850				49,932,486
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 107,469,900				\$ 119,581,679

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	ral government			1,243,84	46		
Public safety				896,79	91		
Transportation				95,38			
Economic and physical development				34,82	29		
Human services				195,74	48		
Culture and recreation				570,86	54		
Total depreciation an	\$	3,037,46	52				
Beginning						Ending	
	Balances	Balances Increases		ecreases	Transfers	Balances	
Landfill Fund:							
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Land	<u>\$ 146,368</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$		\$ -	<u>\$ 146,368</u>	
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Buildings and improvements	1,996,343	-		-	-	1,996,343	
Plant and distribution systems	3,545,486	-		-	-	3,545,486	
Furniture and maintenance equipment	1,162,028	52,875			22,905	1,237,808	
Total depreciable capital assets	6,703,857	52,875		-	22,905	6,779,637	

Right-to-Use Assets: Leased equipment	223,578		99,621		123,957
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	1,255,888	60,076	-	-	1,315,964
Plant and distribution systems	925,865	70,955	-	-	996,820
Furniture and maintenance equipment	1,067,191	44,754		22,905	1,134,850
Total accumulated depreciation	3,248,944	175,785		22,905	3,447,634
Less Accumulated Amortization:					
Leased equipment	136,513	75,021	99,621		111,913
Total depreciable capital assets, net	3,541,978				3,344,047
Landfill Fund capital assets, net	\$ 3,688,346				\$ 3,490,415

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balances	
Economic Development Fund:							
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Buildings	\$	783,226	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$	783,226
Equipment		15,040	39,070				54,110
Total depreciable capital assets		798,266	39,070				837,336
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings		250,633	15,664	-	-		266,297
Equipment		15,040	1,628				16,668
Total accumulated depreciation		265,673	17,292				282,965
Total depreciable capital assets, net		532,593					554,371
Economic Development Fund							
capital assets, net	\$	532,593				\$	554,371
Green Energy Park Fund:							
Depreciable Capital Assets:							
Buildings	\$	48,228	-	-	-	\$	48,228
Equipment		70,661		(15,670)			86,331
Total depreciable capital assets		118,889		(15,670)			134,559
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings		13,585	965	-	-		14,550
Equipment		62,911	978	(15,670)			79,559
Total accumulated depreciation		76,496	1,943	(15,670)			94,109
Total depreciable capital assets, net		42,393					40,450
Green Energy Park Fund							
capital assets, net	\$	42,393				\$	40,450

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

At June 20, 2024, the County has constructions commitments as follows:

						F	Remaining
Project:	Contractor:		Contract		Spent-to-Date		ommitment
Aquatics Center	New Atlantic Contracting, Inc.	\$	21,599,684	\$	18,947,232	\$	2,652,452
Blue Ridge School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.		1,750,000		1,622,777		127,223
Center for Domestic Peace	RE Crawford Construction		4,861,946		433,847		4,428,099
Fairview Elementary School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.		1,877,890		1,684,518		193,372
Smokey Mtn Elem School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.		793,178		701,704		91,474
Smoky Mtn High School Security	Buchanan and Sons, Inc.		2,548,000		2,126,345		421,655
		\$	33,430,698	\$	25,516,423	\$	7,914,275

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 12,301	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 12,301
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	874,888	-	3,551	871,337
Furniture and equipment	300,088	1,700		301,788
Total depreciable capital assets:	1,174,976	1,700	3,551	1,173,125
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	196,363	24,102	-	220,465
Furniture and equipment	227,309	29,631		256,940
Total accumulated depreciation	423,672	53,733		477,405
Total depreciable capital assets, net	751,304			695,720
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$ 763,605			\$ 708,021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

B. Liabilities

Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2024, were as follows:

	 Vendors		Contact Retainage		Salaries and Benefits	 Total
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	\$ 3,442,656	\$	-	\$	1,188,634	\$ 4,631,290
School Improvements Fund	6,874		318,643		-	325,517
Parks Project Fund	868		-		-	868
County Capital Projects Fund	442,147		22,834		-	464,981
Recreation Center Fund	991,834		997,223		-	1,989,057
Other governmental	 30,957		_		-	 30,957
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,915,336	\$	1,338,700	\$	1,188,634	\$ 7,442,670
Business-Type Activities:						
Landfill	\$ 4,570	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,570
Other proprietary	 13,603		-		-	 13,603
Total business-type activities	\$ 18,173	\$		\$		\$ 18,173

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 14.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.91% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$2,786,287 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Refunds of Contributions. County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$16,148,343 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the County's proportion was 0.24382% (measured as of June 30, 2023), which was an increase of 0.02482% from its proportion as of June 30, 2023 (measured as of June 30, 2022).

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$4,797,811. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,799,404	\$	38,738
Changes of assumptions		686,212		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		4,322,004		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		943,052		-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,786,287		-
Total	\$	10,536,959	\$	38,738

\$2,786,287 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Amount		
2025	\$	2,822,715	
2026		1,567,125	
2027		3,139,336	
2028		182,758	
Total	\$	7,711,934	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan actuary currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general and law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled, and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. public plan population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions and methods used in the December 31, 2022, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience prepared as of December 31, 2019, and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 28, 2021.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns, and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income returns projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	33.0%	0.9%
Global equity	38.0%	6.5%
Real estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.2%
Opportunistic fixed income	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation sensitive	6%	2.7%
Total	100.0%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	% Decrease (5.50%)		Current (6.50%)	1%	% Increase (7.50%)
County's proportionate share of	٩		¢	1 < 1 40 0 40	٩	< 110 101
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	27,976,372	\$	16,148,343	\$	6,410,404

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. Jackson County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2022, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	14
Active plan members	58
Total	72

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria, which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2022 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Discount rate	4.00 percent

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ended December 31, 2019.

Mortality Rates

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

Deaths after Retirement (Healthy): Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths after Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement): Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Deaths after Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members): Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$217,912 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County reported a total pension liability of \$3,271,693. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, based on a December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$480,393.

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and administrative expense	\$	663,440 247,750	\$	302,231	
subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	108,397 1,019,587	\$	302,231	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

\$108,397 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County benefits payments and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as of June 30 were as follows:

 Amount
\$ 258,466
153,359
77,710
96,369
23,055
 -
\$ 608,959

Sensitivity of the County's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.00 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00 percent) than the current rate:

	6 Decrease (3.00%)	Current (4.00%)		% Increase (5.00%)
Total pension liability	\$ 3,518,878	\$ 3,271,693	\$	3,045,819

Summary of Changes in Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	Pension Liability			
Beginning balance	\$	2,707,798		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		97,762		
Interest on the total pension liability		112,010		
Differences between expected and actual experience				
in the measurement of the total pension liability		504,254		
Changes of assumption of other inputs		67,781		
Benefit payments		(217,912)		
Ending balance of total pension liability	\$	3,271,693		

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.31 percent at December 31, 2022 to 4.00 percent at December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement and Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$249,348, which consisted of \$171,248 from the County and \$78,100 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. The County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a non-contributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county Register of Deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina. The state's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$4,834 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the County reported an asset of \$57,761 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2024, the County's proportion was 0.48066% (measured as of June 30, 2023), which was a decrease of 0.02698% from its proportion as of June 30, 2023 (measured as of June 30, 2022).

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized pension expense of \$20,889. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Inf	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,557	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		29,339		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		6,454		-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,834		-	
Total	\$	40,627	\$	2,557	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

\$4,834 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A	mount
2025	\$	11,451
2026		11,417
2027		8,517
2028		1,851
Total	\$	33,236

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.00 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for LGERS for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple-year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 99.8% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2023 is 0.9%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmarks averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension asset is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount *Rate*. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.00%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (2.00%)		Current (3.00%)		1% Increase (4.00%)	
County's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(39,429)	\$	(57,761)	\$	(73,219)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the state of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of December 31, 2023, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2022. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is a summary of the County's pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	ROD	Total
Proportionate share of net pension				
liability (asset)	\$16,148,343	N/A	\$ (57,761)	\$16,090,582
Proportion of the net pension				
liability (asset)	0.24382%	N/A	-0.48066%	-
Total pension liability	-	3,271,693	-	3,271,693
Pension expense	4,797,811	480,393	20,889	5,299,093

At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	LGERS LEOSSA		ROD	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,799,404	\$ 663,440	\$ -	\$ 2,462,844
Changes of assumptions	686,212	¢ 003,110 247,750	φ	933,962
Net difference between projected and actual	,	247,750	20,220	,
earnings on pension plan investments	4,322,004	-	29,339	4,351,343
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and	0.42.052		C 151	0.40.506
proportionate share of contributions	943,052	-	6,454	949,506
County contributions (LGERS,ROD)/benefit payments and administration costs (LEOSSA)				
subsequent to the measurement date	2,786,287	108,397	4,834	2,899,518
Totals	\$10,536,959	\$ 1,019,587	\$ 40,627	\$11,597,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ 38,738	\$ -	\$ 2,557	\$ 41,295
Changes of assumptions		302,231		302,231
Totals	\$ 38,738	\$ 302,231	\$ 2,557	\$ 343,526

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred Compensation Plan

County employees can elect to participate in a County-sponsored deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and administered by Nationwide Investment Services Corporation. The Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future year. The deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The County does not contribute to this plan. Contributions to the 457 Plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$5,540 from the employees.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits Plan

Plan Description. Under a County resolution, Jackson County administers the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB Plan), single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (NCLGERS). In addition to participating in the NCLGERS, to be eligible general employees must meet the following criteria applicable to their specific hire date: the general employee must be sixty years of age and have accumulated ten consecutive vesting credit years with the County if hired before January 18, 2001; the general employee must be sixty years of age and have accumulated fifteen consecutive vesting credit years with the County if hired on or after January 18, 2001, but before July 1, 2013; the general employee must be sixty years of age and have accumulated twenty consecutive vesting credit years with the County if hired on or after July 1, 2013; the general employee must have thirty consecutive vesting credit years with the County if they have not reached the age of sixty, if hired before July 1, 2013; the general employee must have thirty consecutive vesting credit years with twenty of thirty being with the County if the employee has not reached the age of sixty, and was hired on or after July 1, 2013. In addition to participating in NCLGERS, to be eligible law enforcement officers must meet the following criteria applicable to their specific hire date: the officer must be fifty-five years of age and have accumulated twenty consecutive vesting credit years with the County regardless of hire date; the officer must have thirty consecutive vesting credit years with the County if the officer has not reached fifty-five years of age, and was hired before July 1, 2013; the officer must have thirty consecutive vesting credit year with twenty of thirty being with the County if the officer has not reached fifty-five years of age, and was hired on or after July 1, 2013. The County will pay the full cost of retiree health insurance, obtained through private insurers, until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, at which time the County will pay for a Medicare Supplement plan. Health care, prescription drugs, and dental coverage are provided in the County's retiree healthcare plan to retirees under the age of sixty-five. Medicare eligible retirees are provided with a Medicare Supplement plan, and dependents are eligible but must pay the full premium. The retiree may continue dependent coverage (and pay the premium for this coverage) if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. Medicare prescription drug coverage is provided through the County's \$192 per month for Medicare prescription coverage.

A separate report was not issued for the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Plan Membership. At June 30, 2023, the HCB Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	151
Active plan members	378
Total	529

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Real wage growth	0.75 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases, including	3.25 to 8.41 percent for general employees,
wage inflation	including inflation and productivity factor
	3.25 to 7.90 percent for law enforcement officers,
	including inflation and productivity factor
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by 2033 for Pre-Medicare
	5.125% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by 2026 for Medicare
Dental	3.50 percent

The County selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate equal to the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by the Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the TOL.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 – December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2023, valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Summary of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Beginning balance, July 1, 2022	\$	51,875,111		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		1,439,191		
Interest on the total pension liability	1,857,428			
Difference between expected and actual experience				
in the measurement of the total pension liability		(3,955,844)		
Changes of assumption or other inputs		(17,018)		
Benefit payments		(1,704,015)		
Ending balance, June 30, 2023	\$	49,494,853		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2024, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase	
	(2.65%)		(3.65%)		(4.65%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	58,126,925	\$	49,494,853	\$	42,673,132

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2024, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Decrease Current		Current	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	42,281,411	\$	49,494,853	\$	58,731,812	

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the Municipal Bond Index Rate from 3.54% to 3.65%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$521,425. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred
				nflows of
	R	esources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	80,264	\$	5,459,582
Changes of assumptions		6,310,501		9,514,458
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,661,761		_
Total	\$	8,052,526	\$	14,974,040

\$1,661,761 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2025	\$ (2,051,135)
2026	(1,469,299)
2027	(1,038,935)
2028	(2,600,653)
2029	(1,423,253)
Thereafter	
Total	<u>\$ (8,583,275)</u>

Other Employment Benefits – Death Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("System"), a multipleemployer, state-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Post-Closure Care Costs – Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations required the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. The landfill has been closed but will be monitored for the next 14 years. Post-closure costs are included in operating expenses of the current year. The \$1,503,374 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2024, represents estimated future post-closure costs based on engineering estimates prepared at and shortly after closure. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test, which is one option under state and federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

Long-Term Debt

Leases

The County has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

On July 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 40-month lease as lessee for the use of gym equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$39,520. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$4,954. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$991. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$4,513 at June 30, 2024. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On July 1, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 39-month lease as lessee for the use of gym equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$42,516. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$4,366. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$1,092. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$7,948 at June 30, 2024. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On 7/1/2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 37-month lease as lessee for the use of solid waste equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$52,108. As of 6/30/2024, the value of the lease liability of \$2,806. Jackson County is required to make monthly

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

payments of \$1,403. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 0%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$1,903 at June 30, 2024. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On July 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 42-month lease as lessee for the use of solid waste equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$97,257. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability of \$11,501. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$1,643. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.3%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$10,142 at June 30, 2024. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

On August 1, 2021, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the use of Copiers for all General Fund departments. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$200,141. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$88,869. Jackson County is required to make monthly payments of \$3,720. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 3.0%. As a result of the lease, the County has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$83,392 at June 30, 2024. The right-to-use asset is discussed in more detail in the right-to-use asset section of this note.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	In	iterest	 Total
2025	\$	51,846	\$	2,120	\$ 53,966
2026		43,819		827	44,646
2027		2,524		9	 2,533
Total	\$	98,189	\$	2,956	\$ 101,145

Business-Type Activities:

Year Ending					
June 30	Pı	rincipal	Inte	rest	 Total
2025	\$	14,307	\$	-	\$ 14,307

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Subscriptions

The County has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The SBITAs qualify as other than short-term SBITAs under GASB 96 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum subscription payments as of the date of their inception.

On July 1, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 60-month subscription for the use of Office Software Project. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$288,221. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$172,826. Jackson County, North Carolina, is required to make annual fixed payments of \$65,484. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0857%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$288,221 with accumulated amortization of \$115,288 is included with IT Subscription Class activities in the capital assets table.

On August 20, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Google - Workspace. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$180,508. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$63,185. Jackson County, North Carolina, is required to make annual fixed payments of \$58,938. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.8710%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$180,508 with accumulated amortization of \$112,147 is included with IT Subscription Class activities in the capital assets table.

On July 1, 2022, Jackson County, North Carolina, entered into a 58-month subscription for the use of VMware vSphere Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,994. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$4,619. Jackson County, North Carolina, is required to make annual fixed payments of \$2,587. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.0857%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2024, of \$8,994 with accumulated amortization of \$3,672 is included with IT Subscription Class activities in the capital assets table.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows for IT subscriptions:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	I	nterest	Total
 2025	\$ 121,328	\$	7,289	\$ 128,617
2026	59,936		3,681	63,617
2027	59,366		1,832	 61,198
Total	\$ 240,630	\$	12,802	\$ 253,432

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The County's long-term debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2024, was comprised of the following:

Direct Placements

A \$10,295,446 note was executed on July 16, 2009, and refinanced on December 28, 2011 and March 16, 2015, for the renovation of the historic courthouse, construction of the new public library, and projects at Southwestern Community College. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$343,182. In addition, 2.49 percent interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	343,182
A \$10,000,000 note was executed on October 25, 2012 for the construction of a gymnasium and performing arts center at Smoky Mountain High School, and renovation of locker rooms at Blue Ridge High School. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$333,333. In addition, 2.79% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	2,333,331
A \$9,000,000 noninterest bearing note was executed on March 22, 2017, for the construction and renovation of Jackson County Public Schools and is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$300,000. Principal payments are appropriated when due.	4,800,000
A \$10,000,000 note was executed on January 8, 2019, for the Community College and is payable in 40 semi-annual payments of \$250,000. In addition, 3.81% interest is payable and appropriated when due.	 7,500,000
Total	\$ 14,976,513

Repayment requirements of the notes payable for governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, are:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2025	\$	2,109,848	\$ 349,382	\$	2,459,230	
2026		1,766,666	303,787		2,070,453	
2027		1,766,666	266,137		2,032,803	
2028		1,433,333	228,487		1,661,820	
2029		1,100,000	101,752		1,201,752	
2030-2034		4,300,000	738,185		5,038,185	
2035-2039		2,500,000	261,935		2,761,935	
Total	\$	14,976,513	\$ 2,249,665	\$	17,226,178	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due. In the event of a default, the County agrees to pay to the purchaser, on demand, interest on any and all amounts due and owing by the County under this agreement.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2024, are comprised of the following issues:

A \$20,000,000 general obligation bond was executed on June 16, 2022, for the indoor pool facilities Series 2022 and is payable in 15 annual principal payments of \$1,334,000 and semi annual interest payments at 3.228%.

\$ 17,332,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30	Principal]	Interest		Total
2025	\$	1,334,000	\$	559,477	\$	1,893,477
2026		1,334,000		516,415		1,850,415
2027		1,334,000		473,354		1,807,354
2028		1,333,000		430,292		1,763,292
2029		1,333,000		387,263		1,720,263
2030-2034		6,665,000		1,290,877		7,955,877
2035-2038		3,999,000		258,175		4,257,175
Total	\$	17,332,000	\$	3,915,853	\$	21,247,853

The County's long-term debt for business-type activities at June 30, 2024, was comprised of the following:

Direct Placement

A \$2,815,207 note was executed on November 27, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction of the Municipal Solid Waste Facility, payable in 24 semi-annual payments of \$117,300 including interest of 2.37%. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

\$ 117,300

Repayment requirements of the note payable for business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, are:

Year Ending June 30	P	Principal		terest	Total			
2025	\$	117,300	\$	1,390	\$	118,690		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

All notes' payables held by the County for both governmental activities and business-type activities are classified as installment purchases resulting from direct placements. General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the governmental funds which are being retired by resources from users are reported as long-term debt in the governmental funds. All outstanding debt is collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. In the event of a default, possession of the asset which the debt was incurred for, passes to the lender.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

		Beginning Balances	A	dditions	Re	etirements		Ending Balances	Due Within one Year
Governmental Activities:									
Direct Placement -									
installment purchases	\$	17,568,576	\$	-	\$	2,592,063	\$	14,976,513	\$ 2,109,848
General obligation bonds		18,666,000		-		1,334,000		17,332,000	1,334,000
Lease liabilities		164,446		-		66,257		98,189	51,846
IT subscriptions		355,417		-		114,787		240,630	121,328
Compensated absences		1,882,015		1,480,148		1,310,037		2,052,126	513,032
Net pension liability - LGERS		12,031,365		3,679,808		-		15,711,173	-
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		2,707,798		781,807		217,912		3,271,693	-
Total OPEB liability	_	50,743,534				2,308,851		48,434,683	
Total governmental activities	\$	104,119,151	\$	5,941,763	\$	7,943,907	\$	102,117,007	\$ 4,130,054
Landfill Fund:									
Direct Placement -									
installment purchases	\$	351,900	\$	-	\$	234,600	\$	117,300	\$ 117,300
Lease liabilities		90,002		-		75,695		14,307	14,307
Landfill closure and									
post-closure costs		1,531,820		16,200		44,646		1,503,374	-
Compensated absences		20,050		16,048		18,274		17,824	4,456
Net pension liability - LGERS		222,463		75,872		-		298,335	-
Total OPEB liability		816,257				47,605		768,652	
Total business-type activities	\$	3,032,492	\$	108,120	\$	420,820	\$	2,719,792	\$ 136,063
Green Energy Park Fund:									
Compensated absences	\$	11,472	\$	4,305	\$	3,588	\$	12,189	\$ 3,047
Net pension liability - LGERS		100,899		37,936		-		138,835	-
Total OPEB liability	_	315,320			_	23,802	_	291,518	
Total business-type activities	\$	427,691	\$	42,241	\$	27,390	\$	442,542	\$ 3,047

At June 30, 2024, Jackson County had a legal debt margin of approximately \$958,323,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:

At June 30, 2024, deferred inflows/outflows of resources for Jackson County consisted of the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Governmental Activities:					
LGERS	\$	10,259,934	\$	38,097	
LEOSSA		1,019,587		302,231	
RODSPF		40,626		2,557	
OPEB		7,810,950		14,524,819	
Prepaid taxes		-		84,333	
Total governmental activities	\$	19,131,097	\$	14,952,037	
Business-Type Activities: Landfill Fund: LGERS OPEB Total Landfill Fund	\$	190,379 161,050 351,429	\$	425 299,481 299,906	
Green Energy Park Fund: LGERS OPEB Total Green Energy Park Fund		86,647 80,526 167,173		216 149,740 149,956	
Total business-type activities	\$	518,602	\$	449,862	

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024, is computed as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Capital assets, net	\$	119,581,679	\$	4,085,236	
Less capital debt:					
Gross debt		32,647,332		131,607	
School debt related to assets to which the					
the County does not hold title		(7,133,331)		-	
Unexpended debt proceeds		(5,325,462)			
Net capital debt		20,188,539		131,607	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	99,393,140	\$	3,953,629	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

Transfers:

From the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund for	
future construction projects	\$ 1,000,000
From the General Fund to the Economic Development	
Commission Special Revenue Fund for operations	175,000
From the General Fund to the School Capital Reserve Fund	
for future school construction projects	4,501,207
From the General Fund to the Revaluation Fund for operations	350,500
From the General Fund to the Green Energy Park Fund for	
operations	296,400
From the General Fund to the County Capital Projects Fund for	
future capital improvements	400,000
From the General Fund to the Conservation/Preservation Fund	
for conservation expenditures	500,000
From the General Fund to the Greenways Project Fund for future projects	2,336,708
From the General Fund to the Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund for grant operations	23,000
From American Rescue Plan Fund to General Fund for revenue replacement	600,000
From the School Capital Reserve Fund to the General Fund	
for debt service	800,038

Fund Balance – General Fund

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this practice if it is in the best interest of the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The County formal fund balance policy is to maintain an unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of no less than 25% of the total projected of the total project expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance in excess of 25% is available for general appropriation during the budget year as approved by the Commissioners. The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of fund balance, in the General Fund, that is available for appropriation:

	June 30, 2024			
Total fund balance - General Fund	\$	53,756,235		
Amounts not available for appropriation:				
Stabilization by state statute		(7,045,167)		
Non-spendable - note receivable		(658,946)		
Fund balance available for appropriation	\$	46,052,122		

3. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in one self-funded risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through this pool, the County obtains worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pool is audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. The pool is reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrences losses of \$350,000 for worker's compensation.

The County carries commercial coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$47.246 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, and professional liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and health insurance for County employees. The County carries commercial coverage for single occurrences losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage, and crime coverage.

The County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chairman of the Board, County Manager, Director of Finance, are each individually bonded for \$1,000,000 and the Tax Collector is individually bonded for \$250,000. The Register of Deeds and Sheriff are bonded for \$50,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250,000 for public employee dishonesty and \$75,000 for theft.

The County carries flood insurance through a commercial carrier for damages up to \$1,000,000 for areas excluding those located in an area of the state that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake, or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The County has no property located in an "A" area, and therefore has not purchased additional coverage through the National Flood Insurance Plan.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The JCTDA and the Airport are exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Airport Authority and the JCTDA carry commercial insurance for these risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. Joint Ventures

Fontana Regional Library

The County participates in a joint venture to operate the Fontana Regional Library ("Library") with five other local governments. Each participating county may appoint three Board members to the ninemember Board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County contributed \$1,342,101 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained from the Library's offices at Post Office Box 460, Bryson City, North Carolina, 28713.

Southwestern Community College

The County, in conjunction with the state of North Carolina and the Jackson County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Southwestern Community College ("Community College"). The County appoints five members and the state and the Board of Education each appoint four members of the thirteen-member Board of Trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the state. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. The County contributed \$2,635,757 and \$240,126 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at 275 Webster Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority

The County, in conjunction with the Towns of Sylva, Dillsboro and Webster, participates in the Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority (the "TWSA"). The chairman of the TWSA appoints one member from each participating government and three members at large. The TWSA is a joint venture established in 1992 to provide safe, clean drinking water and to provide safe and sanitary disposal of sewage to and for the citizens of Jackson County. The TWSA has been in existence since 1992; however, the County remains financially responsible under the provisions of Chapter 1 62A, Article 1 of the North Carolina General Statutes to provide water and sewer services in the event of default by the TWSA. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements for the TWSA can be obtained from the TWSA's administrative offices at 1246 West Main Street, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Mental Health

The County, in conjunction with fourteen other county governments, participates in a joint venture to operate the Vaya Health Center, ("Vaya LME"), a local management entity. The fifteen counties participating in the Vaya Health LME are represented by a county commissioner. Within available resources, the County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the LME because it is legally obligated to provide mental health services either directly or jointly with other counties. None of the participating counties has any equity interest in the LME, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2024. The County contributed \$123,081 to the Vaya Health LME to fund operations during fiscal year June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements for the Vaya Health LME may be obtained from the Vaya Health LME's offices at 128 Sylva Plaza, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

5. Jointly Governed Organizations

Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission

The County, in conjunction with seven other counties and 15 municipalities, established the Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission ("Commission"). The participating governments established the Commission to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Commission's 22-member governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$34,505 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

6. Related Party Transactions

The County and its discretely presented component units engaged in the following transactions during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Jackson County ABC Board:	
Payments to the County for alcohol education	\$ 49,717
Payments to the County for profit distributions	528,704
Payments to the County for law enforcement	 35,512
Total	\$ 613,933
Jackson County Tourism Development Authority:	
Jackson County Tourism Development Authority: Payments of occupancy tax due to the Authority	
	\$ 292,892
Payments of occupancy tax due to the Authority	\$ 292,892

7. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the County was defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the County's financial position.

Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of the funds will be front loaded.

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 15% directly to the state ("State Abatement Fund")
- 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund

As of June 30, 2024, the County has received \$1,321,594 as part of this settlement. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted until expended. None of these funds have been expended as of June 30, 2024.

The MOA offered the County two options of expending the funds. The County opted for Option B which allows a wide array of strategies to address the impact of the opioid epidemic.

Reimbursement for Pandemic-Related Expenditures

In fiscal year 2020-2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The County was allocated \$8,534,441 of fiscal recovery funds to be paid in two equal installments. The first installment of \$4,267,221 was received in June 2021. The second installment of \$4,267,220 was received in June 2022. County staff and the Board of Commissioners elected to use \$184,128 of the ARPA funds for public safety equipment and \$36,466 for the beginning of capital project needs in the 2022 fiscal year, and used \$7,713,847 in fiscal year 2023, for revenue replacement. The remaining funds of \$600,000 were spent in fiscal year 2024 for revenue replacement. All ARPA funds have been expended as of June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

8. Subsequent Event

Damage in certain areas of the State of North Carolina resulting from Hurricane Helene beginning on September 27, 2024, and continuing, was of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant a major disaster declaration by the President. Hurricane Helene struck North Carolina and caused serious flooding and wind damage in several counties including areas of Jackson County. While there has been damage to buildings and other assets, as of the date of this report, it is unknown as to the extent of that damage.

9. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

Business-Type Activities: Green Energy Park Fund

\$ 96,758

The County plans to fully fund this enterprise fund in the subsequent year with additional transfers from the General Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in Other Post-Employment Benefits and Related Ratios
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Other Post-Employment Benefits
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Contributions

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.24382%	0.21900%	0.21762%	0.22097%	0.22819%		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 16,148,343	\$ 12,354,727	\$ 3,337,412	\$ 7,896,199	\$ 6,231,691		
County's covered payroll	\$ 21,112,961	\$ 18,056,545	\$ 17,692,288	\$ 17,285,086	\$ 17,156,591		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	76.49%	68.42%	18.86%	45.68%	36.32%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability**	82.49%	84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%		

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

** This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System							
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
County's proportion of the							
net pension liability (asset)	0.23003%	0.24867%	0.23779%	0.23674%	0.33193%		
County's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,457,098	\$ 3,798,989	\$ 5,046,700	\$ 1,062,475	\$ (1,403,478)		
County's covered payroll	\$ 16,242,520	\$ 16,337,368	\$ 15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544	\$ 14,595,534		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a							
percentage of its covered payroll	33.60%	23.25%	32.90%	7.25%	-9.62%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a							
percentage of total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%		

JACKSON COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,786,28	7 \$ 2,589,492	\$ 2,069,273	\$ 1,814,755	\$ 1,568,779		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,786,28	7 2,589,492	2,069,273	1,814,755	1,568,779		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>		
County's covered payroll	\$ 21,407,41	6 \$ 21,112,961	\$ 18,056,545	\$ 17,692,288	\$ 17,285,086		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.02	% 12.26%	11.46%	10.26%	9.08%		

JACKSON COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System									
		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	1,350,670	\$	1,240,857	\$	1,214,999	\$	1,044,564	\$ 1,040,014
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,350,670		1,240,857		1,214,999		1,044,564	 1,040,014
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
County's covered payroll	\$	17,156,591	\$	16,242,520	\$	16,337,368	\$	15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.87%		7.64%		7.44%		6.81%	7.09%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance								
		2024		2023		2022		2021
Beginning balance	\$	2,707,798	\$	2,810,783	\$	2,828,932	\$	2,007,304
Service cost		97,762		125,881		121,759		74,189
Interest on the total pension liability		112,010		61,667		53,139		63,028
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of								
the total pension liability		504,254		276,675		23,890		153,664
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		67,781		(427,112)		(65,749)		678,601
Benefit payments		(217,912)		(140,096)		(151,188)		(147,854)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	3,271,693	\$	2,707,798	\$	2,810,783	\$	2,828,932

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Note: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance								
		2020		2019		2018		2017
Beginning balance	\$	1,715,041	\$	1,746,345	\$	1,450,570	\$	1,457,331
Service cost		66,976		64,455		59,012		57,251
Interest on the total pension liability		60,183		53,912		54,527		50,569
Differences between expected and								
actual experience in the measurement of								
the total pension liability		234,536		(8,347)		162,075		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		53,908		(60,795)		96,079		(32,913)
Benefit payments	_	(123,340)		(80,529)		(75,918)		(81,668)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	2,007,304	\$	1,715,041	\$	1,746,345	\$	1,450,570

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance								
		2024		2023		2022		2021
Total pension liability	\$	3,271,693	\$	2,707,798	\$	2,810,783	\$	2,828,932
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,534,166	\$	3,058,913	\$	2,760,155	\$	2,545,474
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		92.57%		88.52%		101.83%		111.14%

Notes to the Schedules:

Jackson County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Note: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance								
	_	2020		2019		2018		2017
Total pension liability	\$	2,007,304	\$	1,715,041	\$	1,746,345	\$	1,450,570
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,561,837	\$	2,344,325	\$	2,422,322	\$	2,185,217
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		78.35%		73.16%		72.09%		66.38%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

Health Retiree Plan								
	2024	2023	2022	2021				
Service cost	\$ 1,439,191	\$ 2,125,170	\$ 1,929,053	\$ 1,256,798				
Interest	1,857,428	1,396,319	1,301,095	1,594,845				
Differences between expected								
and actual experience	(3,955,844)	(314,650)	76,653	(509,796)				
Changes of assumptions	(17,018)	(13,229,196)	3,317,636	11,115,752				
Benefit payments	(1,704,015)	(1,236,948)	(863,338)	(782,259)				
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,380,258)	(11,259,305)	5,761,099	12,675,340				
Total OPEB liability - beginning	51,875,111	63,134,416	57,373,317	44,697,977				
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 49,494,853	<u>\$ 51,875,111</u>	\$ 63,134,416	<u>\$ 57,373,317</u>				
Covered employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage	\$ 18,413,598	\$ 16,354,083	\$ 16,354,083	\$ 16,100,312				
of covered employee payroll	268.80%	317.20%	386.05%	356.35%				

Notes to the Required Schedules:

Changes of Assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2024	3.65%
2023	3.54%
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%

Note: The OPEB schedule in the required supplementary information is intended to show information for ten years. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

Health Retiree Plan						
	2020		2019		2018	
Service cost	\$ 1,806,65	53 \$	1,919,639	\$	2,179,388	
Interest	1,888,49	03	1,733,478		1,546,018	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(6,958,62	26)	285,749		57,853	
Changes of assumptions	(106,8	53)	(2,896,912)		(5,179,868)	
Benefit payments	(949,0	<u>)</u>])	(1,423,053)		(1,126,877)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(4,319,42	24)	(381,099)		(2,523,486)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	49,017,40)1	49,398,500		51,921,986	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 44,697,9	<u>7</u>	49,017,401	\$	49,398,500	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,100,3	2 \$	15,148,982	\$	15,148,982	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	277.62	2%	323.57%		326.08%	

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	-0.48066%	-0.50764%	-0.55121%	-0.60440%	-0.56488%		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (57,761)	\$ (67,212)	\$ (105,904)	\$ (138,516)	\$ (111,519)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	135.74%	139.04%	156.53%	173.62%	164.11%		

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

JACKSON COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund							
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015		
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	-0.61492%	-0.67648%	-0.66058%	-0.47653%	-0.46101%		
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ (101,849)	\$ (115,468)	\$ (123,502)	\$ (110,431)	\$ (104,937)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%		

JACKSON COUNTY'S SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund									
		2024		2023		2022		2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,834	\$	4,290	\$	5,820	\$	6,615	\$ 5,787
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		4,834		4,290		5,820		6,615	 5,787
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$		\$

JACKSON COUNTY'S SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund									
		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,369	\$	5,262	\$	5,878	\$	5,397	\$ 3,813
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		5,369		5,262		5,878		5,397	 3,813
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _



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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



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MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND: The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

- **Revaluation Fund** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the octennial revaluation of real property. *
- **Capital Reserve Fund** This fund is used to account for any capital outlay expenditures approved by the County's Board of Commissioners. The projects in this fund will be financed primarily with operating transfers from other funds. *
- **Conservation/Preservation Fund** This fund accounts for federal grants received and expended for environmental protection. *
- Health Insurance Fund This fund accounts for the County's health insurance program.*

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

- School Improvements Fund This fund is used to account for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of State grants, installment debt, and local matching funds.
- School Capital Reserve Fund This fund was established to account for revenues restricted for the construction and renovation of County schools.**

SCC HEALTH SCIENCE BUILDING FUND: The SCC Health Science Building Fund is a capital project fund establish for the construction of the health science building on Southwestern Community College's ("SCC") campus.

PARKS PROJECT FUND: The Parks Project Fund is a capital project fund establish for the construction of a new park within the County.

RECREATION CENTER FUND – This fund is used to account for various recreation projects.

COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND: This fund was established to account for the construction of various County administration projects.

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND: This fund accounts for federal funds received from the Federal Government in the form of American Rescue Plan Fund.

OPIOID FUND: This fund accounts for federal money received from an opioid settlement and is restricted for its intended use.

^{*}These funds have legally adopted budgets under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, they are consolidated into the General Fund.

^{**}This fund has a legally adopted budget under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.



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	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Current year and prior	\$ 47,129,536	\$ 46,951,578	\$ (177,958)	
Penalties and interest	395,000	376,459	(18,541)	
Total ad valorem taxes	47,524,536	47,328,037	(196,499)	
Other Taxes:				
Local option sales tax	25,162,368	23,413,824	(1,748,544)	
Beer and wine tax distribution	193,755	193,754	(1)	
Tax refund - sales and gasoline	316,070	316,070		
Total other taxes	25,672,193	23,923,648	(1,748,545)	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	115,872	258,745	142,873	
ABC profit distribution	680,769	549,701	(131,068)	
ABC 1 and 5 cent bottle charge	96,497	93,971	(2,526)	
Total unrestricted governmental	893,138	902,417	9,279	
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
School resource officers - Board of Education				
and community college	501,966	495,174	(6,792)	
Federal and state grants:				
NC Department of Commerce - planning/zoning:				
Registration fees				
Home and Community Care Block grant	270,000	361,965	91,965	
Nantahala Forest timber receipts	128,000	96,946	(31,054)	
DARE grant	6,000	6,000	-	
Civil defense	76,000	39,698	(36,302)	
Soil conservation - matching	33,563	22,582	(10,981)	
Tennessee Valley Authority	873	872	(1)	
Older American Act Title III	30,058	32,654	2,596	
Health department	1,554,726	1,257,168	(297,558)	
Senior care	15,151	14,989	(162)	
Smart Start	71,726	88,481	16,755	
Governor's Crime Commission	24,500	-	(24,500)	
Juvenile Crime Prevention Commission	128,439	128,366	(73)	
Safe Roads Act	4,000	3,779	(221)	
Veteran's service	2,084	2,174	90	
Extension grant project	1,500	282	(1,218)	
SCAAP - State Criminal Alien grant	15,000	-	(15,000)	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Social services	5,788,695	4,864,390	(924,305)
Title XIX - Medicaid	142,000	153,925	11,925
Department of Transportation:			
Governor's Highway Safety program	25,000	-	(25,000)
Section 18 - administration	171,878	170,568	(1,310)
Section 18 - capital	133,545	130,826	(2,719)
Department of Justice grant	256,795	27,300	(229,495)
Contracts - EDTAP	257,937	263,771	5,834
COVID-19	134,289	220,773	86,484
Resources	5,000	6,929	1,929
Emergency food and shelter	18,500	6,670	(11,830)
Cherokee Preservation grant	500	-	(500)
Department of Justice	77,242	321,739	244,497
Total	9,373,001	8,222,847	(1,150,154)
Court facilities fees	55,590	33,913	(21,677)
Total restricted intergovernmental	9,930,557	8,751,934	(1,178,623)
Other Restricted Revenues:			
Dogwood Health Trust Grant	939,009	204,795	(734,214)
Vocational rehabilitation	2,500	525	(1,975)
Transportation contracts	50,350	59,990	9,640
Total other restricted	991,859	265,310	(726,549)
Permits and Fees:			
ABC permit fees	2,000	2,110	110
Cashiers permit fees	3,500	2,050	(1,450)
Cullowhee permit fees	1,000	300	(700)
Board of Elections fees	2,000	753	(1,247)
Erosion control fees	70,700	67,276	(3,424)
Building permits and inspection fees	700,000	717,491	17,491
Environmental health fees	213,500	196,500	(17,000)
Sheriff's fees	609,588	67,682	(541,906)
Officers fees - court	35,110	33,949	(1,161)
Animal adoption fees	32,500	21,721	(10,779)
Road sign fees	60,400	38,400	(22,000)
Health and social services fees	399,300	258,789	(140,511)
Register of Deeds	428,000	303,672	(124,328)
Real property transfer tax	970,000	1,010,609	40,609
Marriage licenses	7,500	7,750	250

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Excise tax	15,000	20,222	5,222
Senior citizens fees	61,822	67,654	5,832
ABC fees	4,800	5,610	810
Total permits and fees	3,616,720	2,822,538	(794,182)
Sales and Services:			
Jail fees	50,000	26,759	(23,241)
Civil process fees	60,000	23,669	(36,331)
Ambulance fees	218,401	226,649	8,248
Ancillary services	44,000	40,238	(3,762)
Travel and tourism administrative fees	52,750	38,250	(14,500)
Video programming distribution	72,500	32,148	(40,352)
Telephone charges	43,000	12,958	(30,042)
Vending machines	1,000	478	(522)
Recreation department	790,050	737,520	(52,530)
Rents	47,440	46,158	(1,282)
Unclaimed property	25,000	-	(25,000)
Trolley fares	7,000	5,011	(1,989)
Total sales and services	1,411,141	1,189,838	(221,303)
Investment Earnings	2,126,007	2,155,361	29,354
Miscellaneous	705,867	424,214	(281,653)
Total revenues	92,872,018	87,763,297	(5,108,721)
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Governing body:			
Salaries and employee benefits	167,408	162,740	4,668
Operating	212,651	168,269	44,382
Total	380,059	331,009	49,050
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	615,339	610,285	5,054
Operating	31,494	20,345	11,149
Capital outlay	5,109	3,792	1,317
Total	651,942	634,422	17,520

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Elections:			
Salaries and employee benefits	369,678	328,375	41,303
Operating	323,683	257,828	65,855
Capital outlay	12,590	4,009	8,581
Total	705,951	590,212	115,739
Finance:	000.004	000.051	
Salaries and employee benefits	839,934	839,371	563
Operating	48,735	37,118	11,617
Total	892,901	880,714	12,187
Human resources:			
Salaries and employee benefits	192,990	190,769	2,221
Operating	51,171	33,710	17,461
Capital outlay	4,053	3,806	247
Total	248,214	228,285	19,929
Computer services:			
Salaries and employee benefits	473,483	473,201	282
Operating	768,650	582,175	186,475
Capital outlay	82,592	46,390	36,202
Total	1,324,725	1,101,766	222,959
Tax collections:			
Salaries and employee benefits	304,881	304,877	4
Operating	37,422	33,984	3,438
Capital outlay	38,652	23,646	15,006
Total	380,955	362,507	18,448
Tax assessments:			
Salaries and employee benefits	769,519	738,526	30,993
Operating	181,077	147,959	33,118
Capital outlay	62,684	58,659	4,025
Total	1,013,280	945,144	68,136
GIS mapping:			
Salaries and employee benefits	74,863	74,834	29
Operating	29,083	23,361	5,722
Total	103,946	98,195	5,751

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Legal services	379,712	364,711	15,001
		501,711	10,001
Register of Deeds:			
Salaries and employee benefits	423,584	422,017	1,567
Operating	112,675	102,544	10,131
Capital outlay	56,396	55,881	515
Total	592,655	580,442	12,213
Public Works:			
Salaries and employee benefits	70,622	70,448	174
Operating	1,100	1,047	53
Total	71,722	71,495	227
Maintenance			
Maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits	3,695,655	3,580,306	115,349
Operating	3,632,001	3,370,679	261,322
Capital outlay	1,322,017	1,282,886	39,131
Total	8,649,673	8,233,871	415,802
1041		0,200,071	
Court facilities:			
Operating	85,325	65,326	19,999
Capital outlay	132,794	131,055	1,739
Total	218,119	196,381	21,738
Professional services	55,000	42,800	12,200
Central services:			
Operating	197,000	116,229	80,771
	15 065 054	14 770 102	1 007 (71
Total general government	15,865,854	14,778,183	1,087,671
Public Safety:			
Sheriff:			
Salaries and employee benefits	6,429,411	5,573,217	856,194
Operating	1,112,321	861,606	250,715
Capital outlay	671,177	895,904	(224,727)
Total	8,212,909	7,330,727	882,182

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Jail:			
Salaries and employee benefits	2,349,219	1,658,820	690,399
Operating	937,803	867,963	69,840
Capital outlay	8,503	8,243	260
Total	3,295,525	2,535,026	760,499
Code enforcement:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,651,993	1,648,527	3,466
Operating	134,007	119,398	14,609
Capital outlay	42,789	42,774	15
Total	1,828,789	1,810,699	18,090
Emergency management:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,497,542	1,495,518	2,024
Operating	198,344	192,435	5,909
Capital outlay	116,777	115,237	1,540
Total	2,412,663	1,803,190	609,473
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits	623,454	598,105	25,349
Operating	3,041,534	2,943,733	97,801
Capital outlay	57,612	57,611	1
Total	3,722,600	3,599,449	123,151
Ambulance:			
Operating	3,528,295	3,378,630	149,665
Capital outlay	693,663	677,501	16,162
Total	4,221,958	4,056,131	165,827
Total public safety	23,694,444	21,135,222	2,559,222
Transportation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	699,052	677,881	21,171
Operating	260,554	153,122	107,432
Capital outlay	154,098	151,079	3,019
Total	1,113,704	982,082	131,622
Airport authority	31,000	31,000	<u> </u>
Total transportation	1,144,704	1,013,082	131,622

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Environmental Protection:			
Forestry	99,656	96,070	3,586
Economic and Physical Development:			
Planning and zoning:			
Salaries and employee benefits	385,090	384,344	746
Operating	143,600	115,790	27,810
Capital outlay	38,072	38,072	
Total	566,762	538,206	28,556
Community development	248,518	209,480	39,038
Agricultural extension:			
Salaries and employee benefits	201,056	127,490	73,566
Operating	42,860	38,363	4,497
Capital outlay	36,200	36,200	
Total	280,116	202,053	78,063
Conservation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	201,330	200,160	1,170
Operating	31,558	16,357	15,201
Total	232,888	216,517	16,371
Total economic and physical development	1,328,284	1,166,256	162,028
Human Services:			
Health:			
General health:			
Salaries and employee benefits	3,482,678	3,337,009	145,669
Operating	887,411	547,991	339,420
Capital outlay	126,950	68,206	58,744
Total	4,497,039	3,953,206	543,833
County health clinic:			
Salaries and employee benefits	200,402	192,708	7,694
Operating	48,750	29,752	18,998
Total	249,152	222,460	26,692

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Health assurance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	35,128	35,126	2
Operating	49,243	25,844	23,399
Total	84,371	60,970	23,401
Maternal and child health:			
Salaries and employee benefits	108,675	98,147	10,528
Operating	53,769	37,351	16,418
Total	162,444	135,498	26,946
WIC - administration and nutrition:			
Salaries and employee benefits	176,362	148,345	28,017
Operating	4,500	1,627	2,873
Total	180,862	149,972	30,890
Family planning:			
Salaries and employee benefits	157,196	132,963	24,233
Operating	64,093	56,360	7,733
Total	221,289	189,323	31,966
Communicable diseases:			
Operating	11,408	8,459	2,949
WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium:			
Salaries and employee benefits	71,290	65,427	5,863
Operating	747	698	49
Total	72,037	66,125	5,912
NC healthy start:			
Operating	40,000	38,987	1,013
Immunization action program:			
Operating	79,014	71,227	7,787
Breastfeeding:			
Salaries and employee benefits	23,642	23,538	104
Operating	820	557	263
Total	24,462	24,095	367
		· · · · ·	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Child services coordinator:			
Salaries and employee benefits	70,576	67,460	3,116
Operating	3,890	81	3,809
Total	74,466	67,541	6,925
Smart start:			
Salaries and employee benefits	73,473	9,738	63,735
Operating	3,000	366	2,634
Total	76,473	10,104	66,369
Other health services:			
Operating	155,352	154,339	1,013
Capital outlay	1,663	-	1,663
Total	157,015	154,339	2,676
Total health	5,930,032	5,152,306	777,726
Environmental Health:			
Animal shelter:			
Salaries and employee benefits	389,736	289,453	100,283
Operating	120,048	99,105	20,943
Capital outlay	50,492	49,948	544
Total	560,276	438,506	121,770
Environmental health:			
Operating	16,000	7,584	8,416
Bioterrorism:			
Salaries and employee benefits	32,579	32,576	3
Operating	10,600	3,752	6,848
Total	43,179	36,328	6,851
Total environmental health	619,455	482,418	137,037
Mental health:			
Vaya health	123,081	123,081	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Social Services:			
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	6,238,592	5,857,323	381,269
Operating	870,290	523,628	346,662
Capital outlay	239,460	215,824	23,636
Total	7,348,342	6,596,775	751,567
Other services:			
Adult guardianship	10,000	4,003	5,997
Special assistance	201,000	136,928	64,072
Medical care	65,000	54,084	10,916
Foster care	852,500	852,189	311
Aid to the blind	4,407	-	4,407
Food stamp administration	7,734	6,842	892
Crisis intervention	128,207	60,895	67,312
Adult day care	10,663	3,050	7,613
Emergency assistance	23,452	8,107	15,345
IV-D	34,000	24,814	9,186
LIEAP	512,567	128,845	383,722
Child care services	81,490	81,490	-
Other	453,733	246,202	207,531
Total	2,384,753	1,607,449	777,304
Indian reservation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	180,026	43,579	136,447
Operating	34,635	18,517	16,118
Capital outlay	3,600	-	3,600
Total	218,261	62,096	156,165
Emergency food and shelter	11,871	1,000	10,871
Focal point on aging:			
Salaries and employee benefits	678,646	635,643	43,003
Operating	232,862	194,508	38,354
Capital outlay	65,681	65,681	
Total	977,189	895,832	81,357
Total social services	10,940,416	9,163,152	1,777,264

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Eldercare coalition:			
Salaries and employee benefits	349,400	349,393	7
Operating	342,463	325,696	16,767
Total	691,863	675,089	16,774
Veteran's service officer:			
Salaries and employee benefits	143,157	127,653	15,504
Operating	19,160	16,108	3,052
Total	162,317	143,761	18,556
Other human services	610,031	602,966	7,065
Total human services	19,077,195	16,342,773	2,734,422
Culture and Recreation: Recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	1,254,414	1,156,279	98,135
Operating	726,246	644,943	81,303
Capital outlay	603,033	574,982	28,051
Total	2,583,693	2,376,204	207,489
Arts council	10,000	10,000	
Library	1,342,101	1,342,101	
Swimming pool:			
Salaries and employee benefits	54,912	48,659	6,253
Operating	59,900	59,207	693
Capital outlay	27,100	14,664	12,436
Total	141,912	122,530	19,382
Cashiers recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	508,240	438,269	69,971
Operating	345,670	292,973	52,697
Capital outlay	109,606	63,525	46,081
Total	963,516	794,767	168,749
Cashiers swimming pool:			
Total culture and recreation	5,041,222	4,645,602	395,620

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Education:			
Public schools - current	8,809,497	8,809,497	-
Public schools - timber receipts	147,605	147,605	-
Public schools - capital outlay	1,585,700	1,585,300	400
Public schools - counselors	460,511	460,511	-
Community colleges - current	2,635,757	2,635,757	-
Community colleges - capital outlay	240,126	240,126	
Total education	13,879,196	13,878,796	400
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement	4,107,107	4,107,107	-
Interest and other charges	1,004,568	1,004,568	
Total debt service	5,111,675	5,111,675	
Contingency	2,132,615	<u>-</u>	(2,132,615)
Total expenditures	87,374,845	78,167,659	9,207,186
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,497,173	9,595,638	4,098,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers from (to) other funds:			
Capital Reserve Fund	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
ARPA Fund	600,000	600,000	-
Economic Development Commission Fund	(175,000)	(175,000)	-
School Capital Reserve Fund	(5,175,725)	(4,501,207)	674,518
Revaluation Fund	(350,500)	(350,500)	-
County Capital Projects Fund	(400,000)	(400,000)	-
Greenways Project Fund	(2,336,708)	(2,336,708)	-
Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	(23,000)	(23,000)	-
Green Energy Park Fund	(296,400)	(296,400)	-
Conservation/Preservation Fund	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
School Capital Reserve Fund	800,038	800,038	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	100,000	93,830	(6,170)
Appropriated fund balance	3,260,122	_	(3,260,122)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,497,173)	(8,088,947)	(2,591,774)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	1,506,691	\$ 1,506,691
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		41,824,427	
End of year, June 30		\$ 43,331,118	

	Budget		Actual		variance ver/Under
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Tax listing	\$	570,063	\$	561,843	\$ 8,220
Capital outlay		30,437		29,796	 641
Total expenditures		600,500		591,639	 8,861
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(600,500)		(591,639)	 (8,861)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from General Fund		350,500		350,500	-
Fund balance appropriation		250,000		_	 (250,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		600,500		350,500	 (250,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$			(241,139)	\$ (241,139)
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1				286,317	
Ending of year, June 30			\$	45,178	

	 Budget	 Actual	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:			
Investment earnings	\$ 118,428	\$ 121,832	\$ 3,404
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer from General Fund	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Transfer to County Capital Projects Fund	 (1,118,428)	 -	 1,118,428
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (118,428)	 1,000,000	 1,118,428
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	1,121,832	\$ 1,121,832
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		 1,815,163	
End of year, June 30		\$ 2,936,995	

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$ 89,011	<u>\$ 89,011</u>	<u>\$</u>		
Expenditures:					
Environmental protection:					
Conservation	589,011	245,605	343,406		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(500,000)	(156,594)	(343,406)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from General Fund	500,000	500,000			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	343,406	\$ 343,406		
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1		1,852,110			
End of year, June 30		<u>\$ 2,195,516</u>			

	Budget			Actual	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:	Duuget				
Insurance contributions:					
General government	\$	1,924,597	\$	1,883,299	\$ (41,298)
Public safety		2,318,880		2,269,122	(49,758)
Transportation		167,186		163,599	(3,587)
Economic and physical development		181,783		177,882	(3,901)
Human services		2,732,500		2,673,867	(58,633)
Recreation		339,001		331,727	(7,274)
Refunds		400,000		409,064	9,064
Investment earnings		20,000		162,864	142,864
Total revenues		8,083,947		8,071,424	 (12,523)
Expenditures:					
Insurance claims:					
General government		2,000,918		1,747,667	253,251
Public safety		2,410,837		2,105,703	305,134
Transportation		173,816		151,817	21,999
Economic and physical development		188,991		165,071	23,920
Human services		2,840,860		2,481,299	359,561
Recreation		352,445		307,836	44,609
Contract services		81,080		80,728	352
Miscellaneous		35,000		-	 35,000
Total expenditures		8,083,947		7,040,121	 1,043,826
Net change in fund balance	\$			1,031,303	\$ 1,031,303
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1				4,216,125	
End of year, June 30			\$	5,247,428	

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			 Actual					
	Au	Project Ithorization	 Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:						_		
Restricted intergovernmental:								
State grants:								
NC Division of Water infrastructure	\$	1,288,707	\$ 1,288,707	\$	-	\$	1,288,707	\$ -
Other restricted revenues:								
Eastern Band Cherokee Indians		118,560	118,560		-		118,560	-
Investment earnings		235,155	 50,068		17,747	_	67,815	 (167,340)
Total revenues		1,642,422	 1,457,335		17,747		1,475,082	 (167,340)
Expenditures:								
Education:								
Security upgrades		700,000	504,753		136,549		641,302	58,698
Water and sewer		1,441,207	1,424,596		-		1,424,596	16,611
Water infrastructure		68,400	11,383		-		11,383	57,017
Blue Ridge School		3,525,359	3,292,503		-		3,292,503	232,856
Fairview Elementary School		3,288,215	3,028,015		203,550		3,231,565	56,650
Smoky Mountain High		6,317,487	5,665,301		291,898		5,957,199	360,288
Cullowhee Valley School		1,393,615	1,392,260		-		1,392,260	1,355
Scotts Creek School		20,743	12,382		-		12,382	8,361
Smoky Mountain Elementary		1,851,233	1,631,048		197,353		1,828,401	22,832
Capital outlay		855,947	 469,373		-	_	469,373	 386,574
Total expenditures		19,462,206	 17,431,614		829,350		18,260,964	 1,201,242
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(17,819,784)	 (15,974,279)		(811,603)		(16,785,882)	 1,033,902
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers from (to) other funds:								
School Capital Reserve Fund		4,810,337	4,741,730		-		4,741,730	(68,607)
General Fund		2,050,000	2,050,000		-		2,050,000	-
School Capital Project Fund		1,959,447	1,959,447		-		1,959,447	-
Proceeds from installment obligation		9,000,000	 9,000,000		-		9,000,000	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,819,784	 17,751,177				17,751,177	 (68,607)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 1,776,898		(811,603)	\$	965,295	\$ 965,295
Fund Balance:								
Beginning of year, July 1					1,776,898			
End of year, June 30					965,295			
Amounts reported for revenue, expenditures and char in fund balance are different from the budget/actual s due to consolidation of the School Capital Reserve Fu	tateme	nt						
Revenues					160,134			
Transfers from the General Fund					4,501,207			
Transfers to General Fund					(800,038)			
Fund balance, beginning (School Capital Reserve Funder)	nd)				4,260,781			
Fund balance, ending (Consolidated School Improver	ments	Fund)		<u>\$</u>	9,087,379			

	 Budget	 Actual		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ 160,155	\$ 160,134	\$	(21)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds:				
General Fund	5,175,726	4,501,207		(674,519)
Transfers to other funds:				
General Fund for debt service	 (5,335,881)	 (800,038)		4,535,843
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (160,155)	 3,701,169		3,861,324
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	3,861,303	\$	3,861,303
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year, July 1		 4,260,781		
End of year, June 30		\$ 8,122,084		

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - SCC HEALTH SCIENCE BUILDING FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
NC Connect bonds	\$ 5,445,597	\$ 5,445,597	\$ -	\$ 5,445,597	\$ -
Economic Development Grant	2,015,395	2,015,395	-	2,015,395	-
Investment earnings	16,055	16,054		16,054	(1)
Total revenues	7,477,047	7,477,046		7,477,046	(1)
Expenditures:					
Education:					
Architect fees	1,738,732	1,738,676	-	1,738,676	56
Engineering costs	194,785	194,511	-	194,511	274
Construction	33,400	33,398	-	33,398	2
Technology and security	18,719,238	18,588,768	-	18,588,768	130,470
Contingency	11,055				11,055
Total expenditures	20,697,210	20,555,353		20,555,353	141,857
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,220,163)	(13,078,307)		(13,078,307)	141,856
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds:		2 220 1 (2		2 2 2 2 1 (2	
School Capital Reserve Fund	3,220,163	3,220,163	-	3,220,163	-
Installment purchase obligations issued	10,000,000	10,000,000		10,000,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,220,163	13,220,163		13,220,163	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 141,856</u>	-	<u>\$ 141,856</u>	<u>\$ 141,856</u>
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			141,856		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ 141,856</u>		

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - PARKS PROJECT FUND - MAJOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Actual						
	Au	Project thorization		Prior Years		Current Year		Total to Date	Variance ver/Under
Revenues:									
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	590,000	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$ (500,000)
Investment earnings		92,039		-		92,038		92,038	(1)
Total revenues		682,039				182,038	_	182,038	 (500,001)
Expenditures:									
Culture and recreation:									
Construction		3,322,255		86,075		149,898		235,973	 3,086,282
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,640,216)		(86,075)		32,140		(53,935)	 2,586,281
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds:									
General Fund		1,868,454		1,868,454		-		1,868,454	-
School Capital Reserve Fund		771,762		-		-		-	 (771,762)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,640,216		1,868,454		-		1,868,454	 (771,762)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	1,782,379		32,140	\$	1,814,519	\$ 1,814,519
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year, July 1						1,782,379			
End of year, June 30					\$	1,814,519			

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - COUNTY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Project Authorization		Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	\$	300,000	\$ -	\$ 233,616	\$ 233,616	\$ (66,384)	
Restricted intergovernmental		2,348,997	140,149	174,500	314,649	(2,034,348)	
Total revenues		2,648,997	140,149	408,116	548,265	(2,100,732)	
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Skyland Services Center:							
Architect fees		72,000	60,965	-	60,965	11,035	
Construction		6,773,963	1,519,299	643,261	2,162,560	4,611,403	
Site acquisition		458,625	408,625	50,063	458,688	(63)	
Furnishings		141,980	131,995	7,661	139,656	2,324	
Total Skyland Services Center		7,446,568	2,120,884	700,985	2,821,869	4,624,699	
Cashiers code enforcement:							
Construction		211,505	211,505	-	211,505	-	
Equipment		7,000	7,000		7,000		
Total cashiers code enforcement		218,505	218,505		218,505		
Contingency		6,711				6,711	
Total expenditures		7,671,784	2,339,389	700,985	3,040,374	4,631,410	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(5,022,787)	(2,199,240)	(292,869)	(2,492,109)	2,530,678	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in:							
Capital Reserve Fund		2,293,505	2,075,000	_	2,075,000	(218,505)	
General Fund		2,729,282	2,174,498	400,000	2,574,498	(154,784)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,022,787	4,249,498	400,000	4,649,498	(373,289)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,022,787	4,249,498	400,000	4,049,498	(373,289)	
Closed out projects			223,254		223,254	223,254	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$ 2,273,512	107,131	\$ 2,380,643	\$ 2,380,643	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year, July 1				2,273,512			
End of year, June 30				\$ 2,380,643			

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - RECREATION CENTER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	<u>\$ 1,170,000</u>	<u>\$ 717,949</u>	\$ 549,129	\$ 1,267,078	<u>\$ 97,078</u>	
Expenditures:						
Culture and recreation:						
Savannah/Greens Creek Park	25,351,308	11,444,324	10,824,715	22,269,039	3,082,269	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(24,181,308)	(10,726,375)	(10,275,586)	(21,001,961)	3,179,347	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds:						
General Fund	4,181,308	4,622,772	-	4,622,772	441,464	
Installment purchase obligations issued	20,000,000	20,000,000		20,000,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	24,181,308	24,622,772		24,622,772	441,464	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	\$ 13,896,397	(10,275,586)	\$ 3,620,811	\$ 3,620,811	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1			13,896,397			
End of year, June 30			\$ 3,620,811			

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Revenue Pro		Capital Projects Funds		Total		
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,936,953	\$	2,211,243	\$	4,148,196	
Accounts receivable, net		20,087		12,276		32,363	
Taxes receivable	<u> </u>	25,361	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	25,361	
Total assets	\$	1,982,401	\$	2,223,519	\$	4,205,920	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,255	\$	28,702	\$	30,957	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Prepaid taxes		296		-		296	
Property taxes receivable		25,361		-		25,361	
Total deferred inflows of resources		25,657		-		25,657	
Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Stabilization by state statute		20,087		12,276		32,363	
Public safety		1,111,198		-		1,111,198	
Economic and physical development		823,204		-		823,204	
Committed:							
Recreation		-		2,182,541		2,182,541	
Total fund balances		1,954,489		2,194,817		4,149,306	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,982,401	\$	2,223,519	\$	4,205,920	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total	
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,112,433	\$ -	\$ 2,112,433	
Restricted intergovernmental	363,903	-	363,903	
Sales and services	834	-	834	
Investment earnings	46,999	-	46,999	
Total revenues	2,524,169		2,524,169	
Expenditures:				
Current:	0.551.000	222.246	2 774 570	
Public safety	2,551,333	223,246	2,774,579	
Economic and physical development	329,130	-	329,130	
Culture and recreation	-	303,277	303,277	
Total expenditures	2,880,463	526,523	3,406,986	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(356,294)	(526,523)	(882,817)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	198,000	2,336,708	2,534,708	
Net change in fund balances	(158,294)	1,810,185	1,651,891	
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1	2,112,783	384,632	2,497,415	
End of year, June 30	\$ 1,954,489	\$ 2,194,817	\$ 4,149,306	



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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- Emergency Telephone System Fund This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems.
- Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund This fund accounts for State grants received and expended for software and equipment.
- Fire Service's Districts Fund This fund accounts for taxes collected to use for fire safety in the County.
- Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund This fund accounts for federal grants and local matching funds received and expended for community development.
- Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Clean Water Management Trust Fund through a revolving loan fund, as well as in-kind local contributions.
- Economic Development Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Community Development Block Grant from the Small Cities Program through a revolving loan fund.
- Economic Development Commission Fund This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission and is used to account for revenues from member towns and economic development loans.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Emergency Telephone System Fund		Telephone Enforcement System Block Grant		Fire Service Districts Fund		EnforcementServiceBlock GrantDistricts		Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund	
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	808,848	\$	58,958	\$	244,422	\$	47,293		
Accounts receivable, net		11,866		4,718		3,393		-		
Taxes receivable		<u> </u>		-		25,361				
Total assets	\$	820,714	\$	63,676	\$	273,176	\$	47,293		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	734	\$		\$		\$			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Prepaid taxes		-		-		296		-		
Taxes receivable		-		-		25,361		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				25,657		-		
Fund Balances: Restricted:										
Stabilization by state statute		11,866		4,718		3,393		-		
Public safety		808,114		58,958		244,126		-		
Economic and physical development		-		-		-		47,293		
Total fund balances		819,980		63,676		247,519		47,293		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			¢		¢		¢			
resources and fund balances	\$	820,714	\$	63,676	\$	273,176	\$	47,293		

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund		Economic Economic Developmen Development Commissio Fund Fund		velopment ommission	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,842	\$ 686,938	\$	88,652	\$ 1,936,953
Accounts receivable, net		-	-		110	20,087
Taxes receivable		-	 -		-	 25,361
Total assets	\$	1,842	\$ 686,938	\$	88,762	\$ 1,982,401
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		\$ 	\$	1,521	\$ 2,255
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Prepaid taxes Taxes receivable		-	-		-	296 25,361
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	 -			 25,657
Fund Balances: Restricted:						
Stabilization by state statute		-	-		110	20,087
Public safety		-	-		-	1,111,198
Economic and physical development		1,842	 686,938		87,131	 823,204
Total fund balances		1,842	 686,938		87,241	 1,954,489
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,842	\$ 686,938	\$	88,762	\$ 1,982,401

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Emergency Telephone System Fund	Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund	Fire Service Districts Fund	Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,112,433	\$ -
Restricted intergovernmental	207,349	6,780	-	8,385
Sales and services	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	22,742			
Total revenues	230,091	6,780	2,112,433	8,385
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Economic and physical development Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures	268,910 	34,119 	2,248,304 	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds				
Net change in fund balances	(38,819)	(27,339)	(135,871)	8,385
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1	858,799	91,015	383,390	38,908
End of year, June 30	\$ 819,980	\$ 63,676	\$ 247,519	\$ 47,293

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	Economic Development Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,112,433
Restricted intergovernmental	-	-	141,389	363,903
Sales and services	-	834	-	834
Investment earnings		24,257		46,999
Total revenues		25,091	141,389	2,524,169
Expenditures: Current:				
Public safety	-	-	_	2,551,333
Economic and physical development	23,000	2,918	303,212	329,130
Total expenditures	23,000	2,918	303,212	2,880,463
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,000)	22,173	(161,823)	(356,294)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	23,000		175,000	198,000
Net change in fund balances	-	22,173	13,177	(158,294)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of year, July 1	1,842	664,765	74,064	2,112,783
End of year, June 30	\$ 1,842	\$ 686,938	\$ 87,241	\$ 1,954,489

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:					
Other taxes and licenses:					
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Wireless 911 funds	\$	244,873	\$ 207,349	\$ (37,524)	
Investment earnings		22,170	 22,742	572	
Total revenues		267,043	 230,091	(36,952)	
Expenditures:					
Public safety:					
Operating		264,700	154,968	109,732	
Capital outlay		294,243	 113,942	180,301	
Total		558,943	 268,910	290,033	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(291,900)	(38,819)	253,081	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer in:					
Appropriated fund balance		291,900	 	(291,900)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		(38,819)	<u>\$ (38,819)</u>	
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			 858,799		
End of year, June 30			\$ 819,980		

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PSAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported on the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget and actual are different from the PSAP revenue-expenditure report because:	
Beginning fund balance, budget and actual schedule	\$ 858,799
Cumulative prior period revenues and expenditures not reported on the PSAP report but reported on the Emergency Telephone System	
Fund budget and actual schedule	 (58,655)
Beginning fund balance, PSAP revenue-expenditure report	 800,144
Net change in fund balance, reported budget and actual	(38,819)
Current revenues and expenditures not reported on the PSAP report but reported on	
the Emergency Telephone System Fund budget and actual schedule	 50,428
Net change in fund balance, PSAP report	 11,609
Ending fund balance, PSAP revenue-expenditure report	\$ 811,753

LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:	¢	15.000	ሰ	(700	¢	(8.220)
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	15,000	\$	6,780	\$	(8,220)
Expenditures: Public safety:						
Capital outlay		35,000		34,119		881
Net change in fund balance	\$			(27,339)	\$	(27,339)
Fund Balance: Beginning balance, July 1				91,015		
Ending balance, June 30			\$	63,676		

FIRE SERVICES DISTRICTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget			Actual		/ariance /er/Under_
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes:						
Current year and prior	\$	2,023,659	\$	2,106,366	\$	82,707
Penalties and interest		6,700		6,067		(633)
Total revenues		2,030,359		2,112,433		82,074
Expenditures:						
Public safety:						
Fire districts:						
Cashiers-Glenville		2,164,304		2,164,304		-
Highlands		84,000		84,000		-
Contingency		42,055		-		42,055
Total expenditures		2,290,359		2,248,304		42,055
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(260,000)		(135,871)		124,129
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Appropriated fund balance		260,000				(260,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$			(135,871)	\$	(135,871)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1				383,390		
End of year, June 30			\$	247,519		

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SCATTERED SITE PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Actual						
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under				
Revenues:									
Restricted intergovernmental:									
NC Economic Recovery									
Program project	\$ 13,105	\$ 48,576	\$ 8,385	\$ 56,961	\$ 43,856				
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000		1,000					
Total revenues	14,105	49,576	8,385	57,961	43,856				
Expenditures:									
Economic and physical development:									
Operating	94,540	94,540		94,540					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(80,435)	(44,964)	8,385	(36,579)	43,856				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers from other funds	80,435	83,872		83,872	3,437				
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 38,908	8,385	<u>\$ 47,293</u>	\$ 47,293				
Fund Balance:									
Beginning of year, July 1			38,908						
End of year, June 30			\$ 47,293						

CLEAN WATER REVOLVING LOAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	В	Budget	А	ctual	Variance Over/Under
Expenditures:					
Economic and physical development:					
Operating	\$	23,000	\$	23,000	<u>\$</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(23,000)		(23,000)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer from General Fund		23,000		23,000	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			-	<u>\$ </u>
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1				1,842	
Ending of year, June 30			\$	1,842	

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget		 Actual		ariance er/Under
Revenues:					
Sales and services	\$	2,918	\$ 834	\$	(2,084)
Investment earnings		25,099	 24,257		(842)
Total revenues		28,017	 25,091	. <u> </u>	(2,926)
Expenditures:					
Economic and physical development:					
Operating		2,918	2,918		-
Reserve for economic development		25,099	 -		25,099
Total expenditures		28,017	 2,918		25,099
Net change in fund balance	\$		22,173	\$	22,173
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			 664,765		
End of year, June 30			\$ 686,938		

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget		Actual		Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Restricted Intergovernmental	\$ 120),500 \$	141,389	\$	20,889	
Investment earnings		50	-		(50)	
Total revenues	120),550	141,389		20,839	
Expenditures:						
Economic and physical development:						
Salaries and employee benefits	116	5,317	115,520		797	
Operating		9,791	136,803		22,988	
Loans, development, and capital improvement	4(),000	50,889		(10,889)	
Total expenditures	316	5,108	303,212		12,896	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(195	5,558)	(161,823)		33,735	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in:						
Transfer from General Fund		5,000	175,000		-	
Appropriated fund balance),558	-		(20,558)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	195	5,558	175,000		(20,558)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		13,177	\$	13,177	
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year, July 1			74,064			
End of year, June 30		\$	87,241			



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CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

- Dillsboro Complex Project Fund This fund is used to account for the construction on the Dillsboro Complex, which will be financed primarily by the Capital Reserve Fund.
- Greenways Project Fund This fund is used to account for the construction of a greenway, which will be funded primarily with restricted intergovernmental revenue.



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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Dillsboro Complex Project Fund		Greenways Project Fund		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,215	\$	2,152,028	\$	2,211,243
Accounts receivable, net		12,276		-		12,276
Total assets	\$	71,491	\$	2,152,028	\$	2,223,519
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	\$	28,702	\$		\$	28,702
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Stabilization by state statute		12,276		-		12,276
Committed:						
Recreation		30,513		2,152,028		2,182,541
Total fund balances		42,789		2,152,028		2,194,817
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	71,491	\$	2,152,028	\$	2,223,519

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Dillsboro Complex Project Fund		Greenways Project Fund		ľ	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety Culture and recreation	\$	223,246	\$	- 303,277	\$	223,246 303,277
Total expenditures		223,246		303,277		526,523
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(223,246)		(303,277)		(526,523)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds	<u>.</u>			2,336,708		2,336,708
Net change in fund balances		(223,246)		2,033,431		1,810,185
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, July 1		266,035		118,597		384,632
End of year, June 30	\$	42,789	\$	2,152,028	\$	2,194,817

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - DILLSBORO COMPLEX PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		_					
	Project <u>Authoriza</u> t		Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:							
Investment earnings	<u>\$ 10</u>	000 \$	<u>9,805</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 9,805</u>	<u>\$ (195)</u>	
Expenditures:							
Recreation:							
Construction cost	5,671	023	5,404,793	223,246	5,628,039	42,984	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,661	.023)	(5,394,988)	(223,246)	(5,618,234)	42,789	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers from other funds:							
General Fund	224	326	224,326	-	224,326	-	
Health department	46	697	46,697	-	46,697	-	
Capital Reserve Fund	5,390	000	5,390,000		5,390,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,661	023	5,661,023		5,661,023		
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	- \$	5 266,035	(223,246)	\$ 42,789	\$ 42,789	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year, July 1				266,035			
End of year, June 30				<u>\$ 42,789</u>			

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - GREENWAYS PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Actual							
		Project		Prior		Current		Total to		Variance
	Au	thorization		Years		Year	_	Date	0	ver/Under
Revenues:										
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	435,000	\$	435,000	\$	-	\$	435,000	\$	-
Gifts and donations		219,750		219,742				219,742		(8)
Total revenues		654,750		654,742		-		654,742		(8)
Expenditures:										
Culture and recreation:										
Construction		4,178,356		1,728,794		303,277		2,032,071		2,146,285
Engineering fees		95,415		89,664		-		89,664		5,751
Total expenditures		4,273,771		1,818,458		303,277		2,121,735		2,152,036
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,619,021)		(1,163,716)		(303,277)		(1,466,993)		2,152,028
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers from other funds:										
General Fund		3,619,021		1,282,313		2,336,708		3,619,021		
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	118,597		2,033,431	\$	2,152,028	\$	2,152,028
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year, July 1						118,597				
End of year, June 30					\$	2,152,028				

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

- Landfill Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's solid waste activities.
- Green Energy Park Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of Jackson County Green Energy Park.
- Economic Development Commission Fund This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission, in which the County took title to two industrial facilities. The buildings are currently leased and generate rental income for the County.



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MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget		 Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	5,170,072	\$ 5,064,424	\$	(105,648)	
Non-operating revenues:						
Scrap tire disposal fee		75,000	82,900		7,900	
White goods tax		20,000	25,165		5,165	
Electronics tax		4,000	1,613		(2,387)	
Scrap tire grant		25,121	1,320		(23,801)	
Miscellaneous		4,500	2,377		(2,123)	
Interest earned on investments		24,325	 22,383		(1,942)	
Total non-operating revenues		152,946	 135,758		(17,188)	
Total revenues		5,323,018	 5,200,182		(122,836)	
Expenditures:						
Landfill operations:						
Salaries and employee benefits		578,171	575,718		2,453	
Operations		2,926,940	2,916,371		10,569	
Supplies		46,550	48,335		(1,785)	
Repairs and maintenance		68,410	64,759		3,651	
Contracted services		1,332,700	1,323,079		9,621	
Capital outlay	_	53,000	 52,875		125	
Total		5,005,771	 4,981,137		24,634	
Debt service:						
Debt principal		310,296	310,295		1	
Interest and other charges		6,951	5,793		1,158	
Total		317,247	 316,088		1,159	
Total expenditures		5,323,018	 5,297,225		25,793	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$ (97,043)	\$	(97,043)	

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JACKSON COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND LANDFILL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Variance
_	Budget	 Actual	Over/Under
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified			
Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis:			
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		\$ (97,043)	
Change in compensated absences		2,226	
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB		(45,290)	
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB		20,491	
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits		47,605	
Increase in deferred outflow - pensions		35,373	
Decrease in deferred inflow - pensions		269	
(Increase) decrease in pensions		(75,872)	
Debt principal payment		310,295	
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		28,446	
Capital outlay		52,875	
Depreciation and amortization		 (250,806)	
Change in net position		\$ 28,569	

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Green Energy Park Fund		Economic Development Commission Fund		Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	297,237	\$	1,277,889	\$ 1,575,126	
Accounts receivable, net		4,483		-	 4,483	
Total current assets		301,720		1,277,889	 1,579,609	
Non-current assets:						
Depreciable assets, net of depreciation		40,450		554,371	 594,821	
Total assets		342,170		1,832,260	 2,174,430	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension deferrals		86,647		-	86,647	
OPEB deferrals		80,526		-	 80,526	
Total deferred outflows of resources		167,173		-	 167,173	
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		13,603		-	13,603	
Compensated absences, current		3,047		-	 3,047	
Total current liabilities		16,650			 16,650	
Non-current liabilities:						
Net pension liability - LGERS		138,835		-	138,835	
Compensated absences, non-current		9,142		-	9,142	
Total OPEB liability		291,518			 291,518	
Total non-current liabilities		439,495			 439,495	
Total liabilities		456,145			 456,145	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pension deferrals		216		-	216	
OPEB deferrals		149,740		_	 149,740	
Total deferred inflows of resources		149,956			 149,956	
Net Position:						
Restricted for:		10 1-1				
Net investment in capital assets		40,450		554,371	594,821	
Unrestricted		(137,208)		1,277,889	 1,140,681	
Total net position	\$	(96,758)	\$	1,832,260	\$ 1,735,502	

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Green Energy Park Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 24,830	<u>\$</u>	\$ 24,830		
Operating Expenses:					
Park operations	243,598	-	243,598		
Economic development operations	-	4,207	4,207		
Depreciation	1,943	17,292	19,235		
Total expenses	245,541	21,499	267,040		
Operating income (loss)	(220,711)	(21,499)	(242,210)		
Non-Operating Revenues:					
Investment earnings	8,135	32,924	41,059		
Donations	1,020		1,020		
Total non-operating revenues	9,155	32,924	42,079		
Income (loss) before transfers	(211,556)	11,425	(200,131)		
Transfers (to) from other funds	296,400		296,400		
Change in net position	84,844	11,425	96,269		
Net Position:					
Beginning of year, July 1	(181,602)	1,820,835	1,639,233		
End of year, June 30	<u>\$ (96,758)</u>	\$ 1,832,260	\$ 1,735,502		

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	een Energy ark Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Ionmajor Coprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 23,573	\$ -	\$ 23,573
Cash paid for goods and services	(90,670)	(4,207)	(94,877)
Cash paid to employees for services	 (144,441)	- (4.207)	 (144,441)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 (211,538)	(4,207)	 (215,745)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:			
Grants and donations	9,155	-	9,155
Transfers from other funds	 296,400		 296,400
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 305,555		 305,555
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	 	(39,070)	 (39,070)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest earned on investments	 -	32,924	 32,924
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	94,017	(10,353)	83,664
Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Beginning of year, July 1	 203,220	1,288,242	 1,491,462
End of year, June 30	\$ 297,237	\$ 1,277,889	\$ 1,575,126
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Uses) by Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (220,711)	<u>\$ (21,499)</u>	\$ (242,210)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation	1,943	17,292	19,235
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Change in deferred outflow - OPEB	22,645	-	22,645
Change in deferred inflow - OPEB	(10,246)	-	(10,246)
Change in other post-employment benefits	(23,802)	-	(23,802)
Change in deferred outflow - pensions	(17,686)	-	(17,686)
Change in deferred inflow - pensions	(135)	-	(135)
Change in pensions	37,936	-	37,936
Change in accounts receivable	(1,257)	-	(1,257)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(942)	-	(942)
Change in compensated absences	 717		 717
Total adjustments	 9,173	17,292	 26,465
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (211,538)	<u>\$ (4,207)</u>	\$ (215,745)

GREEN ENERGY PARK FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NON-GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 Budget	 Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services:			
Rents	\$ 18,000	\$ 15,291	\$ (2,709)
Registration fees	15,000	7,460	(7,540)
Gallery commission	 2,000	 2,079	79
Total operating revenues	 35,000	 24,830	(10,170)
Non-operating revenues:			
Donations	1,116	1,020	(96)
Interest earned on investments	 8,000	 8,135	135
Total non-operating revenues	 9,116	 9,155	39
Total revenues	 44,116	 33,985	(10,131)
Expenditures:			
Park operations:			
Salaries and employee benefits	225,166	121,356	103,810
Operating	 115,350	 113,530	1,820
Total	 340,516	 234,886	105,630
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (296,400)	 (200,901)	95,499
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfer in from General Fund	 296,400	 296,400	
Total expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	 44,116	 (61,514)	105,630
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	95,499	<u>\$ 95,499</u>
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis:			
Decrease in deferred outflow - OPEB		(22,645)	
Increase in deferred inflow - OPEB		10,246	
(Increase) decrease in other post-employment benefits		23,802	
Increase in deferred outflow - pensions		17,686	
Decrease in deferred inflow - pensions		135	
(Increase) decrease in pensions		(37,936)	
Depreciation		 (1,943)	
Change in net position		\$ 84,844	

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NON-GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Rents	\$ 15,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ (15,000)
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest earned on investments	33,000	32,924	(76)
interest earned on investments		52,924	(70)
Total revenues	48,000	32,924	(15,076)
Expenditures:			
Economic development operations:			
Operating	38,930	-	38,930
Insurance	5,000	4,207	793
Capital outlay	39,070	39,070	-
Total expenditures	83,000	43,277	39,723
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Appropriated fund balance	35,000		(35,000)
Total expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	48,000	43,277	4,723
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	(10,353)	<u>\$ (10,353)</u>
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual Basis:			
Capital outlay		39,070	
Depreciation		(17,292)	
•			
Change in net position		<u>\$ 11,425</u>	



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FIDUCIARY FUND SCHEDULES

The custodial funds are a fiduciary fund-type used to account for the assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other government entities.



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CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Municipal Tax Fund			Jail mate Pay Fund	(Total Custodial Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	562	\$	272,539	\$	273,101
Taxes receivables for other governments, net		11,754		1,562		13,316
Total assets		12,316		274,101		286,417
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		5,477		11,810		17,287
Net Position:						
Restricted for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	6,839	\$	262,291	\$	269,130

CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Municipal Tax Fund		Jail Inmate Pay Fund		Total Custodial Funds	
Additions:						
Ad valorem taxes for other governments	\$	509,072	\$	-	\$	509,072
Collections on behalf of inmates		-		210,210		210,210
Total additions		509,072		210,210		719,282
Deductions:						
Tax distributions to other governments		509,072		-		509,072
Payments on behalf of inmates	_	-		163,643		163,643
Total deductions		509,072		163,643		672,715
Change in fiduciary net position		-		46,567		46,567
Net position, beginning		6,839		215,724		222,563
Net position, ending	\$	6,839	\$	262,291	\$	269,130

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section includes additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy



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GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2024

Fiscal Year]	ncollected Balance ly 1, 2023		Additions	Collections and Credits		Incollected Balance Ine 30, 2024
2023-2024	\$	-	\$	47,060,559	\$ 46,654,046	\$	406,513
2022-2023		337,446		-	209,679		127,767
2021-2022		139,767		-	69,775		69,992
2020-2021		92,032		-	42,527		49,505
2019-2020		69,200		-	22,242		46,958
2018-2019		55,118		-	16,030		39,088
2017-2018		52,022		-	11,311		40,711
2016-2017		37,492		-	7,554		29,938
2015-2016		79,385		-	7,007		72,378
2014-2015		71,985		-	4,890		67,095
2013-2014		73,670		_	 73,670		-
Total	\$	1,008,117	\$	47,060,559	\$ 47,118,731	\$	949,945
Ad valorem taxes receiv General Fund Reconcilement with rev						<u>\$</u>	164,945
Ad valorem taxes - Gen	eral Fund					\$	47,328,037
Reconciling items:							
Penalties and interest co	ollected						(376,459)
Amounts written off for	tax year	2013-2014					73,670
Rental vehicle tax							(16,762)
Prior year releases, refu	nds, and o	other adjustme	nts				74,467
Other reconciling items							35,778
Total reconciling items							(209,306)
Total collections and cr	edits					\$	47,118,731

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Total Levy		
	Property	ounty-Wide	Property Excluding Registered Motor	Registered Motor		
0 H	Valuation	Rate	of Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles	
Original Levy: Property taxed at current						
year's rate	\$11,992,216,895	\$ 0.38	\$ 45,570,424	\$ 43,503,476	\$ 2,066,948	
Utilities at current year's rate	340,671,012	0.38	1,294,550	1,294,550		
Total	12,332,887,907		46,864,974	44,798,026	2,066,948	
Discoveries: Current year taxes	55,382,655	0.38	210,454	210,454		
Abatements/releases	(3,912,882)	0.38	(14,869)	(6,448)	(8,421)	
Total property valuation	<u>\$12,384,357,680</u>					
Net levy			47,060,559	45,002,032	2,058,527	
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2024			406,513	404,120	2,393	
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 46,654,046	\$ 44,597,912	\$ 2,056,134	
Current levy collection percentage			99.14%	99.10%	99.88%	

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT YEAR LEVY COUNTY-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:

Assessment ratio (1)	100%
Real property Personal property	\$ 11,672,074,984 712,282,696
Total assessed valuation	<u>\$ 12,384,357,680</u>
Tax rate per \$100 (2)	\$ 0.3800
Levy (includes discoveries, releases, and abatements) (3)	\$ 47,060,559
In addition to the County-wide rate, the County levies taxes on behalf of two fire districts:	
Fire districts	\$ 1,985,824
(1) Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.	
(2) Valuation of railroads, telephone companies, and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.	

(3) The levy includes interest and penalties



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