# Jackson County, North Carolina

**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended June 30, 2018



### JACKSON COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Sylva, North Carolina

List of Principal Officials

June 30, 2018

Board of County Commissioners

Brian T. McMahan, Chairperson Charles R. Elders Boyce T. Deitz Mickey Luker Ron Mau

**County Manager** 

Don Adams

**Finance Director** 

Darlene Fox

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### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of County Commissioners Jackson County, North Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units (except as noted below), each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, which is a discretely presented component unit that represents 26% of total assets, 13% of total net position, and 79% of total revenues for all discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts for the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority and the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements, beginning balances for governmental activities and business-type activities were restated due to the implementation of *GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* in 2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these changes.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 11 and the pension and OPEB schedules, identified in the table of contents, on pages 52 through 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Jackson County, North Carolina, basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America. In our opinion, the



combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2018, on our consideration of Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Asheville, North Carolina December 7, 2018

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

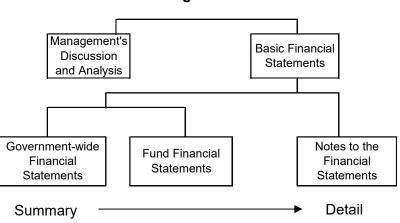
As management of Jackson County (the "County"), we offer readers of Jackson County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Jackson County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$35,459,643 (*net position*).
- The County's total net position decreased by \$22,972,264, of which \$22,658,372 was for a decrease in governmental activities and \$313,892 was for a decrease in business-type activities. The decrease in governmental activities is attributable to recording activity for Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB") as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Jackson County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$42,012,655, a decrease of \$2,599,729 in comparison with the prior year. 59 percent of this total amount, or \$24,662,874, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance.)
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$24,669,217, or 42 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds for the fiscal year.
- Jackson County's governmental activities long-term debt (excluding compensated absences, OPEB and pension related liabilities) decreased by \$3,525,256 during the current fiscal year. This is due to the repayment of notes payable.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Jackson County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Jackson County.



#### Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in that part of the statements.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. This includes the landfill services offered by Jackson County, the Green Energy Park, and the Economic Development Commission. The final category is the component units. The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority was created by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners on January 1, 2013 for the purpose of using occupancy tax funds collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all fifteen voting members of the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Authority and approves amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Airport Authority exists to operate, promote and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints two of the five voting members of the Jackson County Airport Authority, and also adopts the Airport Authority's budget and approves all budget amendments to the approved budget. The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board was created on May 1, 2014 for the purpose of operating two liquor stores in the County and for investigating violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints all of the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board's voting members.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Jackson County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Jackson County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statements of Net Position and the Statements.

Jackson County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** - Jackson County has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Jackson County uses enterprise funds to account for its landfill operations, Green Energy Park and the Economic Development Commission. These funds are the same as the separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statements of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Jackson County has six fiduciary funds, all of which are agency funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on Page 26 of this report.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Jackson	County's	Net	Position
	Figure	2	

		2018			2017	
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	G Total	overnmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ \$ 47,008,881 <u>66,647,916</u>	\$ 1,411,738 <u>5,383,731</u>	\$ 48,420,619 <u>72,031,647</u>	\$ 48,713,854 <u>66,875,720</u>	\$ 1,419,592 <u>5,527,605</u>	\$ 50,133,446 72,403,325
Total assets	<u>113,656,797</u>	6,795,469	<u>120,452,266</u>	<u>115,589,574</u>	6,947,197	122,536,771
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>8,024,377</u>	171,700	<u>8,196,077</u>	<u>1,359,297</u>	29,056	1,388,353
Long-term liabilities	80,702,921	2,694,888	83,397,809	58,518,440	2,547,225	61,065,665
Other liabilities	3,201,341	1,792,390	4,993,731	2,425,191	1,728,824	4,154,015
Total liabilities	83,904,262	4,487,278	88,391,540	60,943,631	4,276,049	65,219,680
Deferred inflows of resources	4,699,455	97,705	4,797,160	269,411	4,126	273,537
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	58,000,768 13,015,008 ( <u>37,938,319</u> )	3,858,827 	61,859,595 13,015,008 <u>(39,414,960</u> )	56,555,512 15,447,002 _(16,266,685)	3,768,101 (1,072,023)	60,287,169 15,447,002 _(17,338,708)
Total net position	<u>\$ 33,077,457</u>	<u>\$ 2,382 186</u>	<u>\$ 35,459,643</u>	<u>\$ 55,735,829</u>	<u>\$ 2,696,078</u>	<u>\$ 58,431,907</u>

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Jackson County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$35,459,643 as of June 30, 2018. The County's net position decreased by \$22,972,264 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, of which \$22,658,372 was for a decrease in governmental activities and \$313,892 was for a decrease in business-type activities. One of the largest portions of net position reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Jackson County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Jackson County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Jackson County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$39,414,960 is unrestricted deficit, which is primarily due to unfunded OPEB obligations and net pension liabilities.

Particular aspects of the County's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 97.56 percent, slightly below the statewide average of 98.9 percent for counties in the 25,000 – 49,999 population range; Increased revenue in property taxes due to growth within the County.

		2018			2017	
-	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Revenues:						
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 3,923,471	\$ 3,371,525	\$ 7,294,996	\$ 3,429,294	\$ 3,530,022	\$ 6,959,316
contributions Capital grants and	6,750,155	17,361	6,767,516	8,857,386	2,937	8,860,323
contributions General revenues:	410,080	-	410,080	409,543	-	409,543
Property taxes Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to	35,673,669 14,139,458	- 87,455	35,673,669 14,226,913		75,135	35,372,625 13,097,591
specific programs Other	254,861 <u>613,025</u>	- 21,107	254,861 <u>634,132</u>	372,298 <u>409,471</u>	- 24,315	372,298 <u>433,786</u>
Total revenues	61,764,719	3,497,448	65,262,167	61,873,073	3,632,409	65,505,482
Expenses: General government Public safety	8,499,124 15,078,381	-	8,499,124 15,078,381		-	10,912,462 16,724,221
Transportation Environmental protection Economic and physical	734,846 239,913	-	734,846 239,913	1,119,874	-	1,119,874 395,544
development Human services Culture and recreation Education	795,580 11,944,860 4,233,715 14,338,681		795,580 11,944,860 4,233,715 14,338,681	16,625,414 3,573,751 12,213,853	- - -	970,101 16,625,414 3,573,751 12,213,853
Interest and other charges Landfill Green Energy Park Economic Development	s 461,147 - -	3315,189 182,933	461,147 3,315,189 182,933	-	3,415,760 241,910	532,375 3,415,760 241,910
Commission	-	50,378	50,378		50,276	50,276
Total expenses Change in net position	56,326,247	3,548,500	<u>59,874,747</u>	<u>63,067,595</u>	<u>3,707,946</u>	66,775,541
before transfers	5,438,472	(51,052)	5,387,420	(1,194,522)	(75,537)	(1,270,059)
Transfers	(178,461)	178,461		(178,461)	178,461	
Change in net position	5,260,011	127,409	5,387,420	(1,372,983)	102,924	(1,270,059)
Net position, July 1 previously reported Cumulative effect	55,735,829	2,696,078	58,431,907	57,939,019	2,593,154	60,532,173
adjustment	<u>(27,918,383)</u>	(441,301)	28,359,684	(830,207)	<u> </u>	(830,207)
Net position July 1, as adjusted	27,817,446	2,254,777	30,072,223	<u> </u>	2,593,154	<u>59,701,966</u>
Net position, June 30	<u>\$ 33,077,457</u>	<u>\$ 2,382,186</u>	<u>\$ 35,459,643</u>	<u>\$ 55,735,829</u>	<u>\$ 2,696,078</u>	<u>\$ 58,431,907</u>

#### Jackson County's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

**Governmental Activities** - Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$22,658,372, thereby accounting for 98 percent of the total decrease in the net position of Jackson County. Key element of this decrease is as follows:

• The cumulative effect of implementing GASB Statement No. 75 as discussed earlier.

**Business-Type Activities** – Business-type activities decreased Jackson County's net position by \$313,892. The key element of this decrease is as follows:

• The cumulative effect of implementing GASB Statement No. 75 as discussed earlier.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Jackson County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds** – The focus of Jackson County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Jackson County's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Jackson County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$24,669,217, while total fund balance reached \$32,829,478. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to use all fund balance except for the amount restricted for stabilization by State statute, \$4,404,025. Fund balance available for appropriation of \$24,669,217 represents 42 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 59 percent of that same amount.

At June 30, 2018, the governmental funds of Jackson County reported a combined fund balance of \$42,012,655, a decrease of \$2,599,729. The primary reason for this decrease in fund balance is the additional expense from the QZAB bonds for education.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights** – During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain service. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenues by \$1,298,165.

**Proprietary Funds** – Jackson County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Net position of the Landfill, Green Energy Park, and Economic Development Commission Funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$2,382,186. The total decrease in net position for the funds was \$313,892. The net profit from operations was supplemented by a transfer in from the governmental funds. Other factors concerning the finances of the fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Jackson County's business-type activities.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital Assets** – Jackson County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018, totals \$72,031,647 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Purchased a Mitel Phone System for the Justice and Administration Building
- Purchased a Facility Management System for the Maintenance Department
- Purchased five 2018 Dodge Chargers; four 2018 Ford Explorers, and 2 Ford Trucks for Sheriff's Office
- Purchased a Driving Simulator for the Sheriff's Office with a grant
- Purchased a 2018 Ford Expedition; a 2018 Ford F150 Truck; and antenna for the Brown Mountain Site for Emergency Management.
- Purchased three servers for the Emergency Telephone System
- Purchased a 2018 Jeep Renegade for the Code Enforcement Department
- Purchased a 2018 Jeep Renegade for the Department of Social Services
- Purchased a 2018 Ford truck and a Playground for the Recreation Department
- Addition of construction in progress on the Savannah Park, Greenway, and Emergency Management Center Projects

#### Jackson County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Figure 4

		2018				
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type Activities	Total
Land Buildings and system Machinery and equipme Vehicles and motorized	\$ 15,428,817 42,236,531 nt 1,824,850	\$    196,433 1,173,294 4,014,003	\$ 15,625,250 43,409,825 5,838,853	44,129,259	\$ 182,414 1,264,627 4,080,564	\$ 15,611,231 45,393,886 5,938,142
equipment Construction in progress	1,576,154 <u>5,581,565</u>	-	1,576,154 <u>5,581,565</u>	, ,	-	1,474,044 3,986,022
Total	<u>\$ 66,647,917</u>	<u>\$    5,383,730</u>	<u>\$ 72,031,647</u>	<u>\$ 66,875,720</u>	<u>\$ 5,527,605</u>	<u>\$ 72,403,325</u>

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt** – As of June 30, 2018, Jackson County had total debt outstanding of \$25,870,394, most of which is collateralized by capital assets. However, approximately \$16,000,000 of the debt is collateralized by capital assets held by the Jackson County Board of Education under capital lease agreements. Those assets are not included in the County's capital assets.

#### Jackson County's Outstanding Debt Installment Purchase Obligations Figure 5

		2018			2017				
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business- type Activities	( Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total			
Total	<u>\$ 25,280,123</u>	<u>\$ 1,524,904</u>	<u>\$ 26,805,027</u>	<u>\$ 28,805,379</u>	<u>\$ 1,759,504</u>	<u>\$ 30,564,883</u>			

Jackson County's debt, shown above, decreased \$3,759,856 (12 percent) during the past fiscal year. The decrease is primarily due to the repayment of notes payable.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue up to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Jackson County is approximately \$741,559,415.

Additional information regarding Jackson County's long-term debt can be found in Note 2 of the basic financial statements.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County:

- The County's unemployment rate is 5 percent, slightly higher than the State average of 4.3 percent.
- Retail vacancy rates slightly increased, having stayed in the 3 percent range all year. Several rental units were added during the year. The County continues to see increases in room occupancy tax fees

#### Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

**Governmental Activities**: Property taxes and revenues for permits and fees are projected to increase. Adjustments have been made to programs that are currently in place.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase 3.9 percent to \$64,975,209. The largest increments are in the reinstatement of the career path program, decrease in debt transfers, and increased operational expenses.

**Business-type Activities**: General operating expenses of the Landfill Fund will decrease by \$898. Revenues from the sales of materials and volumes for tipping fees have increased slightly. An increase in sales of recycled materials is projected. Rates for landfill services will remain the same. The decrease is primarily due to debt repayments. The Green Energy Park Fund will increase by 5 percent due to professional services for the facility usage. The Economic Development Fund will increase slightly due to increased rental income.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Jackson County, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets:	• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,147,152	\$ 868,753	\$ 37,015,905
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3,354,714	-	3,354,714
Taxes receivable, net	1,526,597	-	1,526,597
Accounts receivable, net	1,726,280	416,042	2,142,322
Accrued interest receivable	174,337	10,297	184,634
Due from other governments	4,041,701	37,014	4,078,715
Notes receivable, net	38,100	79,632	117,732
Inventory and prepaids Capital assets:	-	-	-
Land and construction in progress	21,010,382	196,433	21,206,815
Other assets, net of depreciation	45,637,534	5,187,298	50,824,832
Total capital assets	66,647,916	5,383,731	72,031,647
Total assets	113,656,797	6,795,469	120,452,266
Deferred outflows of resources	8,024,377	171,700	8,196,077
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,882,671	219,547	3,102,218
Unearned revenue	-	13,286	13,286
Accrued interest payable	84,536	13,277	97,813
Deposits held for others	234,134	-	234,134
Due to other governments	-	-	-
Accrued landfill closure and post-			
closure care costs	-	1,546,280	1,546,280
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	3,525,255	234,601	3,759,856
Due in more than one year	77,177,666	2,460,287	79,637,953
Total liabilities	83,904,262	4,487,278	88,391,540
Deferred inflows of resources	4,699,455	97,705	4,797,160
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	58,000,768	3,858,827	61,859,595
Stabilization by State Statute	4,415,171	-	4,415,171
Register of Deeds	36,504	-	36,504
Education	6,852,925	-	6,852,925
Public safety	414,802	-	414,802
Economic and physical development Working capital	1,295,606	-	1,295,606
Unrestricted	- (37,938,319)	- (1,476,641)	- (39,414,960)
Total net position	\$ 33,077,457	\$ 2,382,186	\$ 35,459,643
	<i>ф</i> 00,011, <del>4</del> 01	÷ 2,002,100	φ 00,+00,0+0

Primary Government

ר Dev	son County Fourism velopment Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority		Jackson County BC Board
\$	408,135	\$ 97,289	\$	652,631
	-	-		-
	144,802	-		- 8,275
	-	2,342		0,275
	-	107,165		-
	-	-		-
	-	13,011		603,760
	-	4,818,067		-
	-	 59,593		874,611
	-	 4,877,660		874,611
	552,937	 5,097,467		2,139,277
		 		39,611
	17,129	14,296		500,451
	-	-		-
	-	-		-
	-	-		- 116,488
				110,100
	-	-		-
	-	-		28,505
	-	 -		596,891
	17,129	 14,296		1,242,335
		 		1,678
	-	4,877,660		249,215
	144,802	_		_
	-	-		-
	-	-		-
	-	-		-
	-	-		-
	- 391,006	- 205,511		141,215 544,445
\$	535,808	\$ 5,083,171	\$	934,875

#### **Program Revenues**

Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	8,499,124	\$	949,316	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		15,078,381		1,626,341		716,969		4,824
Transportation		734,846		65,204		335,781		159,060
Environmental protection		239,913		172,667		66,005		3,600
Economic and physical development		795,580		120,090		13,251		-
Human services		11,944,860		398,445		5,527,207		-
Cultural and recreation		4,233,715		591,408		-		242,596
Education		14,338,681		-		90,942		-
Interest on long-term debt		461,147		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		56,326,247		3,923,471		6,750,155		410,080
Business-type activities:								
Landfill		3,315,189		3,257,253		-		-
Green Energy Park		182,933		38,109		10,272		-
Economic Development Commission		50,378		76,163		-		-
Total business-type activities		3,548,500		3,371,525		10,272		-
Total primary government	\$	59,874,747	\$	7,294,996	\$	6,760,427	\$	410,080
Component units:								
Jackson County Tourism Development								
Authority	\$	1,149,754	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Jackson County Airport Authority		293,083		44,901		31,000		250,027
Jackson County ABC Board		4,699,060		4,830,730		-		-
Total component units	\$	6,141,897	\$	4,875,631	\$	31,000	\$	250,027
i otal component units		6,141,897 neral revenue		4,875,631	<u>Ф</u>	31,000	<u>Þ</u>	250,0

#### Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Local option sales tax

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings, unrestricted

Miscellaneous, unrestricted

#### Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

#### Net position:

Beginning balance, July 1, previously reported Restatement Beginning balance, July 1, as adjusted Ending balance, June 30

	Р	rimary Government			C	component Unit	S
	ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities		Total	Jackson County Tourism Development Authority	Jackson County Airport Authority	Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Boarc
	(= = ( = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		•	(= = ( = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			
	(7,549,808)	\$ -	\$	(7,549,808)			
(*	12,730,247)	-		(12,730,247)			
	(174,801)	-		(174,801)			
	2,359	-		2,359			
	(662,239)	-		(662,239)			
	(6,019,208)	-		(6,019,208)			
	(3,399,711)	-		(3,399,711)			
(*	14,247,739)	-		(14,247,739)			
	(461,147)	-		(461,147)			
(4	15,242,541)			(45,242,541)			
	-	(57,936)		(57,936)			
	-	(134,552)		(134,552)			
	-	25,785		25,785			
	-	(166,703)		(166,703)			
(4	15,242,541)	(166,703)		(45,409,244)			

			\$ (1,149,754)	\$ -	\$ -
			-	32,845	-
			 	 -	 131,670
			(1,149,754)	 32,845	 131,670
35,673,669	-	35,673,669	-	-	-
13,651,888	-	13,651,888	-	-	-
487,570	87,455	575,025	1,092,332	-	-
254,861	7,089	261,950	-	-	-
265,574	21,107	286,681	4,797	-	-
347,451	-	347,451	12,525	49,440	1,332
(178,461)	178,461	-	-	-	-
 50,502,552	294,112	 50,796,664	 1,109,654	 49,440	1,332
 5,260,011	 127,409	 5,387,420	 (40,100)	 82,285	 133,002
55,735,829	2,696,078	58,431,907	575,908	5,000,886	801,873
 (27,918,383)	(441,301)	 (28,359,684)	 -	 -	 -
 27,817,446	 2,254,777	 30,072,223	 575,908	 5,000,886	 801,873
\$ 33,077,457	\$ 2,382,186	\$ 35,459,643	\$ 535,808	\$ 5,083,171	\$ 934,875

A (		General Fund	Im	School provements Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,079,709	\$	3,746,315	\$	2,321,128	\$ 36,147,152
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		250,058		3,104,656		-	3,354,714
Taxes receivable, net		1,526,188		-		-	1,526,188
Accounts receivable, net		399,382		1,302,865		24,442	1,726,689
Due from other governments		4,004,643		-		37,058	4,041,701
Due from other funds		-		119,233		-	119,233
Notes receivable, net		-		-		38,100	 38,100
Total assets	\$	36,259,980	\$	8,273,069	\$	2,420,728	\$ 46,953,777
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,408,901	\$	1,172,726	\$	53,626	\$ 2,635,253
Due to other funds		119,233		-		-	119,233
Contract retainage		-		247,418		-	247,418
Deposits held for others		234,134		-		-	234,134
Total liabilities		1,762,268	·	1,420,144		53,626	 3,236,038
Deferred inflows of resources		1,668,234		-		36,850	 1,705,084
Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Stabilization by State Statute		4,404,025		-		11,146	4,415,171
Register of Deeds		36,504		-		-	36,504
Education		-		6,852,925		-	6,852,925
Public safety		-		-,		414,802	414,802
Economic and physical development		-		-		1,295,606	1,295,606
Committed:						.,,	.,,
Revaluation		250,041		-		-	250,041
Capital reserve		2,479,998		-		-	2,479,998
Conservation/preservation		786,960		-		-	786,960
Recreation		-		-		372,688	372,688
Various programs and projects		-		-		242,353	242,353
Assigned:							
Other post-employment benefits		202,733		-		-	202,733
Unassigned		24,669,217		-		(6,343)	 24,662,874
Total fund balances		32,829,478		6,852,925		2,330,252	 42,012,655
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$	36,259,980	\$	8,273,069	\$	2,420,728	\$ 46,953,777

(Continued)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Total fund balance for governmental funds	\$ 42,012,655
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	66,647,916
Accrued interest receivable is not a financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	174,337
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to satisfy current obligations in the fund statements; however, they are considered a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are included in the Statement of Net Position:	
Contributions to LGERS pension plan in the current fiscal year	1,214,245
LGERS pension related deferrals	173,094
Contributions to LEOSSA pension plan in the current fiscal year	101,455
LEOSSA pension related deferrals	88,708
Contributions to OPEB plan in the current fiscal year	6,398,385
OPEB related deferrals	48,490
Deferred inflows of resources for notes receivable	38,100
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable	1,526,188
Deferred inflows of resources for pension related deferrals	(201,864)
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB related deferrals	(4,356,795)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Accrued interest payable	(84,536)
Compensated absences	(1,619,872)
Net pension liability - LGERS	(3,717,513)
Total pension liability - LEO	(1,746,345)
Total OPEB liability	(48,339,068)
Installment notes payable	(25,280,123)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 33,077,457

Revenues:	General Fund	School Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Ad valorem taxes	¢ 04 446 457	\$-	¢ 1 016 000	¢ 25 662 255
Other taxes	\$ 34,446,457 13,849,978	φ -	\$ 1,216,898	\$ 35,663,355 13,849,978
	493,281	-	-	493,281
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental	7,184,488	-	- 445,300	7,629,788
Other restricted revenues	54,325	-	445,500	54,325
Permits and fees	2,128,889	-	-	2,128,889
Sales and services		-	- 79,540	1,381,676
	1,302,136	-		
Investment earnings	263,217	596	1,761	265,574
Miscellaneous	238,442		-	238,442
Total revenues	59,961,213	596	1,743,499	61,705,308
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	9,037,927	-	1,776,370	10,814,297
Public safety	14,785,281	-	1,717,471	16,502,752
Transportation	813,904	-	-	813,904
Environmental protection	66,174	-	-	66,174
Economic and physical development	909,576	-	128,870	1,038,446
Human services	12,564,083	-	-	12,564,083
Culture and recreation	3,321,144	-	20,312	3,341,456
Intergovernmental:				
Education	11,223,616	3,811,265	-	15,034,881
Debt service: Principal retirement	3,525,256			3,525,256
•		-	-	
Interest and other charges	474,424	-	-	474,424
Total expenditures	56,721,385	3,811,265	3,643,023	64,175,673
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,239,828	(3,810,669)	(1,899,524)	(2,470,365)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from other funds	-	1,720,217	100,000	1,820,217
Transfers to other funds	(1,371,441)	(627,237)	-	(1,998,678)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	49,097			49,097
Other financing sources (uses), net	(1,322,344)	1,092,980	100,000	(129,364)
Net change in fund balances	1,917,484	(2,717,689)	(1,799,524)	(2,599,729)
Fund balances:				
Beginning balances, July 1	30,911,994	9,570,614	4,129,776	44,612,384
Ending balances, June 30	\$ 32,829,478	\$ 6,852,925	\$ 2,330,252	\$ 42,012,655

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balancestotal governmental funds	\$ (2,599,729)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation	2,689,834 (2,822,958)
Contributions to the state retirement system in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities but are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	1,387,339
Benefit payments and pension administration cost for LEOSSA are deferred of outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	190,163
Contributions and adimnistration cost for OPEB are deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position	6,446,875
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Change in ad valorem taxes and related interest receivable Change in notes receivable	101,807 (75,839)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	
Principal portion of repayments	3,525,256
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: statements	
because they do not use current financial resources:	(70, 700)
Compensated absences OPEB expense	(78,788) (1,053,809)
Pension expense	(2,463,417)
Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and government-wide statements (full accrual).	13,277
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,260,011

		Gener	al Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 34,666,694	\$ 34,666,694	\$ 34,446,457	\$ (220,237)
Other taxes	13,846,600	14,008,232	13,849,978	(158,254)
Unrestricted intergovernmental	397,372	397,372	493,281	95,909
Restricted intergovernmental	9,244,909	9,769,992	7,184,488	(2,585,504)
Other restricted revenues	59,500	59,500	54,325	(5,175)
Permits and fees	2,034,182	2,181,227	2,128,889	(52,338)
Sales and services	1,221,060	1,471,557	1,302,136	(169,421)
Investment earnings	125,000	246,500	262,613	16,113
Miscellaneous	362,053	454,461	238,442	(216,019)
Total revenues	61,957,370	63,255,535	59,960,609	(3,294,926)
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	8,862,574	9,231,385	8,805,173	426,212
Public safety	13,028,454	14,239,244	14,785,281	(546,037)
Transportation	1,108,278	1,077,278	813,904	263,374
Environmental protection	81,243	81,243	66,174	15,069
Economic and physical development	988,842	1,076,212	909,576	166,636
Human services	15,180,624	15,580,130	12,564,083	3,016,047
Culture and recreation	3,351,235	3,504,531	3,321,144	183,387
	5,551,255	3,304,331	5,521,144	105,507
Intergovernmental: Education	11,059,500	12,486,192	11,223,616	1,262,576
Debt service:	11,059,500	12,400,192	11,223,010	1,202,370
Principal retirement	3,525,259	3,525,260	3,525,256	1
Interest and other charges	474,425	474,425	474,424	4
Total expenditures	57,660,434	61,275,900	56,488,631	4,787,269
Revenues over expenditures	4,296,936	1,979,635	3,471,978	1,492,343
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers to other funds	(3,605,893)	(3,636,893)	(3,221,941)	414,952
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,400	39,650	49,097	9,447
Appropriated fund balance	539,900	1,855,779	-	(1,855,779)
Contingency	(1,256,343)	(238,171)		238,171
Other financing sources (uses), net	(4,296,936)	(1,979,635)	(3,172,844)	(1,193,209)
Net change in fund balance	\$	\$	299,134	\$ 299,134
Fund balance:				
Beginning balance, July 1			29,012,995	
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 29,312,129	

		Gene	ral Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	A	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
A legally budgeted Revaluation Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Expenditures Transfers from the General Fund Beginning Fund Balance			\$	(232,754) 350,500 132,645	
A legally budgeted Capital Reserve Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for reporting purposes: Revenue Transfers from the General Fund Beginning Fund Balance				604 1,000,000 1,479,394	
A legally budgeted Conservation/Preservation Fund is consolidated into the General Fund for for reporting purposes: Transfers from the General Fund Beginning Fund Balance				500,000 286,960	
Ending Fund Balance - Combined General	Fund		\$ 3	32,829,478	

	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 437,484	\$ 431,269	\$ 868,753
Accounts receivable, net	414,977	1,065	416,042
Accrued interest receivable	10,297	-	10,297
Due from other governments	37,014	-	37,014
Total current assets	899,772	432,334	1,332,106
Non-current assets:			
Notes receivable, net	-	79,632	79,632
Capital assets, net of depreciation	4,234,838	1,148,893	5,383,731
Total non-current assets	4,234,838	1,228,525	5,463,363
Total assets	5,134,610	1,660,859	6,795,469
Deferred outflows of resources	121,861	49,839	171,700
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	218,079	1,468	219,547
Unearned revenue		13,286	13,286
Accrued interest payable	13,277		13,277
Installment purchases, current	234,601	-	234,601
Total current liabilities	465,957	14,754	480,711
Non-current liabilities:			
Installment purchases, non-current	1,290,303	-	1,290,303
Compensated absences	15,638	13,438	29,076
Net pension liability	57,826	23,650	81,476
Total OPEB liability	751,917	307,515	1,059,432
Accrued landfill closure and post-closure	,		.,
care costs	1,546,280		1,546,280
Total non-current liabilities	3,661,964	344,603	4,006,567
Total liabilities	4,127,921	359,357	4,487,278
Deferred inflows of resources	69,333	28,372	97,705
Net position:	_	_	
Net investment in capital assets	2,709,934	1,148,893	3,858,827
Unrestricted	(1,650,717)	174,076	(1,476,641)
Total net position	\$ 1,059,217	\$ 1,322,969	\$ 2,382,186

	Landfill Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$ 3,257,253	\$ 114,272	\$ 3,371,525
	<u> </u>	Ψ ΠΠ,212	<u> </u>
Operating expenses:			
Landfill operations, closure and post-closure care costs	3,132,711	_	3,132,711
Park operations	5,152,711	177,448	177,448
Economic development operations	-	20,798	20,798
Depreciation	142,168	35,065	177,233
Total operating expenses	3,274,879	233,311	3,508,190
Operating loss	(17,626)	(119,039)	(136,665)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest and investment revenues	21,107	-	21,107
Conservation fund grant	-	10,000	10,000
Donations	-	272	272
Scrap tire grant	2,259	-	2,259
Commercial waste reduction grant	4,830	-	4,830
Scrap tire tax	56,801	-	56,801
White goods tax	27,256	-	27,256
Electronics tax	3,398	-	3,398
Interest expense	(40,310)		(40,310)
Net non-operating revenue (expenses)	75,341	10,272	85,613
Income (loss) before transfers	57,715	(108,767)	(51,052)
Transfers from other funds		178,461	178,461
Change in net position	57,715	69,694	127,409
Net position:			
Beginning balance, July 1, previously reported	1,234,608	1,461,470	2,696,078
Restatement	(233,106)	(208,195)	(441,301)
Beginning balance, July 1, as adjusted	1,001,502	1,253,275	2,254,777
Ending balance, June 30	\$ 1,059,217	\$ 1,322,969	\$ 2,382,186

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers\$ 3,312,032\$ 114,493\$ 3,426,525Cash paid for goods and services(2,694,455)(68,830)(2,763,285)Cash paid to employees for services(455,394)(156,815)(612,209)Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities162,183(111,152)51,031Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Other taxes86,837-86,837Other taxes86,837-86,837Grants and donations7,09010,27217,362Insurance settlement-178,461178,461Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities: Principal paid on long-term debt(234,601)-Net cash used for capital and related financing activities(308,270)-(308,270)Cash flows from investing activities: Principal payments on notes receivable-17,54417,544Interest earned on investmg activities(30,382)95,12564,743Cash flows from investing activities(30,382)95,12564,743Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$ 437,484\$ 431,269\$ 868,753Reconciliation of operating activities: Operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$ (17,626)\$ (119,039)\$ (136,665)Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: Operating loss\$ (17,626)\$ (119,039		I	Landfill Fund	E	Other Interprise Funds	Total
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Other taxes Grants and donations Insurance settlement Transfers from other funds86,837 7,090-86,837 10,272-86,837 17,362Transfers from other funds-178,461178,461178,461178,461Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities: Principal paid on long-term debt(234,601) (40,310)-(234,601) 	Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services		3,312,032 (2,694,455)	\$	114,493 (68,830)	3,426,525 (2,763,285)
Other taxes86,837- -86,837Grants and donations7,09010,27217,362Insurance settlement-178,461178,461Transfers from other funds-178,461178,461Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities:93,927188,733282,660Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:93,927188,733282,660Principal paid on long-term debt(234,601)-(234,601)Interest paid on long-term debt(40,310)-(40,310)Net cash used for capital and related financing activities(308,270)-(308,270)Cash flows from investing activities:-17,54417,544Principal payments on notes receivable-17,54417,544Interest earned on investments21,778-21,778Net cash provided by investing activities(30,382)95,12564,743Cash and cash equivalents:(30,382)95,12564,743Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$437,484\$431,269\$Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$(17,626)\$(119,039)\$Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$\$(17,626)\$(136,665)	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		162,183		(111,152)	 51,031
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal paid on long-term debt(234,601)-(234,601)Interest paid on long-term debt(40,310)-(40,310)Net cash used for capital and related financing activities(308,270)-(308,270)Cash flows from investing activities: Principal payments on notes receivable Interest earned on investments-17,54417,544Net cash provided by investing activities21,778-21,778Net cash provided by investing activities21,77817,54439,322Net change in cash and cash equivalents(30,382)95,12564,743Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$437,484\$431,269\$868,753Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss\$(17,626)\$(119,039)\$(136,665)	Other taxes Grants and donations Insurance settlement				-	17,362 -
Principal paid on long-term debt(234,601)-(234,601)Interest paid on long-term debt(40,310)-(40,310)Net cash used for capital and related financing activities(308,270)-(308,270) <b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b> (308,270)-(308,270)Principal payments on notes receivable-17,54417,544Interest earned on investments21,778-21,778Net cash provided by investing activities21,77817,54439,322Net change in cash and cash equivalents(30,382)95,12564,743 <b>Cash and cash equivalents:</b> Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$437,484\$431,269\$868,753 <b>Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash</b> provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$(17,626)\$(119,039)\$(136,665)	Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	_	93,927		188,733	 282,660
Cash flows from investing activities: Principal payments on notes receivable Interest earned on investments17,544 17,544Net cash provided by investing activities21,778-21,778Net cash provided by investing activities21,77817,54439,322Net change in cash and cash equivalents(30,382)95,12564,743Cash and cash equivalents: 	Principal paid on long-term debt				-	
Principal payments on notes receivable-17,54417,544Interest earned on investments21,778-21,778Net cash provided by investing activities21,77817,54439,322Net change in cash and cash equivalents(30,382)95,12564,743Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$ 437,484\$ 431,269\$ 868,753Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$ (17,626)\$ (119,039)\$ (136,665)	Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(308,270)		-	(308,270)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents(30,382)95,12564,743Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$ 437,484\$ 431,269\$ 868,753Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss\$ (17,626)\$ (119,039)\$ (136,665)Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:\$ (17,626)\$ (119,039)\$ (136,665)	Principal payments on notes receivable		21,778		17,544 -	,
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$ 437,484\$ 431,269\$ 868,753Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss\$ (17,626)\$ (119,039)\$ (136,665)Adjustments to reconcile operating activities: 	Net cash provided by investing activities		21,778		17,544	 39,322
Beginning balance, July 1467,866336,144804,010Ending balance, June 30\$ 437,484\$ 431,269\$ 868,753Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash 	Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(30,382)		95,125	64,743
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: \$ (17,626) \$ (119,039) \$ (136,665) \$ (119,039) \$ (136,665)			467,866		336,144	 804,010
provided by (used for) operating activities:Operating loss\$ (17,626) \$ (119,039) \$ (136,665)Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	Ending balance, June 30	\$	437,484	\$	431,269	\$ 868,753
Depreciation 142 168 35 065 177 233	<b>provided by (used for) operating activities:</b> Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	(17,626)	\$	(119,039)	\$ (136,665)
Contributions to the pension plan in current fiscal year(18,888)(7,724)(26,612)Contributions to the OPEB plan in current fiscal year(99,527)(40,704)(140,231)Pension expense(5,053)(2,417)(7,470)OPEB expense45,52018,61664,136Changes in assets and liabilities:54,77922155,000Accounts receivable54,7341,27448,008	Depreciation Contributions to the pension plan in current fiscal year Contributions to the OPEB plan in current fiscal year Pension expense OPEB expense Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(99,527) (5,053) 45,520 54,779 46,734		(40,704) (2,417) 18,616 221 1,274	(140,231) (7,470) 64,136 55,000 48,008
Unearned revenue(230)206(24)Compensated absences(1,276)3,3502,074Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs15,582-15,582	Compensated absences Accrued landfill closure and post-closure care costs		(1,276) 15,582		3,350	2,074 15,582
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities <u>\$ 162,183</u> <u>\$ (111,152)</u> <u>\$ 51,031</u>	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	162,183	\$	(111,152)	\$ 51,031

		Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	228,974 10,859
Total assets	\$	239,833
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	_\$	239,833

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Jackson County (the "County") and its component units conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

#### A. Reporting entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina (the "State") under North Carolina General Statute ("State law") 153A-10. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units presented below are reported in separate columns in the County's combined financial statements in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

#### Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

Jackson County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a four-member Board of Commissioners, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the basic financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

#### Jackson County Tourism Development Authority

The Jackson County Tourism Development Authority (the "JCTDA") was established by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners, with the authorization of the North Carolina General Legislature, for the purpose of using occupancy taxes collected to promote travel and tourism within Jackson County. The JCTDA is composed of 9 voting members and four ex-officio members, all who serve without compensation and are appointed by the Jackson County Board of Commissioners. Members are appointed to complete three year terms. The JCTDA may contract with any person, firm or organization to advise and assist in carrying out its duty to promote travel and tourism within the County. Complete financial statements for the JCTDA may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Tourism Development Authority Finance Officer, 401 Grindstaff Cove Road, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

#### Jackson County Airport Authority

The Jackson County Airport Authority (the "Airport") is a non-profit organization that exists to operate, promote, and to further improve the airport facilities and aviation for County residents. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the Airport created its own Board. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints two of the five voting members of the Airport, and appoints members to complete unexpired terms. The Board adopts a budget to be used by the Airport and approves amendments to the approved budget. The Airport does not issue separate financial statements.

#### Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board

The Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") was established to operate two liquor stores and to investigate violations of North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control laws in the County. The first retail sales were made on May 1, 2014. The Jackson County Board of Commissioners appoints three of the five members of the ABC Board. The ABC Board is required by State law to distribute 60% of its net profits to the General Fund of the County, which represents a financial benefit to the County. The remaining 40% of the ABC Board's net profits

is required by State law to be distributed to the General Fund of the Town of Sylva. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained by contacting the Jackson County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board General Manager, 30 E. Sylva Shopping Center, Sylva, North Carolina, 28779.

#### Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

**Government-wide statements:** The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund financial statements:* The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

- **General Fund**. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the Revaluation Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund and the Conservation/Preservation Fund. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 54 guidance, these funds are consolidated in the General Fund.
- **School Improvements Fund.** This fund is used for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of State grants, installment grants, and local matching funds. Additionally, the County has a legally adopted budget for the School Capital Reserve Fund. In accordance with GASB No. 54 guidance, this fund has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

• **Landfill Fund.** This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating
results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County
maintains five agency funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the

Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Property Tax Fund, which accounts for property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities within the County; the Extension Agency Fund, which accounts for moneys collected and disbursed for the operation of the Jackson County 4-H Club; the State of North Carolina Fund, which accounts for moneys held for the benefit of certain individuals; and the Inmate Fund, which accounts for moneys held for the use by inmates being held in Jackson County correctional facilities.

• **Non-major Funds.** The County maintains thirteen legally budgeted non-major funds. The Emergency Telephone Fund, Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund, Fire Service Districts Fund, Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund, Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund, Economic Development Fund, and Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The Recreation Center Fund, Emergency Management Project Fund, County Capital Projects Fund, and Greenways Project Fund are reported as non-major capital projects funds. The Green Energy Park Fund and the Economic Development Commission Fund are reported as non-major proprietary funds.

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

**Government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.** The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds, which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues and expenses of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**Governmental fund financial statements.** Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property taxes other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicle

taxes in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

#### Budgetary data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget ordinance is adopted for the General, special revenue funds (excluding funds with multi-year budgets), and the enterprise funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the capital project funds and for certain special revenue fund types. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for the General Fund, at the departmental level for the special revenue and enterprise funds, and at the object level for the capital project funds. The County budget officer is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations within a fund; however, any revisions that alter total appropriations of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

**Deposits and investments.** All deposits of the County and the component units are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the component units may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the component units may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30] authorizes the County and the component units to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT"), an SEC registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund.

The NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered 2a-7 mutual fund, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

**Cash and cash equivalents.** The County pools moneys from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The component units consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity three months or less, that are not limited to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

**Restricted assets.** Money in the Revaluation Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. QZAB debt proceeds issuance kept in the School Improvement Fund are restricted for use of approved school improvement projects per North Carolina General Statues 159-18 through 22.

Ad valorem taxes receivable: In accordance with State Law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017.

**Allowances for doubtful accounts.** All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

*Inventories and prepaid items.* The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (firstin, first-out) or market. The inventories of the Airport and ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

*Capital assets.* Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization cost is \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Jackson County Board of Education ("Board of Education") properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computer equipment	3 years

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources.** In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position can also report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The County has only several items that meet the criterion for this category – contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year and pension related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, taxes receivable, notes receivable, other revenues received in advance, and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

**Long-term obligations.** In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing source.

**Compensated absences.** The vacation policy of the County provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the County's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general and proprietary funds and are accounted for on a FIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

The sick leave policy of the County provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

*Net position.* Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either: a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through State statute.

*Fund balances.* In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

**Restricted fund balance –** This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law:

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source to pay for computer and imaging technology in the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for Education – portion of fund balance restricted for school capital per G.S. 159-18-22.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain emergency telephone system and fire safety expenditures.

Restricted for Economic and Physical Development – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for economic development.

**Committed fund balance** – This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Jackson County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body. Committed fund balance represents ending fund balance in various special revenue and capital project funds, or funds with legally adopted budgets.

**Assigned fund balance** – The portion of fund balance that Jackson County governing board has budgeted:

Assigned for Other Post-Employment Benefits – portion of fund balance that has been assigned for future expenditures related to other post-employment benefits.

**Unassigned Fund Balance** – This classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-county funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The County does not have a formal fund balance policy. In addition, all encumbrances lapse at the end of the year. Therefore, the entire amount of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is available for appropriation.

Defined benefit pension and OPEB plans - The County participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEO) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"), and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB), the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HBC). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HCB and additions to/deductions from the HCB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for all plans are reported at fair value. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 2. Detail Notes on All Funds

## Assets

**Deposits.** All of the County's and the component units' deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the component units' agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the component units, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing

deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the component units or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the component units under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The County and the component units have no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2018, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$21,187,724 and a bank balance of \$23,476,056. Of the bank balance, \$803,262 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$22,672,795 in interest-bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The County had \$2,730 cash on hand at June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of deposits and bank balance for the JCTDA was \$8,135, all of which was covered by federal depository insurance. The JCTDA also had \$0 in cash on hand at June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of deposits and bank balance for the Airport was \$97,289, all of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the ABC Board's deposits was \$648,931 and the bank balance was \$588,010. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

*Investments.* At June 30, 2018, the County's investments consisted of \$19,409,140 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Cash Portfolio has no maturity value and is measured at amortized cost. The County has no formal policy on credit risk.

At June 30, 2018, the TDA's investments consisted of \$400,000 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Cash Portfolio has no maturity value and is measured at amortized cost. The TDA has no formal policy on credit risk.

#### Custodial credit risk

For an investment, the custodial risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no formal policy on custodial credit risk.

*Receivables.* Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Governmental activities:	<u>Acc</u>	<u>counts</u>	-	axes and Related Accrued <u>Interest</u>	-	Due From Other overnments	-	Notes ceivable		<u>Total</u>
General School improvement Other governmental Allowance for doubtful	\$	399,382 1,302,865 24,442	\$	2,663,525 - -	\$	4,004,643 - 37,058	\$	- - 38,100	\$	7,067,550 1,302,865 99,600
accounts		<u> </u>		(963,000)	_	<u> </u>				(963,000)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,726,689</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,700,525	<u>\$</u>	4,041,701	<u>\$</u>	38,100	<u>\$</u>	7,507,015

	<u>Ac</u>	<u>counts</u>	Re Acc	s and lated crued erest		ie From Other vernments		Notes ceivable		<u>Total</u>
Business-type activities: Landfill Green Energy Park Economic Development Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	549,921 1,065 - (124,647)	\$	- - -	\$	37,014 - - -	\$	79,632	\$	586,935 1,065 79,632 (124,647)
Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	426,339	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	37,014	<u>\$</u>	79,632	<u>\$</u>	542,985

**Notes receivable.** The County has made loans to two companies from Community Development Block Grant revenues. The major criterion for receiving such a loan is that the money is spent for economic development projects. The notes receivable are at interest rates that vary from 0 to 2 percent and are repaid monthly and yearly over a period of one to thirteen years. Notes receivable are collateralized by a deed of trust on the companies' property or by a security interest in machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures acquired for use in businesses. Amounts reported in the governmental fund are not considered available due to time restrictions and are therefore considered a deferred inflow of resources.

*Capital assets.* Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets not being	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 15,428,817 <u>3,986,022</u>	\$- 	\$	\$- (218,505)	\$ 15,428,817 5,581,565
Total capital assets not being depreciated	19,414,839	1,814,048	<u> </u>	(218,505)	21,010,382
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	62,957,680	-	314,200	218,505	62,861,985
Equipment	6,365,298	326,932	5,399	-	6,686,831
Vehicles	5,371,444	548,854	471,483	<del>_</del>	5,448,815
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	74,694,422	875,786	791,082	218,505	74,997,631
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	18,828,421	2,016,554	219,520	-	20,625,455
Equipment	4,507,720	359,660	5,399	-	4,861,981
Vehicles	3,897,400	446,744	471,483	<u> </u>	3,872,661
Total accumulated					
depreciation	27,233,541	2,822,958	696,402		29,360,097
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	47,460,881				45,673,534
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 66,875,720</u>				<u>\$ 66,647,916</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

\$	919,842	
	543,098	
	24,130	
	25,341	
	129,259	
	1,181,288	
<u>\$</u>	2,822,958	
	\$ 	543,098 24,130 25,341 129,259 <u>1,181,288</u>

	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 182,414</u>	<u>\$ 14,019</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$ 196,433</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance	2,466,754 4,628,597	-	-	2,466,754 4,628,597
equipment	965,455	19,340	<u>-</u>	984,795
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,060,806	19,340	<u> </u>	8,080,146
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Plant and distribution systems Furniture and maintenance equipment	1,202,127 500,136 <u>1,013,352</u>	91,333 70,955 <u>14,946</u>	- - -	1,293,460 571,091 <u>1,028,298</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	2,715,615	177,234	<u>-</u>	2,892,849
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,345,191			5,187,298
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$    5,527,605</u>			<u>\$    5,383,731</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Landfill Green Energy Park Economic Development Commission	\$	142,169 5,485 29,580
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	177,234

*Construction Commitments.* The government has active construction projects as of June 30, 2018. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project:		Spent <u>to Date</u>		emaining mmitment
Blue Ridge/Fairview – Roof Cullowhee Valley School - HVAC Smoky Mountain Elem – HVAC	\$	2,013,574 440,800 -	\$	842,404 804,815 445,204
Smoky Mountain High School – Controls	<u>\$</u>	<u>152,477</u> 2,606,851	<u>\$</u>	488 2,092,912

*Discretely Presented Component Units.* Capital asset activity for the Airport for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 4,818,067	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,818,067
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Equipment	191,322 99,326	<u> </u>		191,322 <u>99,326</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	290,648	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	290,648
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Equipment	128,002 90,022	3,827 9,204	-	131,829 99,226
Total accumulated depreciation	218,024	13,031	<u> </u>	231,055
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	72,624			59,593
Capital assets, net	<u>\$   4,890,691</u>			<u>\$ 4,877,660</u>

Capital asset activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balances</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 12,301	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,301
Capital assets being depreciated: Building Furniture and equipment	847,508 <u>176,416</u>	- 20,084		847,508 <u>196,500</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,023,924	20,084		1,044,008
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building Furniture and equipment	52,637 <u>83,727</u>	23,719 21,615		77,265 104,433
Total accumulated depreciation	136,364	45,334	<u> </u>	181,698
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	887,560			862,310
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 899,861</u>			<u>\$ 874,611</u>

## **Deferred outflows of resources**

The County reported deferred outflows of resources for contributions to the pension and OPEB plan in the current fiscal year and other pension related deferrals in the amount of \$8,196,077 at June 30, 2018, of which \$8,024,377 and \$171,700 was related to governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

## Liabilities

Payables. Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Vendors	Contract Retainage	Salaries and Benefits	Total
Governmental activities: General School improvements Other governmental	\$    983,473 1,172,726 53,626	\$ 	\$ 425,428 - -	\$ 1,408,901 1,420,144 53,626
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,209,825</u>	<u>\$ 247,418</u>	<u>\$ 425,428</u>	<u>\$ 2,882,671</u>
Business-type activities: Landfill Other proprietary	\$    218,079 1,468	\$	\$ - -	\$    218,079 1,468
Total business-type activities	<u>\$219,547</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 219,547</u>
Component units: Airport authority ABC Board Jackson County TDA	\$  14,296 500,451 17,129	\$	\$ - - -	\$ 14,296 500,451 <u>17,129</u>
Total component units	<u>\$    531,876</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$     531,876</u>

*Long-term debt.* The County's long-term debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2018 was comprised of the following:

A \$9,507,386 note was executed on December 29, 2005, and refinanced on February 16, 2012 and March 29, 2015, for the construction of a library (42 percent of the proceeds) and school addition (58 percent of the proceeds) and is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$316,913. In addition, 2.16 percent interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest are appropriated when due.

A \$10,295,446 note was executed on July 16, 2009, and refinanced on December 28, 2011 and March 16, 2015, for the renovation of the historic courthouse, construction of the new public library, and projects at Southwestern Community College. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$343,182. In addition, 2.49 percent interest is payable semiannually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

A \$10,000,000 note was executed on October 25, 2012 for the construction of a gymnasium and performing arts center at Smoky Mountain High School, and renovation of locker rooms at Blue Ridge High School. The note is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$333,333. In addition, 2.79% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

6,333,333

4,461,360

1,584,563

\$

A \$6,933,500 note was executed on November 27, 2012 for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction, renovation and equipping of Fairview Kindergarten (33% of the proceeds) and site work on the Webster Complex and the Cashiers Recreation Complex (67% of the proceeds) and is payable in 21 semi-annual payments of \$330,167. In addition, 2.19% interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.	\$	2,971,500
A \$3,058,734 note was executed on December 19, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction and equipping of a new Aging Facility located at the Webster Complex and is payable in 22 semi- annual payments of \$139,033. In addition, 2.27% interest is payable semi- annually. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.		1,529,367
A \$9,000,000 noninterest bearing note was executed on March 22, 2017, for the construction and renovation of Jackson County Public Schools and is payable in 30 semi-annual payments of \$300,000. Principal payments are appropriated when due.	<u></u>	8,400,000 25,280,123

Repayment requirements of the notes payable for governmental activities for the year ending June 30 are:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 3,525,255	\$ 404,268	\$ 3,929,523
2020	3,525,255	334,114	3,859,369
2021	3,208,342	263,962	3,472,304
2022	2,891,430	204,073	3,095,503
2023	2,561,263	147,390	2,708,653
2024-2028	7,168,578	236,464	7,405,042
2039-2033	2,400,000		2,400,000
	<u>\$ 25,280,123</u>	<u>\$    1,590,271</u>	<u>\$ 26,870,394</u>

The County's long-term debt for business-type activities at June 30, 2018 was comprised of the following:

A \$2,815,207 note was executed on November 27, 2012, for the refunding of a prior installment obligation for the construction of the Municipal Solid Waste Facility, payable in 24 semi-annual payments of \$117,300 including interest of 2.37%. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

\$ 1,524,904

Repayment requirements of the note payable for business-type activities for the year ending June 30 are:

	Principal		nterest		Total
2019	\$ 234,601	\$	34,750	\$	269,351
2020	234,601		29,190		263,791
2021	234,601		23,630		258,231
2022	234,601		18,070		252,671
2023	234,600		12,510		247,110
2024-2028	351,900		8,341		360,241
	<u>\$ 1,524,904</u>	<u>\$</u>	126,491	<u>\$</u>	1,651,395

## Pension plan obligations.

#### Local governmental employees' retirement system

*Plan Description.* The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

*Benefits Provided.* LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

*Contributions*. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 8.25% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.58% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,240,857 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

*Refunds of Contributions.* County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

# Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$3,798,989 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.24867%, which was an increase of 0.01088% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,350,783. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		d Outflows sources	 ed Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	218,857 542,548	\$ 107,537 -
pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between County		922,399	-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		176,888 1,240,857	 3,991 -
	<u>\$</u>	3,101,549	\$ 111,528

\$1,240,857 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as of June 30 were as follows:

2019	\$ 253,799
2020	1,155,048
2021	594,283
2022	(253,966)
2023	-

*Actuarial assumptions.* The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0	5.3
Real Estate	8.0	4.3
Alternatives	8.0	8.9
Credit	7.0	6.0
Inflation Protection	6.0	4.0
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return re calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)	Current (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)
County's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,404,650	\$ 3,798,989	\$ (2,549,337)

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

#### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

*Plan Description.* Jackson County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan. All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits Active plan members	<u>53</u>
Total	57

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

*Basis of Accounting*. The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation2.50 percentSalary increases3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factorDiscount rate3.16 percent

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System for the ficve year period ending December 31, 2014.

Mortality rates are based on the MP-2014 Series Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2015 Series Mortality tables.

*Change in Actuarial Assumptions*. On the Prior Measurement Date (December 31, 2016), the Municipal Bond Index Rate, on which the discount rate is based, was 3.86%. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Municipal Bond Index Rate has decreased to 3.16% as of the Measurement Date (December 31, 2017). This resulted in a \$96,079 increase in the Total Pension Liability.

*Contributions.* The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$75,918 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

# Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a total pension liability of \$1,746,345. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 based on a December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized a pension expense of \$340,308.

		d Outflows esources		ed Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and administrative expense	\$	133,440 79,104	\$	- 22,381
subsequent to the measurement date		88,708		<u> </u>
	<u>\$</u>	301,252	<u>\$</u>	22,381

\$88,708 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County benefits payments and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as of June 30 were as follows:

2019	\$ 40,344
2020	40,344
2021	40,344
2022	40,344
2023	28,787
Thereafter	-

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	(2.16%)	(3.16%)	(4.16%)
Total pension liability	\$ 1,884,025	\$ 1,746,345	\$ 1,619,465

#### *Summary of Changes in Total Pension Liability – Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance*

	Pension Liability
Beginning balance, December 31, 2016 Changes for the year:	\$ 1,450,570
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	59,012 54,527

	Pension _iability
Differences between expected and actual experience In the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumption or other inputs Benefit payments Other changes	\$ 162,075 96,079 (75,918) -
Ending balance, December 31, 2017	\$ 1,746,345

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

#### Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

*Plan Description.* The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan ("Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

*Funding Policy.* Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$318,440, which consisted of \$188,666 from the County and \$137,205 from the law enforcement officers.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2017, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2016. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is a summary of the County's pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total	
Pension Expense	\$ 1,350,783	\$ 340,308	\$ 1,691,091	
Pension Liability	3,798,989	1,746,345	5,545,334	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,101,549	301,252	3,402,801	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	111,528	22,381	133,909	

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits Plan

*Plan Administration.* Under a County resolution, Jackson County administers the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB Plan), single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years of creditable service with the County. Retirees hired prior to July 1, 2007 receive the same benefits as active employees. The HCB Plan is available to qualified retirees until

the age of 65 or until Medicare eligible, whichever is sooner. As of July 1, 2007, the plan has been closed to new entrants. The plan, which has a June 30, 2018 year end, does not issue a stand-alone report.

Plan membership. At June 30, 2018, the HCB Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	108
Active plan members	382
Total	490

*Benefits provided.* The HCB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees. The County pays a percentage of the cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 are required to participate in a Retirement Health Savings Plan (RHSP) which provides a means for employees to save money for future withdrawals to pay qualified health care expenses.

*Actuarial assumptions.* The total OPEB liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 7.75 percent for General Employees including inflation and
	productivity factor
	3.50 to 7.35 percent for Law Enforcement Officers including inflation and productivity factor
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023 for Pre- Medicare
	5.50% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2020 for Medicare

Total OPEB liabilities were rolled forward to June 30, 2018 for the employer and the plan, respectively, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 to December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.56 percent. However, because the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all future benefit payments, the discount rate incorporates a municipal bond rate which is 3.01 percent based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer.

#### Summary of Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

	<u>OF</u>	PEB Liability
Beginning balance, June 30, 2016 Changes for the year:	\$	51,921,986
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability		2,179,388 1,546,018

	<b>OPEB</b> Liability
Differences between expected and actual experience In the measurement of the total pension liability Changes of assumption or other inputs Benefit payments Other changes	\$
Ending balance, June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 49,398,500</u>

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2018, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	(2.56%)	(3.56%)	(4.56%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 59,407,298	\$ 49,398,500	\$ 41,640,554

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2018, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Current	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 40,948,171	\$ 49,398,500	\$ 60,517,659

Changes in Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At June 30, 2018, the County reported a net OPEB liability of \$49,398,500. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

*Changes of assumptions.* Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.01 percent in 2016 to 3.56 percent in 2017. Medical claims cost and rates were changed based on most recent experience and changed to the current schedule.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$2,990,540. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		l Outflows <u>sources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	49,553 - 6,538,616	\$	(4,436,702) 	
	<u>\$</u>	6,588,169	\$	(4,436,702)	

\$6,538,616 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the net OPEB liability in the year ended

June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Thereafter	\$ (734,866) (734,866) (734,866) (734,866) (734,866) (712,819)
Thereafter	(712,819)

#### **Other Employment Benefits – Death Benefits**

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("System"), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

**Closure and Post-closure Care Costs**—Landfill Facility. State and federal laws and regulations required the County to place a final cover on its landfill facility when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The landfill has been closed, but will be monitored for the next 16 years. Post-closure costs are included in operating expenses of the current year. The \$1,546,280 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2018, represents estimated future post-closure costs based on engineering estimates prepared at and shortly after closure. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial test, which is one option under State and federal laws and regulations that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and post-closure care requirements.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities. A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Beginning Balances <u>As Adjusted</u>	Additions	<u>Retirements</u>	Ending Balances	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 28,805,379	\$-	\$ 3,525,256	\$ 25,280,123	\$ 3,525,255
Compensated absences	1,541,084	1,138,237	1,059,449	1,619,872	-
Net pension liability - LGER	S 4,934,065	-	1,216,552	3,717,513	-
Total pension liability -					
LEÓSSA	1,450,570	449,658	153,883	1,746,345	-
Total OPEB liability	50,808,434	<u> </u>	2,469,366	48,339,068	
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 87,539,532</u>	<u>\$    1,587,895</u>	<u>\$ 8,424,506</u>	<u>\$ 80,702,921</u>	<u>\$ 3,525,255</u>

	I	Beginning Balances <u>s Adjusted</u>	Ad	Iditions	<u>Re</u>	<u>tirements</u>		Ending Balances	 ie Within ne Year
Business-type activities:									
Installment purchases	\$	1,759,504	\$	-	\$	234,600	\$	1,534,604	\$ 234,601
Landfill closure and					-	,	-		
post closure costs		1,530,698		15,582		-		1,546,280	-
Compensated absences		27,002		21,457		19,383		29,076	-
Net pension liability - LGER	S	112,635		-		31,159		81,476	-
Total OPEB liability		1,113,552				<u>54,120</u>		1,059,432	 
Total business-type activities	\$	4,543,391	\$	37,039	<u>\$</u>	339,262	\$	4,241,168	\$ 234,601

At June 30, 2018, Jackson County had a legal debt margin of approximately \$716,000,000.

## **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

The balance in deferred inflows of resources on the fund statements and/or on the government-wide statements at year-end is composed of the following elements:

		lodified Accrual	<u> </u>	III Accrual
Governmental activities				
Prepaid taxes not earned at year-end (General)	\$	120,103	\$	120,103
Prepaid taxes not earned at year-end (Fire Districts)		812		812
Taxes receivable, net (General)		1,526,597		-
Notes receivable (Economic Development)		38,100		-
Other (General)		35,126		35,126
OPEB deferrals		-		4,341,550
Pension deferrals				201,864
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,720,738	<u>\$</u>	4,699,455
Business-type activities				
OPEB deferrals				95,152
Pension deferrals				2,553
Total business-type activities			<u>\$</u>	97,705

## Net Investment in Capital Assets

The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2018, is computed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 66,647,917	\$ 5,383,730
Less capital debt: Gross debt School debt related to assets to which the County does not hold title	25,280,124	1,524,904
	(16,632,975)	<u>-</u>
Net capital debt	8,647,149	1,524,904
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 58,000,768</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>

## **Interfund Balances and Activity**

#### Transfer to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

Transfers from the General Fund to:	
School Improvements Fund for the purpose of constructing a	
new school and existing school renovations.	\$ 627,237
School Capital Reserve Fund for the purpose of constructing a	
new school and existing school renovations.	1,092,980
Non-major governmental funds for the purpose of	
economic development	100,000
Non-major proprietary funds for the purpose of funding the	
Green Energy Park Fund	178,461

## 3. Fund Balance – General Fund

The County does not have a formal revenue spending policy. However, it is the County's practice to use resources in the following hierarchy: installment loan proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-county funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this practice if it is in the best interest of the County.

The County has no formal fund balance policy. The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of fund balance, in the General Fund, that is available for appropriation:

	Balance a June 30, 20	
Total fund balance – General Fund Amounts not available for appropriation:	\$	32,829,478
Stabilization by State Statute		(4,404,025)
Commitments		(3,516,999)
Other restricted		(36,504)
Fund balance available for appropriate	<u>\$</u>	24,871,950

Other restricted portions of fund balance can only be spent on certain items for the Register of Deeds. Technically, the funds are available for appropriation but since the amounts are limited, it is excluded from available fund balance.

## 4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in one self-funded risk-financing pool administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through this pool, the County obtains worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The pool is audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. The pool is reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrences losses of \$350,000 for worker's compensation.

The County carries commercial coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$47.246 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, and professional liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and health insurance for County employees. The County carries commercial coverage for single occurrences losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, \$600,000 of aggregate annual losses in excess of \$50,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage, and crime coverage.

The County's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chairman of the Board, County Manager, Director of Finance and the Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000. The Register of Deeds and Sheriff are bonded for \$50,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$250,000 for public employee dishonesty and \$75,000 for theft.

The County carries flood insurance through a commercial carrier for damages up to \$1,000,000 for areas excluding those located in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The County has no property located in an "A" area, and therefore has not purchased additional coverage through the National Flood Insurance Plan.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The JCTDA and the Airport are exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Airport Authority and the JCTDA carry commercial insurance for these risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## 5. Joint Ventures

**Fontana Regional Library.** The County participates in a joint venture to operate the Fontana Regional Library ("Library") with five other local governments. Each participating county may appoint three board members to the nine-member board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's continued existence depends on the participating governments' continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the library, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County contributed \$1,182,239 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library may be obtained from the Library's offices at Post Office Box 460, Bryson City, North Carolina, 28713.

**Southwestern Community College.** The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Jackson County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Southwestern Community College ("Community College"). The County appoints five members and the State and the Board of Education each appoint four members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the Community College. The Community College is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. The County contributed \$1,978,829 and \$932,159 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the Community College's administrative offices at 275 Webster Road, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

**Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority.** The County, in conjunction with the Towns of Sylva, Dillsboro and Webster, participates in the Tuckaseigee Water and Sewer Authority (the "TWSA"). The chairman of the TWSA appoints one member from each participating government and three members at large. The TWSA is a joint venture

established in 1992 to provide safe, clean drinking water and to provide safe and sanitary disposal of sewage to and for the citizens of Jackson County. The TWSA has been in existence since 1992; however, the County remains financially responsible under the provisions of Chapter 1 62A, Article 1 of the North Carolina General Statutes to provide water and sewer services in the event of default by the TWSA. The participating governments do not have any equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2018. Complete financial statements for the TWSA can be obtained from the TWSA's administrative offices at 1246 West Main Street, Sylva, North Carolina 28779.

*Mental Health.* The County, in conjunction with fourteen other county governments, participates in a joint venture to operate the Vaya Health Center, ("Vaya LME"), a local management entity. The fifteen counties participating in the Vaya Health LME are represented by a county commissioner. Within available resources, the County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the LME because it is legally obligated to provide mental health services either directly or jointly with other counties. None of the participating counties has any equity interest in the LME, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2018. The County contributed \$123,081 to the Vaya Health LME to fund operations during fiscal year June 30, 2018. Complete financial statements for the Vaya Health LME may be obtained from the Vaya Health LME's offices at 44 Bonnie Lane, Sylva, NC 28779.

## 6. Jointly Governed Organizations

**Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission.** The County, in conjunction with seven other counties and fifteen municipalities, established the Southwestern North Carolina Planning and Economic Development Commission ("Commission"). The participating governments established the Commission to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Commission's twenty-two member governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$29,018 to the Commission during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

## 7. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

**Federal and State Assisted Programs.** The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

**Contingent liabilities.** At June 30, 2018, the County was defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the County's financial position.

## 8. Change in Accounting Principle/Restatement

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The implementation of the statement required the County to record beginning total OPEB liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the County related to OPEB during the measurement period (fiscal year ended June 30, 2017). Beginning deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the implementation were excluded from the restatement. As a result, net position as of June 30, 2017, for the governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$27,918,383 and \$441,301, respectively.

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA**

- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
- Schedule of Changes in Other Post-Employment Benefits and Related Ratios
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Other Post-Employment Benefits

## Jackson County, North Carolina Required Supplementary Information — Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years\*

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.24867%	0.23779%	0.23674%	0.33193%	0.33680%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,798,989	\$ 5,046,700	\$ 1,062,475	\$ (1,403,478)	\$ 2,984,531
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,337,368	\$ 15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544	\$ 14,595,534	\$ 14,386,674
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	23.25%	32.90%	7.25%	-9.62%	20.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. This schedule will build to a 10 year schedule as information becomes available.

## Jackson County, North Carolina Required Supplementary Information—Schedule of the County's Contributions Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years \*

	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,240,857	\$ 1,214,999	\$ 1,044,564	\$ 1,040,014	\$ 1,035,268
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,240,857	 1,214,999	 1,044,564	 1,040,014	 1,035,268
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
County's covered payroll	\$ 16,242,520	\$ 16,337,368	\$ 15,339,109	\$ 14,661,544	\$ 14,595,534
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	7.64%	7.44%	6.81%	7.09%	7.09%

\* This schedule will build to a 10 year schedule as information becomes available.

## Jackson County, North Carolina Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance Last Two Fiscal Years \*

	2018		 2017
Beginning balance	\$	1,450,570	\$ 1,457,331
Service Cost		59,012	57,251
Interest on the total pension liability		54,527	50,569
Differences between expected and actual experience in the			
measurement of the total pension liability		162,075	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		96,079	(32,913)
Benefit payments		(75,918)	 (81,668)
Ending balance of the total pension liability **	\$	1,746,345	\$ 1,450,570

\* This schedule is intended to provide information for ten fiscal years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The County has no assets accumulated in a qualified trust. Benefits are funded when they become due.

## Jackson County, North Carolina Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance Last Two Fiscal Years \*

	 2018	2017		
Total pension liability**	\$ 1,746,345	\$	1,450,570	
Covered payroll	\$ 2,422,322	\$	2,185,217	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	72.09%		66.38%	

\* This schedule is intended to provide information for ten fiscal years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

\*\* The County has no assets accumulated in a qualified trust. Benefits are funded when they become due.

			2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest		\$	2,179,388 1,546,018
Differences between expected and actual experienc	e		57,853
Changes of assumptions			(5,179,868)
Benefit payments			(1,126,877)
Net change in total OPEB liability			(2,523,486)
Total OPEB liability - beginning			51,921,986
Total OPEB liability - ending		\$	49,398,500
Covered payroll		\$	15,148,982
Total OPEB Laibility as a percentage of covered pa	ayroll		326.08%
<ul> <li>* This schedule is intended to provide information for te information will be displayed as it becomes available</li> </ul>			
** The County has no assets accumulated in a qualifed t they become due.	trust. Benefits are funded when		
Notes to Schedule The plan measurement date is the reporting date. E one year prior to reporting date.	Employer measurement date is		
Methods and assumptions used:			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal		
Asset valuation method	Market Value		
Inflation	2.50 percent		
Real wage growth	1 percent		
Wage inflation	3.5 percent		
Salary increase, including wage inflation General employees	3.5 to 7.75 percent		
Law enforcements officers	3.5 to 7.35 percent		
Municipal bond index rate			
Prior measurement date	3.01 percent		
Measurement date	3.56 percent		
Healthcare cost trend rates			
Pre-Medicare	7.5 percentfor 2017 decreasing to an uli		
Mediare	5 percent by 2023 percent each year to	-	
Mediale	5.5 percentfor 2017 decreasing to an uli 5 percent by 2020 percent each year to		
Retirement age	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates p uisng MP 2015, porjected forward gener using MP-2015.	projec	ted to 2015
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates p uisng MP 2015, porjected forward gener using MP-2015.	-	

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**GENERAL FUND:** The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

- Revaluation Fund This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for the octennial revaluation of real property.\*
- Capital Reserve Fund This fund is used to account for any capital outlay expenditures approved by the County's Board of Commissioners. The projects in this fund will be financed primarily with operating transfers from other funds.\*
- **Conservation/Preservation Fund** This fund accounts for federal grants received and expended for environmental protection.\*

## SCHOOL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

- School Improvements Fund This fund is used to account for the construction of school improvements from the proceeds of State grants, installment debt, and local matching funds.
- School Capital Reserve Fund This fund was established to account for revenues restricted for the construction and renovation of County schools.\*\*

<sup>\*</sup>These funds have legally adopted budgets under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, they are consolidated into the General Fund.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This fund has a legally adopted budget under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it has been consolidated into the School Improvements Fund.

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues:	 Duugot	 Addud	 itogativoj
Ad valorem taxes: Current year and prior Penalties and interest	\$ 34,286,194 380,500	\$ 34,129,159 317,298	\$ (157,035) (63,202)
Total ad valorem taxes	 34,666,694	 34,446,457	 (220,237)
Other taxes: Local option sales tax Beer and wine tax distribution Tax refund-sales and gasoline	 13,790,732 165,000 52,500	 13,651,888 168,227 29,863	(138,844) 3,227 (22,637)
Total other taxes	 14,008,232	 13,849,978	 (158,254)
Unrestricted intergovernmental: Payments in lieu of taxes ABC profit distribution ABC 1 and 5 cent bottle charge	115,872 260,000 21,500	 205,971 254,186 33,124	 90,099 (5,814) 11,624
Total unrestricted governmental	 397,372	 493,281	 95,909
Restricted intergovernmental: School resource officers - Board of Education and Community College	 390,320	 395,681	 5,361
Federal and State grants: Home and Community Care Block grant Nantahala Forest timber receipts DARE grant Civil defense Soil conservation-matching AWAKE-child advocacy Tennessee Valley Authority Older American Act Title III Health department Senior care Smart Start Governor's Crime Commission Juvenile Crime Prevention Commission Safe Roads Act Veteran's service Erosion control Extension grant project SCAAP-State Criminal Alien grant Social services Title XIX-Medicaid Department of Transportation: Governor's Highway Safety program	221,117 128,000 6,000 39,590 33,563 80,567 950 31,552 1,276,533 22,378 119,000 24,500 102,902 4,000 2,276 300 2,000 15,000 6,042,398 162,117 43,000	253,573 90,942 6,000 38,642 26,550 56,554 675 39,591 995,254 21,494 112,129 - 102,886 4,280 2,175 - 1,781 800 3,860,096 175,978 7,576	32,456 (37,058) - (948) (7,013) (24,013) (24,013) (275) 8,039 (281,279) (884) (6,871) (24,500) (16) 280 (101) (300) (219) (14,200) (2,182,302) 13,861 (35,424)
Section 18-administration Section 18-capital	210,223 55,350	201,717 54,027	(8,506) (1,323)

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues, continued:</b> Restricted intergovernmental, continued: Federal and State grants, continued:			
Contracts–EDTAP	\$ 245,271	\$ 240,062	\$ (5,209)
Emergency food and shelter	17,825	18,588	763
Cherokee Preservation grant	8,800	-	(8,800)
Other State grants	429,120	428,115	(1,005)
Total	9,324,332	6,739,485	(2,584,847)
Court facilities fees	55,340	49,322	(6,018)
Total restricted intergovernmental	9,769,992	7,184,488	(2,585,504)
Other restricted revenues:			
Vocational Rehabilitation	4,500	1,965	(2,535)
Transportation contracts	55,000	52,360	(2,640)
Total other restricted	59,500	54,325	(5,175)
Permits and fees:			
Cashiers permit fees	3,500	2,300	(1,200)
Cullowhee permit fees	1,000	1,000	-
Board of Elections fees	7,500	3,804	(3,696)
Erosion control fees	84,100	83,523	(577)
Building permits and inspection fees	450,000	466,301	16,301
Environmental health fees	163,500	158,117	(5,383)
Sheriff's fees	77,800	107,245	29,445
Officers fees-court	35,110	31,483	(3,627)
Animal adoption fees	13,500	22,626	9,126
Road sign fees	65,850	56,057	(9,793)
Health and Social Services fees	326,200	273,341	(52,859)
Register of Deeds	388,000	331,873	(56,127)
Real property transfer tax	495,000	514,046	19,046
Marriage licenses	7,000	7,875	875
Excise tax	7,000	9,978	2,978
Senior citizens fees	52,367	54,155	1,788
ABC fees	3,800	5,165	1,365
Total permits and fees	2,181,227	2,128,889	(52,338)
Sales and services:			
Jail fees	28,160	29,277	1,117
Civil process fees	60,000	28,485	(31,515)
Ambulance fees	462,337	409,699	(52,638)
Ancillary services	45,000	48,431	3,431
Travel and tourism administrative fees	52,750	38,250	(14,500)
Video programming distribution	72,500	63,616	(8,884)
Telephone charges	42,000	38,837	(3,163)

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues, continued:</b> Sales and services, continued:			
Vending machines	\$ 2,500	\$ 599	\$ (1,901)
Recreation department	641,360	591,408	(49,952)
Rents Unclaimed property	53,450 2,500	46,117	(7,333) (2,500)
Trolley fares	9,000	- 7,417	(1,583)
Total sales and services	1,471,557	1,302,136	(169,421)
Investment earnings	246,500	262,613	16,113
Miscellaneous	454,461	238,442	(216,019)
Total revenues	63,255,535	59,960,609	(3,294,926)
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Governing body: Salaries and employee benefits	110,911	110,546	365
Operating	170,650	129,536	41,114
Total	281,561	240,082	41,479
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	275,530	274,598	932
Operating	26,465	25,733	732
Total	301,995	300,331	1,664
Elections:			
Salaries and employee benefits	218,755	216,227	2,528
Operating	227,514	139,466	88,048
Total	446,269	355,693	90,576
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits	610,387	582,588	27,799
Operating	36,175	34,425	1,750
Capital outlay	2,795	2,792	3
Total	649,357	619,805	29,552
Human resources:			
Salaries and employee benefits	135,992	135,308	684
Operating	33,200	26,358	6,842
Capital outlay	1,578	1,578	
Total	170,770	163,244	7,526

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures, continued:				
General government, continued:				
Computer services: Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 343,536	\$ 341,952	\$ 1,584	
Operating	<sup>3</sup> 343,330 261,258	φ 341,932 251,742	φ 1,504 9,516	
Capital outlay	62,740	54,100	8,640	
Total	667,534	647,794	19,740	
Tax collections:				
Salaries and employee benefits	246,186	246,217	(31)	
Operating	38,307	32,309	5,998	
Capital outlay	2,330	2,330		
Total	286,823	280,856	5,967	
<b>T</b>				
Tax assessments:	C20 7 C2	604 204	0.000	
Salaries and employee benefits	627,062	624,394	2,668 55,841	
Operating Capital outlay	141,625	85,784	•	
Capital Outlay	2,800		2,800	
Total	771,487	710,178	61,309	
GIS mapping:				
Salaries and employee benefits	139,133	138,777	356	
Operating	17,925	17,383	542	
Capital outlay	13,400	13,400		
Total	170,458	169,560	898	
Legal services	355,359	346,029	9,330	
Register of Deeds:				
Salaries and employee benefits	324,121	321,519	2,602	
Operating	140,549	123,074	17,475	
Capital outlay	2,252	2,252	-	
Total	466,922	446,845	20,077	
Public Works:		<b>54 077</b>	(104)	
Salaries and employee benefits	51,546	51,977	(431)	
Operating	900	455	445	
Total	52,446	52,432	14	
Maintenance:				
Salaries and employee benefits	2,399,016	2,659,439	(260,423)	
Operating	1,749,951	1,424,411	325,540	
Capital outlay	179,097	179,473	(376)	
Total	4,328,064	4,263,323	64,741	

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures, continued: General government, continued: Court facilities:						
Operating Capital outlay	\$	50,970 4,370	\$	45,463 4,370	\$	5,507 -
Total		55,340		49,833		5,507
Professional services		40,000		39,850		150
Central services: Operating		187,000		119,318		67,682
Total general government		9,231,385		8,805,173		426,212
Public safety: Sheriff:						
Salaries and employee benefits		3,650,940		3,888,430		(237,490)
Operating		643,738		607,124		36,614
Capital outlay		587,046		528,854		58,192
Total		4,881,724		5,024,408		(142,684)
Jail:						
Salaries and employee benefits		1,237,393		1,414,070		(176,677)
Operating		892,952		873,463		19,489
Capital outlay		22,396		12,338		10,058
Total		2,152,741		2,299,871		(147,130)
Code enforcement:						
Salaries and employee benefits		1,186,016		1,169,840		16,176
Operating		117,500		108,411		9,089
Capital outlay		25,087		5,887		19,200
Total		1,328,603		1,284,138		44,465
Emergency management:						
Salaries and employee benefits		865,687		1,140,476		(274,789)
Operating		171,492		159,242		12,250
Capital outlay		129,355		121,350		8,005
Total		1,166,534		1,421,068		(254,534)
Fire:						
Salaries and employee benefits		339,435		616,024		(276,589)
Operating		961,145		943,511		17,634
Capital outlay		845,810		650,615		195,195
Total		2,146,390		2,210,150		(63,760)

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures, continued: Public safety, continued:							
Ambulance: Operating Capital outlay	\$	2,375,794 187,458	\$	2,358,189 187,457	\$	17,605 1	
Total		2,563,252		2,545,646		17,606	
Total public safety		14,239,244		14,785,281		(546,037)	
Transportation: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay		608,956 374,472 62,850		562,494 159,558 60,852		46,462 214,914 1,998	
Total		1,046,278		782,904		263,374	
Airport authority		31,000		31,000		-	
Total transportation		1,077,278		813,904		263,374	
Environmental protection: Forestry		81,243		66,174		15,069	
Economic and physical development: Planning and zoning: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay		274,537 180,700 2,330		268,689 141,253 2,330		5,848 39,447 -	
Total		457,567		412,272		45,295	
Community development		252,316		171,184		81,132	
Agricultural extension: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay		147,095 39,475 1,800		126,080 35,915 1,799		21,015 3,560 1	
Total		188,370		163,794		24,576	
Conservation: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay		137,925 39,234 800		137,175 24,351 800		750 14,883 -	
Total		177,959		162,326		15,633	
Total economic and physical development		1,076,212		909,576		166,636	

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures, continued: Human services: Health: General health: Salaries and employee benefits \$ 2,573,980 \$ 2,504,612 \$ Operating 520,185 382,617 Capital outlay 19,813 19,195	69,368
Salaries and employee benefits         \$ 2,573,980         \$ 2,504,612         \$           Operating         520,185         382,617	69.368
	137,568 618
Total 3,113,978 2,906,424	207,554
County health clinic:Salaries and employee benefits154,993156,723Operating43,00040,336	(1,730) 2,664
Total 197,993 197,059	934
Health assurance:21,22014,630Salaries and employee benefits21,22014,630Operating52,09441,001Capital outlay7,8173,383	6,590 11,093 4,434
Total 81,131 59,014	22,117
Maternal and child health:Salaries and employee benefits91,84683,515Operating78,23145,050Capital outlay1,4001,338	8,331 33,181 62
Total 171,477 129,903	41,574
WIC-administration and nutrition:Salaries and employee benefits144,457138,444Operating7,057979Capital outlay9,3448,327	6,013 6,078 1,017
Total 160,858 147,750	13,108
Family planning:Salaries and employee benefits121,528106,826Operating46,75025,046	14,702 21,704
Total 168,278 131,872	36,406
Mothers Too:68,67068,618Salaries and employee benefits68,67021,627Operating23,79021,627	52 2,163
Total 92,460 90,245	2,215

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued: Human services, continued: Health, continued: Communicable diseases:			
Salaries and employee benefits Operating	\$ 7,171 4,237	\$ 7,053 4,078	\$    118 159
Total	11,408	11,131	277
WNC HIV/AIDS Consortium: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Total	61,679 7,720 69,399	61,701 3,662 65,363	(22) 4,058 4,036
NC healthy start: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	54,008 85,613	53,731 85,293	277 320
Total	139,621	139,024	597
Immunization action program: Operating	9,014	8,651	363
Breastfeeding: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	12,184 1,400	10,800 976	1,384 424
Total	13,584	11,776	1,808
Child services coordinator: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	63,283 12,167	63,037 4,389	246 7,778
Total	75,450	67,426	8,024
Smart start: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	116,732 2,197	101,640 1,022	15,092 1,175
Total	118,929	102,662	16,267
Diabetes care clinic: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	39,052 21,868	38,499 12,906	553 8,962
Total	60,920	51,405	9,515
Community garden: Operating	3,100	1,626	1,474

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued:			
Human services, continued:			
Other health services:			
Operating	\$ 64,	613 \$ 56,769	\$ 7,844
Capital outlay		687 14,345	4,342
Total		300 71,114	12,186
Total health	4,570,	900 4,192,445	374,113
Environmental health:			
Animal shelter:			
Salaries and employee benefits	222,	166 216,352	5,814
Operating		299 53,954	15,345
Total	291,	465 270,306	21,159
Environmental health:			
Operating		000 6,607	393
Capital outlay	5,	594 5,980	(386)
Total	12,	594 12,587	7
Bioterrorism:			
Salaries and employee benefits	26,	726 26,191	535
Operating	4,	829 1,278	3,551
Total	31,	555 27,469	4,086
Total environmental health	335,	614 310,362	25,252
	000,	010,002	
Mental health:			
Vaya Health	123,	081 123,081	
Social services:			
Administration:	4.440	4 000 050	40.000
Salaries and employee benefits	4,113,		49,929 63,959
Operating Capital outlay	310, 117,		46,703
Total	4,542,		160,591
Total	4,042,	4,001,001	100,391
Other services:			
Adult guardianship		700 3,691	9,009
Special assistance	201,		23,990
Medical care	217,		115,696
Foster care	397,		86,178
Aid to the blind		676 3,676	-
Food stamp administration		937 8,546	(609)
Crisis intervention Adult day care	149, 10	174149,0046637,341	170 3,322
Audit day bare	10,	<i>i</i> ,341	0,022

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances– Budget and Actual–General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Expenditures, continued:</b> Human services, continued: Other services, continued:			
Emergency assistance IV-D Child care services Other	\$ 23,452 27,000 2,058,897 449,579	\$ 19,588 17,373 303,218 286,466	\$
Total	3,558,539	1,388,500	2,170,039
Indian reservation: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	211,532 260,423	208,350 97,649	3,182 162,774
Total	471,955	305,999	165,956
Emergency food and shelter	11,825	11,825	
Focal point on aging: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Capital outlay	441,452 165,651 10,806	441,720 160,481 10,806	(268) 5,170 
Total	617,909	613,007	4,902
Total social services	9,202,620	6,701,132	2,501,488
Eldercare coalition: Salaries and employee benefits Operating Total	282,763 285,887 568,650	264,894 268,096 532,990	17,869 
Veteran's service officer: Salaries and employee benefits Operating	97,417 18,800	86,123 17,562	11,294 1,238
Total	116,217	103,685	12,532
Other human services	663,048	600,388	62,660
Total human services	15,580,130	12,564,083	3,016,047

## Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances–

# Budget and Actual–General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued:			
Culture and recreation: Recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 816,492	\$ 779,215	\$ 37,277
Operating	493,428	476,934	φ 37,277 16,494
Capital outlay	271,163	233,623	37,540
			·
Total	1,581,083	1,489,772	91,311
Arts council	10,000	10,000	<u> </u>
Library	1,199,154	1,182,239	16,915
Swimming pool:			
Salaries and employee benefits	31,097	35,256	(4,159)
Operating	27,500	40,985	(13,485)
Total	58,597	76,241	(17,644)
Cashiers recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	320,349	297,040	23,309
Operating	268,384	223,492	44,892
Capital outlay	27,196	20,281	6,915
Total	615,929	540,813	75,116
Cashiers swimming pool:			
Salaries and employee benefits	22,768	9,501	13,267
Operating	17,000	12,578	4,422
Total	39,768	22,079	17,689
Total culture and recreation	3,504,531	3,321,144	183,387
Education:			
Public schools-current	6,777,261	6,799,200	(21,939)
Public schools-timber receipts	139,145	115,872	23,273
Public schoolscapital outlay	1,331,200	1,331,200	-
Public schoolsSROs	66,356	66,356	-
Community colleges-current	1,978,829	1,978,829	-
Community colleges–capital outlay	2,193,401	932,159	1,261,242
Total education	12,486,192	11,223,616	1,262,576

# Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances–

#### Budget and Actual–General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### (Continued)

Schedule "B-1"

		Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures, continued:				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$	3,525,260	\$ 3,525,256	\$ 4
Interest and other charges		474,425	 474,424	 1
Total debt service		3,999,685	 3,999,680	 5
Total expenditures		61,275,900	 56,488,631	 4,787,269
Revenues over expenditures		1,979,635	 3,471,978	 1,492,343
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from (to) other funds:				
Capital Reserve Fund		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Economic Development Commission Fund		(100,000)	(100,000)	-
School Capital Reserve Fund		(1,507,932)	(1,092,980)	414,952
Revaluation Fund		(350,500)	(350,500)	-
Green Energy Park Fund		(178,461)	(178,461)	-
Conservation/Preservation Fund		(500,000)	(500,000)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		39,650	49,097	9,447
Appropriated fund balance		1,855,779	-	(1,855,779)
Contingency		(238,171)	 -	 238,171
Other financing sources (uses), net		(1,979,635)	 (3,172,844)	 (1,193,209)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	299,134	\$ 299,134
Fund balance:				
Beginning balance, July 1			 29,012,995	
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 29,312,129	

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Revaluation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Tax listing	\$	350,500	\$ 232,754	\$	117,746		
Other financing sources:							
Transfers from General Fund		350,500	 350,500		-		
Net change in fund balance	\$		117,746	\$	117,746		
Fund balance:							
Beginning balance, July 1			 132,645				
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 250,391				

	В	udget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$	1,000	\$	604	\$	(396)	
-	·	,	·		·	( )	
Expenditures: Designated for future appropriations	1	,001,000			1,	001,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1	,000,000)		604	1,	000,604	
<b>Other financing sources:</b> Transfers from General Fund	1	,000,000		1,000,000			
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		1,000,604	<b>\$</b> 1,	,000,604	
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1				1,479,394			
Ending balance, June 30			\$	2,479,998			

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Conservation/Preservation Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures:	1	3udget	 Actual	P	/ariance Positive legative)
Environmental protection: Conservation	\$	500,000	\$ 	\$	500,000
<b>Other financing sources:</b> Transfers from General Fund		500,000	 500,000		
Net change in fund balance	\$		500,000	\$	500,000
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			 286,960		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 786,960		

#### Jackson County, North Carolina

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–School Improvements Fund

From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Project horization		Prior Years		urrent Year	-	tal to ate	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues:	7141		·	ouro		1001		<u>uto</u>		ioguiro,
Investment earnings	\$	1,500	\$	247	\$	596	\$	843	\$	(657)
Expenditures:										
Education:										
Blue Ridge School		1,826,959	\$	71,370	<b>\$</b> 1,	,302,386	\$1,3	73,756	\$	453,203
Fairview Elementary School		1,394,760		57,728		997,770	1,0	55,498		339,262
Smoky Mountain High	:	3,769,487	1,4	458,272		955,848	2,4	14,120		1,355,367
Cullowhee Valley School		1,373,615		38,000		533,835	5	71,835		801,780
Scotts Creek School		20,743		3,025		-		3,025		17,718
Smoky Mountain Elementary		1,241,673		494,016		15,600	5	09,616		732,057
Total expenditures		9,627,237	2,	122,411	3,	,805,439	5,9	27,850	;	3,699,387
Revenues under expenditures	(!	9,625,737)	(2,	122,164)	(3,	,804,843)	(5,9	27,007)	;	3,698,730
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfersin:										
obligation	9	9,000,000	9,	000,000		-	9,0	00,000		-
School Capital Reserve		627,237		-		627,237	6	27,237		-
General Fund		-	2,	050,000		-	2,0	50,000	2	2,050,000
Operating transfersout:										
General Fund		-	(2,	050,000)		-	(2,0	50,000)	(2	2,050,000)
Contingency		(1,500)								(1,500)
Total Other financing sources:		9,625,737	9,	000,000		627,237	9,6	27,237		(1,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 6,	877,836	(3,	,177,606)	\$ 3,7	00,230	\$ 3	3,700,230
Fund balance:					_					
Beginning balance, July 1					6,	,877,836				
Ending balance, June 30					3,	,700,230				
Amounts reported for Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance are different from the Budget/Actual Statement due to consolidation of the School Capital Reserve Fund:										
Transfers from the General Fund	•				1.	,092,980				
Fund balance, beginning (School	Capital	Reserve Fu	und)			,692,778				
Fund balance, anding (Canad	lidatad	School								
Fund balance, ending (Conso Improvements Fund)	nualed	SCHOOL			\$6	,852,925				
					Ψ0,	,002,020				

#### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–School Capital Reserve Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

<b>F</b>	Budget		 Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Expenditures: School Capital Reserve	\$	1,507,932	\$ 5,826	\$ 1,502,106
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from General Fund Transfer to School Improvement Fund Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources		1,507,932 (627,237) 627,237 1,507,932	 1,092,980 (627,237) - 465,743	 (414,952) <u>-</u> 627,237 1,042,189
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	459,917	\$ 459,917
<b>Fund balance:</b> Beginning balance, July 1 Ending balance, June 30			\$ 2,692,778 3,152,695	

	Non-major Government Funds						
		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	Total		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Notes receivable, net	\$	1,662,749 11,459 37,058 38,100	\$	658,379 12,983 - -	\$	2,321,128 24,442 37,058 38,100	
Total assets	\$	1,749,366	\$	671,362	\$	2,420,728	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,108 36,850	\$	<u>51,518</u>	\$	53,626 36,850	
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute Public safety Economic and physical development Committed: Recreation Various programs and projects		- 414,802 1,295,606 - -		11,146 - - 372,688 242,353		11,146 414,802 1,295,606 372,688 242,353	
Unassigned Total fund balances		- 1,710,408		(6,343) 619,844		(6,343) 2,330,252	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,749,366	\$	671,362	\$	2,420,728	

	Law Emergency Enforcement Telephone Block Grant Fund Fund				Fire Service Fund		
Asset:							
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Notes receivable, net	\$	313,042 4,798 37,058 -	\$	8,858 646 - -	\$	49,462 1,750 - -	
Total assets	\$	354,898	\$	9,504	\$	51,212	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Deferred inflows of resources						812.00	
Fund balances:							
Restricted: Public safety Economic and physical development		354,898 -		9,504 -		50,400 -	
Total fund balances		354,898		9,504		50,400	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	354,898	\$	9,504	\$	51,212	

Deve Sc Site	mmunity elopment cattered e Project Fund	-	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund		Economic Development Fund		Economic De Development Co		conomic velopment mmission Fund	Total Ion-major Special Revenue Funds
\$	56,104 - - -	\$	16,842 - - -	\$	963,656 4,167 - 38,100	\$	254,785 98 - -	\$ 1,662,749 11,459 37,058 38,100		
\$	56,104	\$	16,842	\$	1,005,923	\$	254,883	\$ 1,749,366		
\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,083 36,038	\$	- 25	\$ 2,108 36,850		
	- 56,104 56,104		- 16,842 16,842		967,802 967,802		- 254,858 254,858	 414,802 1,295,606 1,710,408		
\$	56,104	\$	16,842	\$	1,005,923	\$	254,883	\$ 1,749,366		

	ecreation Center Fund	Mar F	Emergency County Management Capital Project Projects Fund Fund		Capital Projects	Greenways Project Fund		Total Non-major Capital Projects Funds	
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$ 233,176 227	\$	9,634 1,837	\$	270,001 10,919	\$	145,568 -	\$	658,379 12,983
Total assets	\$ 233,403	\$	11,471	\$	280,920	\$	145,568	\$	671,362
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and									
accrued liabilities	\$ 6,056	\$	17,814	\$	27,648	\$	-	\$	51,518
Fund balances (Deficit): Restricted:									
Stabilization by State Statute Committed:	227		-		10,919		-		11,146
Recreation	227,120		-		-		145,568		372,688
Various programs and projects			-		242,353				242,353
Unassigned	 -		(6,343)		-		-		(6,343)
Total fund balances (deficit)	 227,347		(6,343)		253,272		145,568		619,844
Total liabilities and fund									
balances (Deficit)	\$ 233,403	\$	11,471	\$	280,920	\$	145,568	\$	671,362

### Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Non-	majo	r Government F	Funds			
		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		Total		
<b>Revenues:</b> Ad valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental Sales and services Investment earnings	\$	1,216,898 445,300 79,540 1,727	\$	- - - 34	\$	1,216,898 445,300 79,540 1,761		
Total revenues		1,743,465		34		1,743,499		
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Economic and physical development Culture and recreation		- 1,670,818 128,870 -		1,776,370 46,653 - 20,312		1,776,370 1,717,471 128,870 20,312		
Total expenditures		1,799,688		1,843,335		3,643,023		
Revenues under expenditures		(56,223)		(1,843,301)		(1,899,524)		
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds		100,000				100,000		
Net change in fund balances		43,777		(1,843,301)		(1,799,524)		
Fund balances: Beginning balances, July 1		1,666,631		2,463,145		4,129,776		
Ending balances, June 30	\$	1,710,408	\$	619,844	\$	2,330,252		

### Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Те	nergency lephone Fund	Blo	Law prcement ck Grant Fund	Fire Service Fund		
Revenues:	<b>*</b>		•		<b>^</b>	4 0 4 0 0 0 0	
Ad valorem taxes Restricted intergovernmental	\$	- 444,693	\$	- 607	\$	1,216,898	
Sales and services		444,095		007		-	
Investment earnings		27					
Total revenues		444,720		607		1,216,898	
Expenditures:							
Current: Public safety		435,074		26,184		1,209,560	
Economic and physical development							
Total expenditures		435,074		26,184		1,209,560	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		9,646		(25,577)		7,338	
<b>Other financing sources:</b> Transfers from other funds		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances		9,646		(25,577)		7,338	
Fund balances:							
Beginning balances, July 1		345,252		35,081		43,062	
Ending balances, June 30	\$	354,898	\$	9,504	\$	50,400	

Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund	Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund	Economic Development Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Non-major Special Revenue Funds
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,216,898
-	-	- 79,540	-	445,300 79,540
		1,325	375	1,727
		80,865	375	1,743,465
- 9,900	-	3,114	115,856	1,670,818 128,870
9,900		3,114	115,856	1,799,688
(9,900)	-	77,751	(115,481)	(56,223)
			100,000	100,000
(9,900)	-	77,751	(15,481)	43,777
66,004	16,842	890,051	270,339	1,666,631
\$ 56,104	\$ 16,842	\$ 967,802	\$ 254,858	\$ 1,710,408

## Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Non-major Capital Projects Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Recreation Center Fund	eation Management Cap nter Project Proje		County Capital Greenways Projects Project Fund Fund	
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$-	\$ 34	\$-	\$-	\$ 34
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	1,776,370	-	1,776,370
Public safety	-	46,653	-	-	46,653
Culture and recreation	18,265	<u> </u>		2,047	20,312
Total expenditures	18,265	46,653	1,776,370	2,047	1,843,335
Revenues under expenditures	(18,265)	(46,619)	(1,776,370)	(2,047)	(1,843,301)
Net change in fund balances (Deficit)	(18,265)	(46,619)	(1,776,370)	(2,047)	(1,843,301)
Fund balances (Deficit):					
Beginning balances, July 1	245,612	40,276	2,029,642	147,615	2,463,145
Ending balances, June 30	\$ 227,347	\$ (6,343)	\$ 253,272	\$ 145,568	\$ 619,844

# COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- Emergency Telephone System Fund This fund was established in accordance with North Carolina law to account for the accumulation of telephone surcharges to be used for emergency telephone systems.
- Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund This fund accounts for State grants received and expended for software and equipment.
- Fire Service Districts Fund This fund accounts for taxes collected to use for fire safety in the County.
- Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund This fund accounts for federal grants and local matching funds received and expended for community development.
- Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Clean Water Management Trust Fund through a revolving loan fund, as well as in-kind local contributions.
- Economic Development Fund This fund accounts for loans made by the County with moneys received from the Community Development Block Grant from the Small Cities Program through a revolving loan fund.
- Economic Development Commission Fund This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission and is used to account for revenues from member towns and economic development loans.

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Emergency Telephone System Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues:	Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Restricted intergovernmental: Wireless 911 funds Investment earnings	\$	444,694 -	\$	444,693 27	\$	(1) 27	
Total revenues		444,694		444,720		26	
Expenditures: Public safety		444,694		435,074		9,620	
Net change in fund balance	\$			9,646	\$	9,646	
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1				345,252			
Ending balance, June 30			\$	354,898			

#### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Barran	E	Budget	Act	ual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	607	\$	(9,393)	
<b>Expenditures:</b> Public safety: Capital outlay		30,000		26,184		3,816	
Revenues under expenditures		(20,000)		(25,577)		(5,577)	
Other financing sources: Appropriated fund balance		20,000		-		(20,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		(25,577)	\$	(25,577)	
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1				35,081			
Ending balance, June 30			\$	9,504			

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Fire Service Districts Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budg			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:									
Ad valorem taxes:	<b>^</b>	4 055 040	<b>^</b>	4 040 070	<b>•</b>	(40,004)			
Current year and prior	\$	1,255,310	\$	1,213,076	\$	(42,234)			
Penalties and interest		3,950		3,822		(128)			
Total revenues		1,259,260		1,216,898		(42,362)			
Expenditures:									
Public safety:									
Fire districts:									
Cashiers-Glenville		1,159,560		1,159,560		-			
Highlands		50,000		50,000		-			
Total expenditures		1,209,560		1,209,560					
Revenues over expenditures		49,700		7,338		(42,362)			
Other financing uses:									
Contingency		(49,700)		-		49,700			
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		7,338	\$	7,338			
Fund balance:									
Beginning balance, July 1				43,062					
Ending balance, June 30			¢	50,400					
Linding balance, June 30			ψ	50,400					

#### Schedule "D-4"

#### Jackson County, North Carolina

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-

# Budget and Actual–Community Development Scattered Site Project Fund

## From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Actual							
	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Current Year	7	Fotal to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)	
<b>Revenues:</b> Restricted intergovernmental: Federal grants:									
Program Project Miscellaneous	\$-	\$	- 1,000	\$	-	\$	- 1,000	\$	- 1,000
Misociaricous			1,000				· · · · ·		1,000
Total revenues			1,000		-		1,000		1,000
Expenditures: Economic and physical development:									
Operating	9,900		18,868		9,900		28,768		(18,868)
Total expenditures	9,900		18,868		9,900		28,768		(18,868)
Revenues under expenditures	(9,900)		(17,868)		(9,900)		(27,768)		(17,868)
Appropriated fund balance/ closed out projects	9,900		83,872				83,872		73,972
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$	66,004		(9,900)	\$	56,104	\$	56,104
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1					66,004				
Ending balance, June 30				\$	56,104				

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expandituraa	Bud	get	A	ctual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Expenditures: Economic and physical development: Operating	\$		\$		\$			
<b>Other financing sources:</b> Transfer from General Fund Appropriated fund balance		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources		-				-		
Net change in fund balance	\$			-	\$	-		
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1				16,842				
Ending balance, June 30			\$	16,842				

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Economic Development Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	B	udget	 Actual	Po	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:					
Sales and services	\$	76,976	\$ 79,540	\$	2,564
Investment earnings		2,582	 1,325		(1,257)
Total revenues		79,558	 80,865		1,307
Expenditures: Economic and physical development:					
Loan funds advanced		1,032	3,114		(2,082)
Reserve for economic development		78,526	 -		78,526
Total expenditures		79,558	 3,114		76,444
Net change in fund balance	\$		77,751	\$	77,751
Fund balance:					
Beginning balance, July 1			 890,051		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 967,802		

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Economic Development Commission Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

_		Budget	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues:	•				
Sales and services	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Investment earnings		300	 375		75
Total revenues		300	 375		75
Expenditures:					
Economic and physical development:					
Salaries and employee benefits		98,918	98,439		479
Operating		36,991	15,917		21,074
Loans, development, capital improvement		15,000	1,500		13,500
		- )	 ,		
Total expenditures		150,909	115,856		35,053
Revenues under expenditures		(150,609)	 (115,481)		35,128
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from General Fund		100,000	100,000		-
Appropriated fund balance		50,609	-		(50,609)
Total other financing sources		150,609	 100,000		(50,609)
Net change in fund balance	\$		(15,481)	\$	(15,481)
Fund balance:					
Beginning balance, July 1			270,339		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 254,858		

# **CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS**

- Recreation Center Fund This fund is used to account for various recreation projects.
- Emergency Management Fund This fund is used to account for the construction on the Emergency Management Facility, which will be financed primarily by the General Fund.
- County Capital Projects Fund This fund was established to account for the construction of various County administration projects.
- Greenways Project Fund This fund is used to account for the construction of a greenway, which will be funded primarily with restricted intergovernmental revenue.

#### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–Recreation Center Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			<b>.</b>		
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: Culture and recreation:					
Savannah/Greens Creek Park	269,359	2,969	18,265	21,234	248,125
<b>Other financing sources:</b> Transfers from other funds:					
Conservation/Preservation	243,568	243,568	-	243,568	-
Contingency	(22,105)				22,105
Total other financing sources	221,463	243,568		243,568	22,105
Closed out projects	47,896	5,013		5,013	(42,883)
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$ 245,612	(18,265)	\$ 227,347	\$ 227,347
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			245,612		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 227,347		

#### Jackson County, North Carolina

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–Emergency Management Project Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Actual							
		oject rization		Prior Year		Current Year			Po	riance ositive gative)
Revenues: Investment earnings	\$	480	\$	373	\$	34	\$	407	\$	(73)
Expenditures: Public Safety:										
Equipment Construction cost		92,526 28,566		452,504 328,206		46,380 273	1	498,884 ,328,479		(6,358) 87
Total expenditures	1,8	21,092	1,7	780,710		46,653	1	,827,363		(6,271)
Revenues under expenditures	(1,8	20,612)	(1,7	780,337)		(46,619)	(1	,826,956 <u>)</u>		(6,344)
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds:										
Capital Reserve Fund	2,2	52,401	2,2	252,401			2	2,252,401		-
Closed out projects	4	31,789		431,788				431,788		1
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	40,276		(46,619)	\$	(6,343)	\$	(6,343)
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1						40,276				
Ending balance, June 30					\$	(6,343)				

#### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–County Capital Projects Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Actual				
	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:							
General Government:							
Skyland Services Center							
Architect fees	\$ 72,000	44,965	\$ 16,000	\$ 60,965	\$ 11,035		
Construction	1,134,179	5,142	1,219,865	1,225,007	(90,828)		
Site Acquisition	408,625	-	408,625	408,625	-		
Furnishings	134,980	-	131,880	131,880	3,100		
Total Skyland Services Center	1,749,784	50,107	1,776,370	1,826,477	(76,693)		
Cashiers Code Enforcement							
Construction	211,505	211,505	-	211,505	-		
Equipment	7,000	7,000	-	7,000			
Total Cashiers Code Enforcement	218,505	218,505	-	218,505			
Total expenditures	1,968,289	268,612	1,776,370	2,044,982	(76,693)		
Revenues under expenditures	(1,968,289)	(268,612)	(1,776,370)	(2,044,982)	76,693		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfersin:							
Capital Reserve Fund	2,075,000	2,075,000	-	2,075,000	-		
Contingency	(106,711)	_,	-	_,,	106,711		
Other financing sources							
(uses), net	1,968,289	2,075,000	-	2,075,000	106,711		
				<u> </u>	·		
Closed out projects		223,254		223,254	223,254		
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$ 2,029,642	(1,776,370)	\$ 253,272	\$ 253,272		
Fund holonoou							
Fund balance:			2 0 20 6 4 2				
Beginning balance, July 1			2,029,642				
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 253,272				
			+ 200,212				

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance–Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund–Greenways Project Fund From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Project Authorization	Prior Year	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b> Restricted intergovernmental Gifts and donations	\$ 435,000 212,000	\$ 435,000 219,742	\$ - -	\$ 435,000 219,742	\$ <u>-</u> 7,742
Total revenues	647,000	654,742	<u> </u>	654,742	7,742
Expenditures:					
Culture and Recreation: Construction Engineering fees	1,857,313 72,000	1,701,776 87,664	47 2,000	1,701,823 89,664	155,490 (17,664)
Total expenditures	1,929,313	1,789,440	2,047	1,791,487	137,826
Revenues under expenditures	(1,282,313)	(1,134,698)	(2,047)	(1,136,745)	145,568
<b>Other financing sources:</b> Transfers from other funds: General Fund	1,282,313	1,282,313		1,282,313	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,282,313	1,282,313	<u> </u>	1,282,313	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 147,615	(2,047)	\$ 145,568	\$ 145,568
Fund balance: Beginning balance, July 1			147,615		
Ending balance, June 30			\$ 145,568		

# COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

# ENTERPRISE FUNDS

- Landfill Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's solid waste activities.
- Green Energy Park Fund This fund is used to account for the operations of Jackson County Green Energy Park.
- Economic Development Commission Fund This fund was established as a result of the reorganization of the Jackson County Economic Development Commission, in which the County took title to two industrial facilities. The buildings are currently leased and generate rental income for the County.

#### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures–Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) - Landfill Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	 			(.		
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,501,300	\$	3,257,253	\$	(244,047)	
Total operating revenues	 3,501,300		3,257,253		(244,047)	
Non-operating revenues:						
Scrap tire disposal fee	52,000		56,801		4,801	
White goods tax	23,145		27,256		4,111	
Electronics tax	3,100		3,398		298	
Scrap tire grant	-		2,259		2,259	
Commercial waste reduction grant	5,400		4,830		(570)	
Interest earned on investments	 23,000		21,778		(1,222)	
Total non-operating revenues	 106,645		116,322		9,677	
Total revenues	 3,607,945		3,373,575		(234,370)	
Expenditures:						
Landfill operations:						
Salaries and employee benefits	389,165		313,851		75,314	
Operations	1,857,812		1,787,301		70,511	
Supplies	24,000		23,815		185	
Repairs and maintenance	405,000		151,109		253,891	
Contracted services	939,000		856,682		82,318	
Capital outlay	 6,800		8,891		(2,091)	
Total	 3,614,977		3,132,758		482,219	
Debt service:						
Debt principal	234,601		234,601		-	
Interest and other charges	 40,311		40,310		1	
Total	 274,912		274,911		1	
Total expenditures	 3,889,889		3,407,669		482,220	
Revenues and other financing sources						
under expenditures	\$ -	\$	(34,094)	\$	(34,094)	

Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures–Budget and Actual	Schedule "F-1"				
(Non-GAAP) - Landfill Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018	((	Continued)			
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:					
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures Change in accrued interest receivable Change in compensated absences Contribution to pension plan in current fiscal year Contribution to OPEB plan in current fiscal year	\$	(34,094) (671) 1,276 18,888 99,527			

Pension expense OPEB expense

Capital outlay

Depreciation

Debt principal payment

Landfill closure and post-closure costs

Change in net position

5,053

(109,115)

234,601

(15,582)

(142,168)

57,715

\$

	en Energy ark Fund			Total Ion-major Proprietary Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 180,467	\$	250,802	\$ 431,269
Accounts receivable, net	1,065		-	1,065
Notes receivable, net	-		79,632	79,632
Capital assets, net of depreciation	 48,117		1,100,776	 1,148,893
Total assets	 229,649		1,431,210	 1,660,859
Deferred outflows of resources	 49,839			 49,839
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,468		-	1,468
Compensated absences	13,438		-	13,438
Net pension liability - LGERS	23,650		-	23,650
Unearned revenue	13,286		-	13,286
Total OPEB liability	 307,515		-	 307,515
Total liabilities	 359,357		-	 359,357
Deferred inflows of resources	 28,372		-	 28,372
Net position:				
Investment in capital assets	48,117		1,100,776	1,148,893
Unrestricted	 (156,358)		330,434	 174,076
Total net position	\$ (108,241)	\$	1,431,210	\$ 1,322,969

### Jackson County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Non-major Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Green Energy Park Fund		De	conomic velopment ommission Fund	Total Non-major Proprietary Funds		
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	38,109	\$	76,163	\$	114,272	
Operating expenses:							
Park operations		177,448		-		177,448	
Economic development operations		-		20,798		20,798	
Depreciation		5,485	1	29,580		35,065	
Total expenses		182,933		50,378		233,311	
Operating income (loss)		(144,824)		25,785		(119,039)	
Non-operating revenues:							
Conservation fund grant		10,000		-		10,000	
Donations		272				272	
Total non-operating revenues		10,272				10,272	
Income (loss) before transfers		(134,552)		25,785		(108,767)	
Transfers from other funds		178,461				178,461	
Change in net position		43,909		25,785		69,694	
Net position:							
Beginning balance, July 1, previously reported		56,045		1,405,425		1,461,470	
Restatement		(208,195)				(208,195)	
Beginning balance, July 1, as adjusted		(152,150)		1,405,425		1,253,275	
Ending balance, June 30	\$	(108,241)	\$	1,431,210	\$	1,322,969	

	Green Energy Park Fund	Economic Development Commission Fund	Total Non-major Proprietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$      38,330 (48,032) (156,815)	\$     76,163 (20,798) 	\$ 114,493 (68,830) (156,815)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(166,517)	55,365	(111,152)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Grants and donations Transfers from other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	10,272 <u>178,461</u> 188,733		10,272 <u>178,461</u> 188,733
	100,100		100,700
Cash flows from investing activities: Principal payments on notes receivable		17,544	17,544
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	22,216	72,909	95,125
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning balance, July 1	158,251	177,893	336,144
Ending balance, June 30	\$ 180,467	\$ 250,802	\$ 431,269
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ (144,824)	\$ 25,785	\$ (119,039)
Depreciation Contributions made to the pension plan in the	5,485	29,580	35,065
current fiscal year Contributions made to the OPEB plan in the	(7,724)	-	(7,724)
current fiscal year Pension revenue OPEB expense	(40,704) (2,417) 18,616	-	(40,704) (2,417) 18,616
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue	221 1,274 206	-	221 1,274 206
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (166,517)	\$ 55,365	\$ (111,152)

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Transfers– Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)–Green Energy Park Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budget		Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services:	<b>^</b>	44 500	•	40 505	•	0.005
Rents Registration fees	\$	11,500 18,500	\$	13,535 22,969	\$	2,035
Gallery Commission		2,000		22,909 1,605		4,469 (395)
•		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Total operating revenues		32,000		38,109		6,109
Non-operating revenues:						
Conservation Fund grant		10,000		10,000		-
Donations		278		272		(6)
Total non-operating revenues		10,278		10,272		(6)
Other financing sources:						
Transfer from General Fund		178,461		178,461		-
Total revenues and other financing sources		220,739		226,842		6,103
Expenditures: Park operations:						
Salaries and employee benefits		128,514		127,936		578
Operating		92,225		78,391		13,834
Total		220,739		206,327		14,412
Revenues and other financing sources						
over expenditures	\$			20,515	\$	20,515
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:						
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year				7,724		
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year				40,704		
Pension expense				2,417		
OPEB expense				(18,616)		
Increase in compensated absences Depreciation				(3,350) (5,485)		
Depresention				(0,+00)		
Change in net position			\$	43,909		

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures–Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)– Economic Development Commission Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	E	Budget	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services Rents	\$	86,744 15,000	\$ 76,163 -	\$	(10,581) (15,000)	
Total operating revenues		101,744	76,163		(25,581)	
Non-operating revenues:						
Interest earned on investments		1,807	 -		(1,807)	
Total revenues		103,551	 76,163		(27,388)	
Expenditures:						
Economic development operations:						
Operating		83,551	798		82,753	
Insurance		20,000	 20,000			
Total expenditures		103,551	 20,798		82,753	
Revenues over expenditures	\$		55,365	\$	55,365	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:						
Depreciation			 (29,580)			
Change in net position			\$ 25,785			

# COMPONENT UNIT SCHEDULE

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable. This section demonstrates budgetary compliance for those component units that do not issue separate financial statements.

Jackson County Airport Authority – accounts for the operations of the Jackson County Airport. The Airport Authority adopts an annual budget for its operating fund.

### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance– Budget and Actual–Jackson County Airport Authority (Non-GAAP) Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues:		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	150,000	\$	250,027	\$	100,027	
Sales and services	Ŧ	45,500	Ŧ	44,901	Ŧ	(599)	
Jackson County		31,000		31,000		-	
Insurance settlement proceeds		19,918		19,918		-	
Miscellaneous		38,428		29,522		(8,906)	
Total revenues		284,846		375,368		90,522	
Expenditures: Transportation:							
Operating		284,846		293,083		(8,237)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>		82,285	\$	82,285	
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:							
Depreciation				-			
Change in net position			\$	82,285			

# FIDUCIARY FUND SCHEDULE

The agency fund is a fiduciary fund-type used to account for the assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other government entities.

#### Jackson County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Beginning Balance		Additions Deduction			eductions	Ending s Balance		
Social Services Fund:									
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,462	\$	575,086	\$	568,287	\$	53,262	
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	46,462	\$	575,086	\$	568,287	\$	53,262	
Inmate Fund: Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	43,467 1,308	\$	139,849 2,847	\$	99,981 1,307	\$	83,335 2,848	
Total assets	\$	44,775		142,696		101,288	\$	86,183	
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	44,775	\$	142,696	\$	101,288	\$	86,183	
Property Tax Fund: Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	1,524 7,156	\$	416,054 7,966	\$	414,442 7,156	\$	3,136 7,966	
Total assets	\$	8,680	\$	424,020	\$	421,598	\$	11,102	
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	8,680	\$	424,020	\$	421,598	\$	11,102	
State of North Carolina Fund:									
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,499	\$	606,828	\$	603,519	\$	76,808	
Liabilities:									
Amounts held for others	\$	73,499	\$	606,828	\$	603,519	\$	76,808	
Extension Agency Fund: Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Due from others	\$	12,269 16	\$	9,232 45	\$	9,068 16	\$	12,433 45	
Total assets	\$	12,285	\$	9,277	\$	9,084	\$	12,478	
Liabilities:									
Amounts held for others	\$	12,285	\$	9,277	\$	9,084	\$	12,478	
Totals–All Agency Funds Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	177,221	\$	1,747,049	\$	1,695,297	\$	228,974	
Property and Rights Held Due from others		1,769,858 8,480		269,626 10,858		- 8,479		2,039,484 10,859	
Total assets	\$	1,955,559	\$	2,027,533	\$	1,703,776	\$	2,279,317	
Liabilities:						-			
Amounts held for others	\$	1,955,559	\$	2,027,533	\$	1,703,776	\$	2,279,317	

# **OTHER SCHEDULES**

This section included additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Additions		Collections And Credits			Ending Balance	
2017-2018	\$-	\$	34,297,123	\$	33,460,176	\$	836,947	
2016-2017	769,073	•	-	·	352,612		416,461	
2015-2016	426,451		-		125,392		301,059	
2014-2015	304,872		-		74,482		230,390	
2013-2014	240,179		-		51,270		188,909	
2012-2013	200,779		-		38,755		162,024	
2011-2012	139,038		-		23,548		115,490	
2010-2011	115,804		-		20,836		94,968	
2009-2010	107,796		-		15,627		92,169	
2008-2009	64,974		-		14,204		50,770	
2007-2008	80,138		-		80,138		-	
	\$ 2,449,104	\$	34,297,123	\$	34,257,039	\$	2,489,188	
Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts							(963,000)	
Ad valorem taxes receivable - net: General Fund							1,526,188	
	Ad valorem taxesGeneral Fund							
Reconciling items: Interest collected Amounts written off for tax year 2007-2008 Rental Vehicle Tax Prior year releases, refunds, and other adjustments NCVTS Fees Other reconciling Items							(318,654) 80,138 (25,991) 14,296 105,667 (44,874)	
Total reconciling items							(189,418)	
	Total collections and credits					\$	34,257,039	

		Cour	ity-wide	Total Levy			
	Property Valuation Rate			Amount of Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles	
Original levy:							
Property taxed at current year's rate Utilities at current year's rate	\$	9,051,047,465 190,214,622	0.37 0.37	\$ 33,488,876 703,794	\$ 32,189,670 703,794	\$	1,299,205 -
Total		9,241,262,087		34,192,670	32,893,464		1,299,205
Discoveries: Current year taxes		35,790,711	0.37	132,426	132,426		-
Abatements/Releases		(7,560,105)	0.37	(27,972)	(24,860)		(3,113)
Total property valuation	\$	9,269,492,693					
Net levy				34,297,123	33,001,031		1,296,092
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 201	8			836,947	833,861		3,086
Current year's taxes collected				\$ 33,460,176	\$ 32,167,169	\$	1,293,006
Current levy collection percentage	•			97.56%	97.47%		99.76%